McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

Palm Beach County, Florida

Single Audit Report 09.30.2008

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2008

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McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Chair and Members of the Board of County Commissioners Palm Beach County, Florida

Honorable Sharon R. Bock

Honorable Gary R. Nikolits Property Appraiser

Clerk and Comptroller

Honorable Ric L. Bradshaw Sheriff

Honorable Susan Bucher Supervisor of Elections

Honorable Anne Gannon Tax Collector

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Palm Beach County, Florida (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Solid Waste Authority, a major enterprise fund, which represents 31% of the total assets and 47% of total revenues of the business-type activities. We did not audit the financial statements of the Westgate Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency, a discretely presented component unit, which represents 48% of the total assets and 60% of total revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component unit, which represents 50% of the total assets and 13% of the total revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component unit, which represents 50% of the total assets and 13% of the total revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Solid Waste Authority, Westgate Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency, and Housing Finance Authority, is based on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Palm Beach County, Florida, as of September 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 20 to the financial statements, the County changed its accounting policy for computing certain self insurance risk liabilities and expenses to the discounted method effective October 1, 2007. The County also adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, which is disclosed in Note 9 to the financial statements.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 16, 2009 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules – General Fund, Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund and Sheriff Special Fund, and the schedules of funding progress as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General,* and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

McGladry of Pullen, LCP

West Palm Beach, Florida March 16, 2009

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial activities of Palm Beach County, Florida (the "County") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008. We encourage reading this narrative in conjunction with the additional information provided in the transmittal letter (beginning on page i) and the accompanying financial statements (beginning on page I-2).

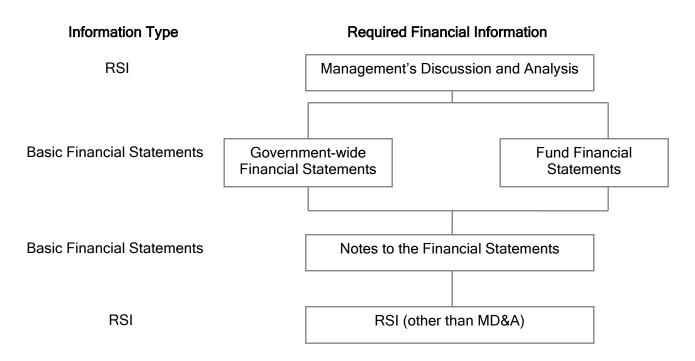
Financial Highlights

- The County's assets exceeded its liabilities (net assets) by approximately \$3.946 billion and \$3.838 billion at the close of fiscal years 2008 and 2007, respectively. Of these amounts, \$2.482 billion and \$2.346 billion were invested in capital assets, net of related debt. In addition, \$803.0 million and \$788.2 million were restricted by law, grant agreements, debt covenants, or for capital projects. As a result, \$661.2 million and \$704.3 million were available at year-end to meet the County's ongoing obligations to residents, creditors, and enterprise fund customers.
- During the year, the County's net assets increased \$100.9 million, compared to an increase of \$277.5 during the previous fiscal year. This fiscal year, approximately \$97.3 million of the increase was from business-type activities, and approximately \$3.6 million of the increase was from governmental activities.
- At September 30, 2008, the County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$1.517 billion, an increase of \$106.7 million or 7.6% from the previous year.
- At September 30, 2008, the unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$218.6 million and the total fund balance was \$220.6 million which is a decrease of \$22.2 million or 9.2% from the previous year.
- The County's three enterprise funds, the Department of Airports, the Water Utilities Department, and the Solid Waste Authority had increases in net assets of \$6.4 million, \$33.5 million and \$56.3 million, respectively, over the previous year.
- The County's total liabilities at September 30, 2008 and 2007 were \$2.435 billion and \$2.195 billion, respectively.
- The County implemented the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45 in 2008 to account for Other Postemployment Benefits.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This CAFR consists of the Basic Financial Statements and other statements. The County's basic financial statements contain three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements.

Minimum Financial Reporting Requirements



Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide an overview of the County's financial position using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by private-sector businesses. The statement of net assets presents information on the assets and liabilities of the County as a whole. The difference between assets and liabilities is reported as net assets. Changes in net assets may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the fiscal year. Changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying economic transactions occur, regardless of when cash is received or paid. Therefore, some of the revenues or expenses reported in the statement of activities will have cash flows in future fiscal periods. For example, certain sales taxes are shown as revenues although cash receipts will occur early in the following fiscal year. An increase in unused vacation leave is recorded as an expense although related cash outflows will occur in the future.

The government-wide financial statements show a distinction between activities that are supported primarily by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) and

activities that are supported by the recovery of all or most of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, human services, and culture and recreation functions. The business-type activities of the County are the Department of Airports, the Water Utilities Department, and the Solid Waste Authority.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (known as the *primary government*, but also the legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable (known as *component units*). The discretely presented component units of the County are the Metropolitan Planning Organization, the Housing Finance Authority of Palm Beach County, and the Westgate/Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency. The financial activity of these component units is reported separately from the financial information of the primary government.

To obtain the separately issued financial statements of the discretely presented component units, see *Note* 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, in the Notes to the Financial Statements for contact information.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with legal, legislative, contractual, and other finance-related provisions. All of the County's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds

Most of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money or other spendable resources flow into and out of those funds and on the level of balances remaining at year-end that are available for expenditure. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general governmental operations to help control current financial resources and demonstrate fiscal accountability. Governmental fund information helps determine the extent of financial resources that are available for expenditure on County programs. Reconciliations of the differences between the government-wide and fund financial statements are provided immediately after the *Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds* and *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds*, respectively, in the *Basic Financial Statements*.

Funds that are significant in terms of revenues, expenditures, assets or liabilities are identified as *major* funds in the *Basic Financial Statements* and reported separately. Budget and actual comparison schedules are also presented as Required Supplementary Information for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund with an annually adopted budget. The County's nonmajor funds, and budget and actual comparisons schedules for any nonmajor funds with

annually appropriated budgets, are presented in the *Combining and Individual Fund Statements* and *Schedules* section of this report.

Proprietary funds

The County uses both types of proprietary funds, Enterprise and Internal Service Funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its Airports, Water Utilities, and Solid Waste operations. All three of these operations are considered to be major proprietary funds of the County. Internal Service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's other functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for its Fleet Management, Graphic, Risk Management and Information System Services programs. These programs are included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements because they predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions. The five internal service funds are combined into a single presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds are provided in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules section of this report. The proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the Basic Financial Statements.

Fiduciary funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Agency funds are the only type of fiduciary fund used by the County. The amounts in these agency funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the County's own programs. However, the *Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Agency Funds* in the *Basic Financial Statements* is provided for information on the agency funds. In addition, the individual agency funds are presented in the *Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules* section of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential for a more complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information containing budget to actual comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds. The combining statements for the nonmajor funds, internal service funds, agency funds, as well as individual fund budget and actual comparison schedules are found in the *Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules* section of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Over time, net assets may serve as the most useful indicator of a government's financial position. At September 30, 2008 and 2007, the County's total net assets, or total assets less liabilities, were \$3.946 billion and \$3.838 billion, respectively. A significant portion of the County's net assets, \$2.482 billion or 62.9%, is identified as an investment in capital assets (such as land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure), less related debt outstanding that was used to acquire those assets. Since the County uses capital assets to provide services to its residents, the net assets represented by "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" are not available for future spending. In fact, the payment of maintenance and debt service costs on those capital assets will themselves require governmental resources.

Another portion of the County's net assets is restricted net assets which represent assets that are subject to constraints such as by debt covenants, grantors, laws or regulations. Unrestricted net assets are net assets that are available to meet the County's ongoing obligations to residents, creditors, and enterprise fund customers.

As shown on the following chart, the County reported positive balances at September 30, 2008 and 2007, in all three categories of net assets, for governmental activities, business-type activities, as well as the County as a whole.

Palm Beach County, Florida Net Assets at Year-End (in thousands)												
	Governmen 2008	tal Activities 2007	Business-ty	pe Activities 2007	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT 2008 2007							
Assets												
Current and other assets	\$ 1,836,507	\$ 1,745,922	\$ 576,324	\$ 575,790	\$ 2,412,831	\$ 2,321,712						
Capital assets	2,224,082	2,096,057	1,744,052	1,615,468	3,968,134	3,711,525						
Total assets	4,060,589	3,841,979	2,320,376	2,191,258	6,380,965	6,033,237						
Liabilities Current	305,005	369,961	128,026	127,777	433,031	497,738						
Long-term debt due in more than one year	1,369,953	1,097,067	631,923	600,357	2,001,876	1,697,424						
Total liabilities	1,674,958	1,467,028	759,949	728,134	2,434,907	2,195,162						
Net Assets Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt	1,259,901	1,258,859	1,221,939	1,086,676	2,481,840	2,345,535						
Restricted	721,137	691,922	81,854	96,296	802,991	788,218						
Unrestricted	404,593	424,170	256,634	280,152	661,227	704,322						
Total net assets	\$ 2,385,631	\$ 2,374,951	\$ 1,560,427	\$ 1,463,124	\$ 3,946,058	\$ 3,838,075						
	-											

Governmental activities

Significant changes in the Statement of Net Assets are as follows:

- Capital assets for Governmental activities increased by \$128.0 million. Refer to the subsequent section on Capital assets for additional detail.
- The increase in long-term debt for Governmental activities of \$272.9 million consists primarily of issuing bonds for \$35 million for the Palm Beach County Sheriff's Office Mobile Technology Project; \$177 million for a new criminal justice facility; and \$98 million for Scripps, offset by current bond payments.

Governmental activities were responsible for a \$3.6 million increase in the County's net assets during fiscal year 2008, down significantly from the previous fiscal year increase of \$131.2 million. Governmental activities change in net assets this fiscal year represented 3.6% of the County's total growth in net assets. This year's smaller growth in net assets from governmental activities is attributed to significant decreases in two revenue categories:

- A decrease in property values accompanied by a reduction in the overall millage rates due to property tax reform resulted in less ad valorem tax revenue for the year. The assessed value of taxable property located in the county (after exemptions) fell from \$146.6 billion in 2007 to \$136.4 billion in 2008. This represented a decrease of \$10.2 billion or 6.9%. Gross property taxes levied for fiscal year 2008 fell from \$978.1 million in 2007 to \$931.8 million for 2008, a decrease of \$46.3 million or 4.7%.
- Investment income decreased \$11.7 million or 11.8% from the previous fiscal year primarily due to declining interest rates during the year.

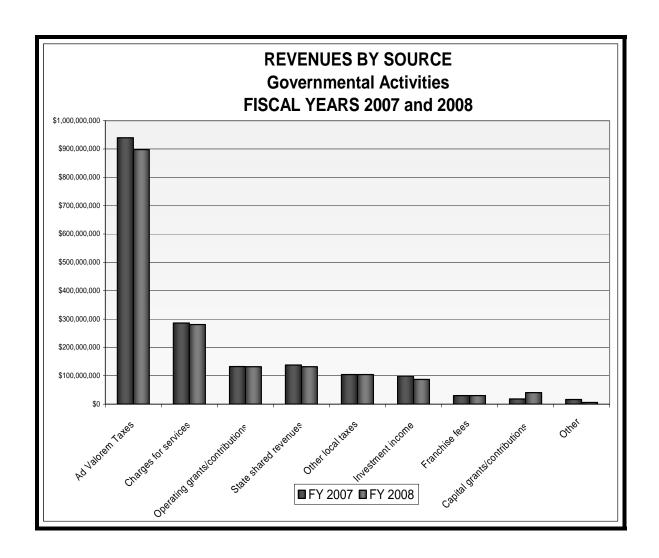
Key elements causing the increase in net assets during fiscal year 2008 appear on the following chart.

Ad valorem tax revenue decreased by \$41.8 million or 4.5% from the previous fiscal year. The decrease was primarily attributable to property tax reform and a decrease in taxable values.

Public Safety expenses increased \$38.9 million or 6.0% from the previous fiscal year. The increase was primarily due to increased operating costs of the Sheriff's Office.

Economic Environment expenses increased \$52.9 million or 33.0% from the previous fiscal year. The increase was primarily due to costs of funding the Scripps Research Institute for their permanent facilities and preparing the Briger site for development. This amount includes an impairment loss of \$37.8 million.

The County's governmental activities had net expenses of \$1.263 billion. However, these services are intended to be primarily funded by taxes and other general revenues as opposed to charges for service and grants. Total revenues (both program and general revenues) were less than total expenses by \$6.0 million.



Business-type activities

The County's business-type activities had total revenues of \$467.3 million and had total revenues in excess of total expenses of \$107.0 million. Refer to the **Proprietary funds** section of **Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds** which follows for more information on the County's business-type activities. The significant change in the business-type activities Statement of Net Assets was due to Capital assets, which increased \$128.6 million during fiscal year 2008. Refer to the **Capital Assets** section for more information on the increase.

Palm Beach County, Florida												
	Changes i	n N	et Assets	(ir	thousai	nds)					
	Governmen	ıtal /	Activities	R	usiness-ty	ne /	Activities		TOTAL F			
	2008	1	2007	2008 2007				2008	T 4111	2007		
Revenues Program Revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	\$ 280,461 132,136 40,630	\$	285,765 132,204 18,203	\$	389,007 18,761 59,477	\$	380,467 43,763 57,147	\$	669,468 150,897 100,107	\$	666,232 175,967 75,350	
	453,227		436,172		467,245		481,377		920,472		917,549	
General Revenues: Ad valorem taxes	897,891		939,720						897,891		939,720	
Other local taxes State shared revenues	104,426 131,745		104,310 137,690						104,426 131,745		104,310 137,690	
Franchise fees Investment income	30,040 87,184		30,005 98,855						30,040 87,184		30,005 98,855	
Other Total revenues	6,093 1,710,606		16,446 1,763,198		77 467,322		20 481,397		6,170 2,177,928	2	16,466 2,244,595	
Expenses												
General government	350,737		353,586						350,737		353,586	
Public safety	687,643		648,701						687,643		648,701	
Physical environment	25,796		28,637						25,796		28,637	
Transportation	164,201		169,133						164,201		169,133	
Economic environment	213,041		160,162						213,041		160,162	
Human services	101,165		100,967						101,165		100,967	
Culture and recreation	124,177		119,260						124,177		119,260	
Interest expense	49,875		49,028						49,875		49,028	
Department of Airports					71,747		66,277		71,747		66,277	
Water Utilities Department					127,812		112,853		127,812		112,853	
Solid Waste Authority					160,805		158,485		160,805		158,485	
Total expenses	1,716,635		1,629,474		360,364		337,615		2,076,999	1	,967,089	
Excess	(6,029)		133,724		106,958		143,782		100,929		277,506	
Transfers In (Out)	9,655		(2,528)		(9,655)		2,528		-		-	
Change in net assets	3,626		131,196		97,303		146,310		100,929		277,506	
Beginning net assets, restated	2,382,005		2,243,755		1,463,124		1,316,814		3,845,129		3,560,569	
Ending net assets	\$ 2,385,631	\$ 2	2,374,951	\$	1,560,427	\$	1,463,124	\$	3,946,058	\$ 3	3,838,075	

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As mentioned earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with legal, legislative, contractual, and other finance-related provisions.

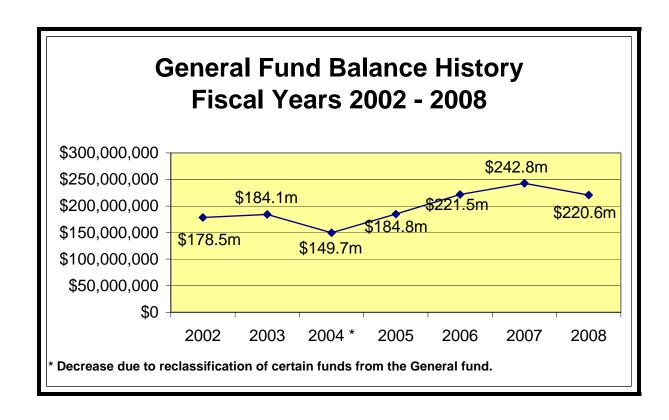
Governmental funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. This information is useful

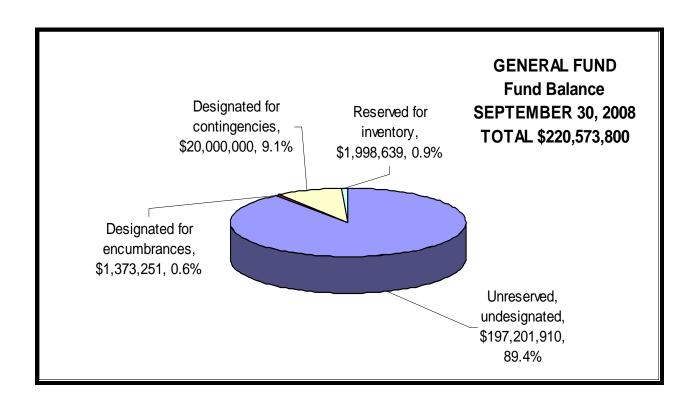
in determining the County's financing resources. Unreserved fund balance, in particular, is a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Funds

The overall fund balance increase in the Governmental Funds is primarily the net result of activity in the various capital projects funds and some of the special revenue funds.

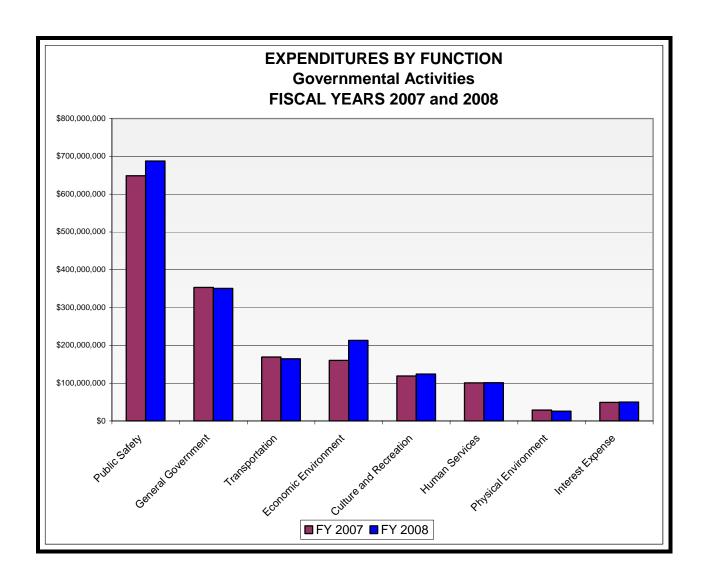
• General Fund decrease in fund balance can be attributed to the utilization of reserves designated for FY 2008 operating.





- The decrease of \$32.7 million in the General Government Capital Project fund was due to \$32 million in current year capital projects. The decrease of \$7.4 million for the Road Program Capital Projects fund was due to current year activity on capital projects of \$57 million offset by current year revenues.
- Fund balance in the Fire-Rescue special revenue fund increased due to a planned increase in reserves to offset future operating needs. Also, increased investment earnings and unexpended budget for disaster recovery is available for carry over.
- In FY 2008, \$22 million in ad valorem equivalent funding was provided for capital projects, including street and drainage improvements, new computer technology, and facility renovations. Additionally, bond/loan proceeds were recognized to fund other capital projects, including the Jail Expansion. These projects are multi-year projects, whose budgets are established at inception when the revenue is recognized. The expenditure budgets carry over into the ensuing years.

At September 30, 2008, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1.517 billion, an increase of \$106.7 million from the previous year. This increase was the result of a combination of the \$7.1 million decrease in the ending fund balance of the Road Program Capital Projects Fund; a decrease in the General Fund of \$22.2 million; an increase in the Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund of \$17.5 million; an increase in the Sheriff Special Revenue Fund of \$1.1 million; a decrease in the General Government Capital Projects Fund of \$32.7 million and an increase in Other Governmental Funds of \$150.1 million.



Proprietary funds. The proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Financial highlights of each of the County's enterprise funds are as follows:

Department of Airports:

- → Operating revenues decreased by 2%, dropping from \$66 million to \$64 million. The major component was a decrease in parking revenues of \$1 million due to decreased parking transactions caused by declining passenger traffic. During Fiscal Year 2007, the category "Other Revenues" included a write-down of the allowance for doubtful accounts for approximately \$500,000; this item was not repeated during fiscal year 2008, also contributing to the decrease in revenues. Various other revenue categories remained unchanged or slightly declined from the prior year.
- → Operating expenses increased by 9%, increasing \$3.8 million to \$44.7 million in fiscal year 2008. General and Administrative expenses increased by 12% due to the leasehold

purchase of Specialty Restaurants for approximately \$750,000. Maintenance expense increased by 14%, increasing approximately \$758,000 to \$6.3 million; the increase was largely attributable to significant roadway repairs made during the fiscal year. Salary and benefits increased 9%, increasing \$944,000 to \$11.3 million; this is a result of cost of living and benefit increases plus the addition of 9 positions in the prior fiscal year which were not hired until late fiscal year 2007.

→ 2008 Operating income after depreciation was a loss of \$2.6 million compared to a gain of \$5.1 million in 2007. This was due to decreased revenues and increased expenses as discussed above plus an increase in depreciation and amortization expense of \$2.3 million over the prior year.

Water Utilities Department:

- The Department's net assets increased by \$33.5 million, or 3.9%, during the year.
- ♦ Long-term debt (net of the current portion) decreased by \$14.4 million, or 7.8%, during the year.
- ♦ Operating revenues in fiscal year 2008 totaled \$115.3 million, a 13.9% increase. Fiscal year 2008 also included the effect of a 15% water restriction surcharge effective for five months beginning in May 2008 and a 0.7% increase in the customer base.
- Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization and equity interest in net loss of joint venture totaled \$81.9 million, an increase of \$8.1 million or 11.0%.
- Non-operating income decreased by \$10.5 million, or 91.3% in fiscal year 2008.
- ♦ The Department showed a net loss before contributions of \$4.0 million for fiscal year 2008, a decrease of 175.6% from fiscal year 2007's net income before contributions of \$5.3 million.

Solid Waste Authority:

- The Authority's assets exceeded its liabilities (net assets) by approximately \$333.1 million at the close of fiscal year 2008. Of this amount, approximately \$103.4 million is considered unrestricted and pursuant to the Authority's trust indenture is available for renewal and replacement of the solid waste system and capital improvements.
- The Authority's revenues and capital contributions exceeded expenses by approximately \$56.3 million for fiscal year 2008.
- The Authority has begun an aggressive capital renewal and expansion program. This program includes the acquisition and development of a new landfill, the complete renovation of the Authority's waste-to-energy facility, the relocation and expansion of the materials recovery facility and preliminary steps toward the possible construction of additional waste-to-energy capacity. In fiscal year 2008, the Authority's capital assets

increased by approximately 20%. This capital expansion is expected to continue over the next several years.

- An On January 9, 2008 the Authority entered into an \$80 million non-revolving line of credit agreement (Series 2008 Note) to finance the initial costs associated with the capital expansion program.
- The Authority's operating revenue remained relatively stable from the prior year (increasing by approximately 0.35%) and operating expenses increased minimally (approximately 3.0%). Non-operating income, however, declined more significantly as a result of lower investment earnings in fiscal year 2008 and higher than normal grant and insurance receipts in fiscal year 2007. The Authority's debt service coverage for fiscal year 2008 remained strong at 197% of debt service requirements.

Budgetary Highlights

Budget and actual comparison schedules are provided as Required Supplementary Information for the General Fund and all major special revenue funds with annually appropriated budgets. Budget and actual comparison schedules are also provided in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules section for all nonmajor funds with annually appropriated budgets. The budget and actual comparison statements and schedules show the original adopted budget, the final revised budget, actual results and a variance between the final budget and actual results. There were no funds with total actual expenditures in excess of the final revised budget.

After the original budget is approved, it may be revised for a variety of reasons such as unforeseen circumstances, corrections or errors, new bond or loan proceeds, new grant awards and other revenues. During fiscal year 2008, supplemental appropriations to the Board of County Commissioners' budget excluding component units, were approximately \$635.5 million, or approximately 15.8% of the original adopted budget.

Differences between the original budget for fiscal year 2008 and the final amended budget for the General Fund can be summarized as follows:

• Reappropriations, which represent the "true up" of beginning fund balance to actual fund balance, accounted for \$21.6 million of the difference between adopted budget and the final budget. Additional budget amendments throughout the year accounted for the remaining increase in final budget.

Budget to Actual Expenditures

- General Fund budgeted reserves had a balance at year-end of \$155 million which represents 87% of the total unexpended appropriations in the fund. These unexpended funds will be carried over into FY 2009 and will be reappropriated.
- The Tax Collector and Property Appraiser returned/under spent approximately \$6.9 million
- The remaining unspent funds can be attributed to County departments, overall, spending less than budgeted.

Budget to Actual Revenues

General Fund collections exceeded budget for the year:

- Ad valorem tax collections were 96% of budget, in line with the historical collection rate. Florida Statutes require revenues to be budgeted at 95% of reasonably anticipated receipts. Palm Beach County budgets a negative 5% statutory reserve to accomplish this. Allowing for the reserve, ad valorem taxes were actually over-collected by \$9 million.
- Investment income exceeded budget by \$4 million or 35%.
- Charges for services exceeded budget by \$6.2 million or 10%. A significant portion of the difference is attributable to Police Service Charges earned by the Sheriff's Office.

Budget to Actual – Other financing sources

 Actual transfers in includes \$9.2 million of excess fees received from the Sheriff and Supervisor of Elections. The Clerk & Comptroller returned \$1.5 million less in excess fees than what was budgeted.

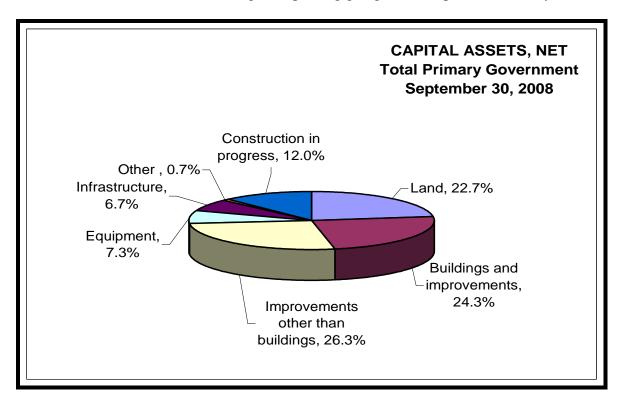
Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2008, amounts to \$3.968 billion (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, improvements other than buildings, equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The total increase in the County's capital assets for fiscal year 2008 was 6.9% (a 6.1% increase for governmental activities and an 8% increase for business-type activities).

		P	alm Beach C	oun	ty, Florida						
Capital Ass	sets, net of A	ccun	nulated Depr	ecia	tion at Yea	ır-Eı	nd (in thous	sands	s)		
									TOTAL P	RIN	MARY
	Governm	enta	l Activities	В	Business-type Activities			GOVERNMENT			
	2008		2007		2008		2007		2008		2007
Primary Government:											
Land	\$ 737,88	2 \$	700,759	\$	161,538	\$	160,616	\$	899,420	\$	861,375
Buildings & improvements	560,66	1	514,835		405,499		305,701		966,160		820,536
Improvements other than buildings	138,38	0	126,738		903,850		779,446	1	,042,230		906,184
Equipment	188,13	3	177,299		101,162		77,606		289,295		254,905
Infrastructure	267,96	0	241,558		-		-		267,960		241,558
Intangible - easement rights		-	-		12,944		11,613		12,944		11,613
Leasehold interest		-	-		9,055		10,257		9,055		10,257
Goodwill		-	-		6,652		5,032		6,652		5,032
Construction in progress	331,06	6	334,868		143,352		265,197		474,418		600,065
TOTALS	\$ 2,224,08	2 \$	\$ 2,096,057	\$	1,744,052	\$	1,615,468	\$ 3	3,968,134	\$ 3	3,711,525

Major capital asset events during the fiscal year include the following:

- Various substantially completed projects during fiscal year 2008 include intersection improvements at Okeechobee Boulevard and Australian Boulevard for \$4.0 million, the Headstart/Senior Center for \$6.9 million, the Judicial Center garage 600 space expansion for \$14.3 million, and the South County Regional Park Environmental Center for \$2.8 million.
- Governmental activities Capital assets increased by \$128 million due to an increase of \$37 million in land acquisitions, \$46 million for buildings, and \$26 million for infrastructure.
- Major capital asset additions by the Water Utilities Department included the completion of the Lake Region Water Treatment Plant for \$58.0 million, the completion of Water Treatment Plant 8 Expansion for \$25.4 million and completion of the final phase of the Northern Region pipeline for \$10.7 million.
- During fiscal year 2008, the Solid Waste Authority's capital assets increased approximately \$85.3 million, which included approximately \$10.9 million for equipment, \$17.4 million for construction costs associated with the refurbishment of the waste-to-energy facility, \$15.9 million for costs associated with the construction of the biosolids pelletization facility and \$16.1 million for costs associated with the relocation of the materials recovery facility.
- The Department of Airports expended \$49.6 million on capital activities. Completed projects during 2008 totaling \$115 million were transferred from construction-in-progress to their respective capital accounts. The major project during fiscal year 2008 was construction of an additional long term parking garage which opened in January of 2008.



For more information on Capital Assets, refer to the *Notes to the Financial Statements*.

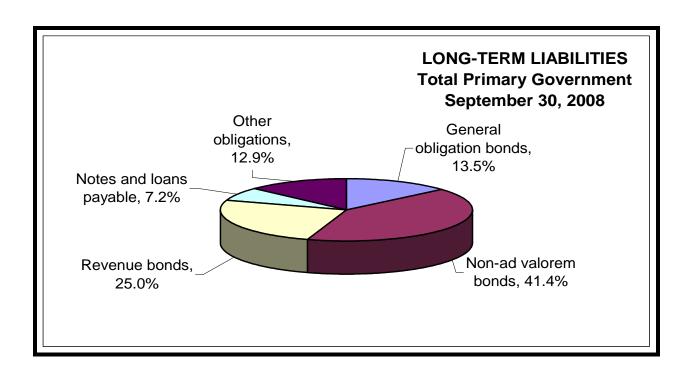
Long-term liabilities. At September 30, 2008, the primary government had 47 issues of bonded debt totaling \$1.734 billion. Of this amount, \$293 million comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government, \$899 million is special obligation debt secured by dedicated revenue sources and \$542 million is secured by specified enterprise revenue sources. See chart below for more information.

	Palm Beach County, Florida Long-Term Liabilities at Year-End (in thousands)											
	Governmental Activities 2008 2007			В	Business-type Activities 2008 2007			TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT 2008 2007				
General obligation bonds	\$	292,974	\$	316,245	\$	_	\$	_	\$	292,974	\$	316,245
Non-ad valorem revenue bonds		899,418		586,021	•	-		-		899,418		586,021
Revenue bonds		-		-		542,164		591,205		542,164		591,205
Notes and loans payable		75,494		129,057		80,000		250		155,494		129,307
Other obligations		211,899		203,410		68,672		60,884		280,571		264,294
TOTALS	\$	1,479,785	\$	1,234,733	\$	690,836	\$	652,339	\$ 2	2,170,621	\$	1,887,072

Bonded Debt. The County's bond issues are rated by three primary bond rating agencies; Moody's Investors Service, Standard and Poor's and Fitch Ratings. These ratings, which are listed in the following chart, are indicative of the County's strong management team, broadbased economy, continually well-performing tax base, increasingly strong financial position, minimal debt requirements and high quality residential tax base. At September 30, 2008, the County's non-ad valorem revenues were 4.23 times the debt service required in the current or any future fiscal year.

		Fitch	
Type of Debt Issue	Moody's	Ratings	<u>S&P</u>
General obligation bonds	Aaa	AAA	AAA
Non-ad valorem revenue bonds	Aa1	AA+	AA+
Pooled financing loans	Aa1	-	-
Water and Sewer System Enterprise revenue bonds	Aaa	AAA	AAA
Water and Wastewater System Enterprise revenue bonds	Aaa	AAA	AAA
Airport System Enterprise revenue bonds	A2	A	A
Solid Waste Authority	Aa3	-	AA

Note: Highest rating: AAA/Aaa Investment grade ratings: AAA/Aaa through BBB/Baa, Lowest Rating: C



For more information on Long-Term Debt, refer to the *Notes to the Financial Statements*.

Economic Factors

Local, national, and international economic factors influence the County's revenues in a variety of ways. Positive economic growth is correlated with increased revenues from property taxes, sales taxes, fuel taxes, charges for services, state revenue sharing as well as state and federal grants. Economic growth may be measured by a variety of indicators such as employment growth, unemployment, new construction and assessed values, diversification of the property tax base, and Enterprise Fund revenue and net asset growth.

- During fiscal year 2008, the Florida Legislature continued to impose significant restrictions on the ability of municipalities and counties to increase ad valorem millage rates.
- The civilian labor force for Palm Beach County rose from 650,548 at September 2007 to 655,669 at September 2008, an increase of less than 1%. The County's unemployment rate increased to 7.3% at September 2008 compared to 4.8% at September 2007.
- Palm Beach International Airport total passengers decreased from 387,554 during the month of September 2007 to 321,695 in the month of September 2008, a decrease of 17%.
- The assessed value of taxable property located in the County (after exemptions) decreased from \$146.6 billion in 2007 to \$136.4 billion in 2008. This represented a decrease of \$10.2 billion or 6.9%.

- Palm Beach County has a diversified property tax base. The ten largest property taxpayers in the County represent 7.7% of the total ad valorem property taxes levied.
- Occupational licenses sold in Palm Beach County during the month of September 2007 rose from 1,145 to 1,325 during the month of September 2008, an increase of 15.7%.
- Gross property taxes levied for fiscal year 2008 fell from \$978.1 million in 2007 to \$931.8 million for 2008, a decrease of \$46.3 million or 4.7%.
- Building permits issued in Palm Beach County for both single family and multi-family units fell from 993 in the second quarter of 2007 to 321 during the same period in 2008.
- Foreclosure filings in Palm Beach County rose from 10,485 during FY 2007 to 25,986 during FY 2008, an increase of almost 148%.

More information on economic factors is provided in the *Statistical Section*.

To Obtain Further Information

This financial report was designed to provide an overview of the County's finances. If you have any questions concerning budgets, long-term financial planning, future debt issuances, or questions related to the management of County operations, please contact the County Administrator at:

County Administrator 301 North Olive Avenue, 11th Floor West Palm Beach, FL 33401

If you have any questions concerning the Basic Financial Statements or other accounting information in this report, please contact the Financial Reporting Manager at:

Clerk & Comptroller, Palm Beach County Finance Department 301 North Olive Avenue, 2nd Floor West Palm Beach, FL 33401



PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2008

Primary Government

			1 111	nary Government		
		Governmental Activities	I	Business-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents - internal investment pool (note 2)	\$	1,628,737,444	\$	139,234,803	\$	1,767,972,247
Cash and cash equivalents - separate accounts		106,252,019		302,696,014		408,948,033
Investments - separate accounts		920,805		23,010,932		23,931,737
Interest receivable - separate accounts		288,719		1,842,957		2,131,676
Accounts receivable, net		19,866,736		31,218,169		51,084,905
Internal Balances		(6,407,115)		6,407,115		-
Due from primary government		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		-
Due from other governments		35,744,039		2,120,692		37,864,731
Due from component units		5,294		-		5,294
Inventory		13,857,353		8,168,033		22,025,386
Other assets		8,869,805		3,655,106		12,524,911
Other receivable - noncurrent		18,358,941		20,063,137		38,422,078
Investment in joint venture		-		33,340,114		33,340,114
Deferred issue costs		10,013,218		4,566,542		14,579,760
Capital assets (note 4)		1 000 040 400		204 900 010		1 272 020 402
Non-depreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets, net		1,068,948,483 1,155,133,348		304,890,010 1,439,162,092		1,373,838,493 2,594,295,440
Depreciable capital assets, het		1,100,100,040		1,439,102,092		2,594,295,440
Total assets	\$	4,060,589,089	\$	2,320,375,716	\$	6,380,964,805
LIABILITIES						
LIADILITIES						
Vouchers payable and accruals	\$	126,099,136	\$	39,979,701	\$	166,078,837
Due to primary government	•	-	*	-	*	-
Due to other governments		16,293,402		7,219,960		23,513,362
Due to component units		266,086		-		266,086
Due to individuals		735,900		4,462,876		5,198,776
Accrued interest payable		16,001,975		11,995,809		27,997,784
Unearned revenue		21,072,982		1,190,112		22,263,094
Other current liabilities		14,703,946		4,264,731		18,968,677
Long-term liabilities (note 17)						
Long-term liabilities due within one year		109,832,018		58,912,912		168,744,930
Long-term liabilities due more than one year		1,369,952,801		631,922,882		2,001,875,683
Total liabilities	\$	1,674,958,246	\$	759,948,983	\$	2,434,907,229
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	1,259,900,977	\$	1,221,939,326	\$	2,481,840,303
Restricted for:						
Debt service		34,738,955		22,912,026		57,650,981
Capital projects		484,466,675		25,945,266		510,411,941
School district impact fee land acquisition		1,847,217		-		1,847,217
Library taxing district		40,149,847		-		40,149,847
Fire rescue taxing district		127,693,316		-		127,693,316
Tourist development tax programs		28,491,977		-		28,491,977
Grants and other		3,749,007		32,996,229		36,745,236
Unrestricted (deficit)		404,592,872		256,633,886		661,226,758
Total net assets	\$	2,385,630,843	\$	1,560,426,733	\$	3,946,057,576
			_			

	Со	mponent Units						
Metropolitan Planning Organization		Housing Finance Authority	Westgate/ Belvedere Home Community Redevelopmen Agency					
\$ - 100	\$	- 8,116,350	\$	- 1,635,479				
-		269,629 8,505		401,320				
2,500		-		-				
266,086		-		-				
-		-		-				
-		-		-				
-		65,702 -		3,270,394 -				
-		-		100,833				
- -		-		2,429,820 331,937				
\$ 268,686	\$	8,460,186	\$	8,169,783				
\$ 67,136 5,294	\$	179,988 -	\$	104,157 -				
-		-		-				
-		-		-				
-		-		-				
		- 175,000		3,500				
 1,445 204,979		- -		684,513 4,400,299				
\$ 278,854	\$	354,988	\$	5,192,469				
\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,502,757				
-		-		323,491 1,128,429				
-		-		-				
-		-		-				
-		- 53,678		-				
(10,168)		8,051,520		(977,363)				
\$ (10,168)	\$	8,105,198	\$	2,977,314				

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA Statement of Activities For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008

	 Ехре	enses		Program Revenues						
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Direct		Indirect	and	nes, Fees I Charges Services	C	erating Grants contributions ad Restricted erest Income	. (Capital Grants and ontributions	
THIMAIN GOVERNMENT										
Governmental Activities General Government Public Safety Physical Environment Transportation Economic Environment Human Services Culture and Recreation Interest Expense	\$ 366,005,492 681,787,114 25,796,346 163,081,369 212,478,789 100,793,195 121,455,602 49,875,129	\$	(15,270,788) 5,855,833 - 1,119,985 562,374 371,596 2,721,832	2	29,124,303 18,503,611 4,997,300 16,379,224 3,227,522 5,897,399 2,332,208	\$	15,352,795 17,047,130 7,884,089 32,559,877 26,515,514 31,503,545 1,272,383	\$	24,259,066 303,720 8,648,737 6,430,289 162,159 386,149 440,000	
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,721,273,036	\$	(4,639,168)	\$ 28	0,461,567	\$	132,135,333	\$	40,630,120	
Business Activities Department of Airports Water Utilities Department Solid Waste Authority	70,472,323 124,544,372 160,805,739		1,274,998 3,267,836 -	11	74,338,460 8,720,944 95,947,347		4,606,165 5,482,973 8,672,112		8,934,475 37,580,661 12,961,981	
Total Business Activities	\$ 355,822,434	\$	4,542,834	\$ 38	9,006,751	\$	18,761,250	\$	59,477,117	
Total Primary Government	\$ 2,077,095,470	\$	(96,334)	\$ 66	9,468,318	\$	150,896,583	\$	100,107,237	
COMPONENT UNITS Metropolitan Planning Organization	\$ 1,571,417	\$	96,334	\$	5	\$	1,597,924	\$	-	
Housing Finance Authority Westgate/Belvedere CRA	645,502 1,350,776		-		535,877 -		223,127		<u>-</u>	
Total Component Units	\$ 3,567,695	\$	96,334	\$	535,882	\$	1,821,051	\$		

General Revenues

Taxes - levied by the County

Ad-valorem taxes

Utility service taxes

Local option gas taxes

Tourist development taxes

State shared sales tax-unrestricted

Franchise gross receipts fee

State shared revenues-unrestricted

Investment income (loss)

Other general revenues

Gain on sale of capital assets

Transfers - net

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Beginning net assets, restated

Ending net assets (deficit)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

	Primary Governme	nt		Component Units							
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		etropolitan Planning ganization	Housing Finance Authority	Westgate/ Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency					
\$ (181,998,540) (571,788,486)		\$ (181,998,540) (571,788,486)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -					
(4,266,220)		(4,266,220)		-	-	-					
(98,831,964)		(98,831,964)		-	-	-					
(183,135,968)		(183,135,968)		-	-	-					
(63,377,698)		(63,377,698)		-	-	-					
(110,132,843)	-	(110,132,843)		-	-	-					
(49,875,129)	-	(49,875,129)	<u> </u>	-		<u> </u>					
\$ (1,263,406,848)	\$ -	\$ (1,263,406,848)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -					
	10 101 770	10 101 770									
-	16,131,779 33,972,370	16,131,779 33,972,370		-	-	-					
-	56,775,701	56,775,701		_	-	-					
\$ -	\$ 106,879,850	\$ 106,879,850	<u> </u>	_	\$ -	\$ -					
			·								
\$ (1,263,406,848)	\$ 106,879,850	\$ (1,156,526,998)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -					
- - -	- - -	:	. <u></u>	(69,822) - -	- 113,502 -	- - (1,350,776)					
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	(69,822)	\$ 113,502	\$ (1,350,776)					
\$ 897,890,650	\$ -	\$ 897,890,650	\$		\$ -	\$ 2,164,680					
30,543,325	Ψ - -	30,543,325	Ψ	-	Ψ - -	φ 2,104,000 -					
46,068,630	_	46,068,630		_	-	824,729					
27,813,718	-	27,813,718		-	-	-					
72,375,458	-	72,375,458		-	-	-					
30,039,809	-	30,039,809		-	-	-					
59,369,923	-	59,369,923		2.504	-	- 22.401					
87,183,609 6,092,958	-	87,183,609 6,092,958		2,564	-	23,461 538,011					
0,032,330	77,493	77,493		-	-	-					
9,654,866	(9,654,866)	-		-	-	-					
1,267,032,946	(9,577,373)	1,257,455,573	·	2,564	-	3,550,881					
3,626,098	97,302,477	100,928,575		(67,258)	113,502	2,200,105					
2,382,004,745	1,463,124,256	3,845,129,001	<u> </u>	57,090	7,991,696	777,209					
\$ 2,385,630,843	\$1,560,426,733	\$ 3,946,057,576	\$	(10,168)	\$ 8,105,198	\$ 2,977,314					



DESCRIPTIONS OF MAJOR FUNDS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund - To account for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund - To account for ad-valorem taxes and other revenues designated for fire rescue services.

Sheriff Special Revenue Fund - To account for the financial resources necessary to carry out the powers, duties and obligations of the elected office of Sheriff as detailed in Florida Statutes Chapter 30.15.

General Government Capital Projects - To account for costs of capital improvements not included in any other category. It is a major fund for public interest reasons.

Road Program Capital Projects - To account for costs related to the design, acquisition of rights-of-way and construction of improvements to the County's major thoroughfare road system, primarily represented by the County's Five Year Road Program.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Airports - To account for activities related to the operation of the four County-owned airports - Palm Beach International Airport in West Palm Beach and three general aviation airports located in Lantana, Pahokee and Palm Beach Gardens.

Water Utilities - To account for activities related to the operation of the County-owned water and sewage system which provides water and sewer services to portions of the unincorporated area of the County as well as to certain municipalities.

Solid Waste Authority - To account for activities related to the operation of the solid waste disposal facilities for Palm Beach County.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2008

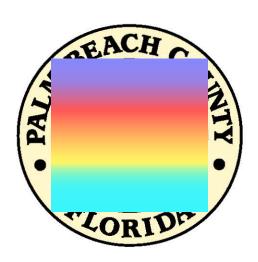
	MAJOR FUNDS			
	General	Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund	Sheriff e Special Revenue Fund	General Government Capital Projects
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable, net Due from other county funds Due from other governments	\$ 172,834,451 - 5,627,194 77,469,488 3,654,273	- 1,353,962 3,401,270 1,414,699	1,305 322,494 563,235 975,664	\$ 202,741,124 - 101 593,884 422,759
Inventory Other assets	1,998,639 3,330		2,587,993 111,712	-
Other receivable, noncurrent	-	-		2,050,000
Total assets	\$ 261,587,375	\$ 106,585,113	\$ 63,517,649	\$ 205,807,868
LIABILITIES				
Vouchers payable and accrued liabilities Due to other county funds Due to other governments Due to component unit Due to individuals Insurance claims payable Deferred and unearned revenue	\$ 10,714,139 12,399,398 908,102 266,086 - - 15,000,010	171,032 416,841 - - - -	12,452,182 3,467,185 - - 1,307,282	\$ 19,611,831 1,311 100,014 - - -
Other liabilities Matured principal and interest payable	1,725,840 -	-	7,734,480	-
Total liabilities	41,013,575	12,467,669	57,511,704	\$ 19,713,156
FUND BALANCE				
Fund balances: Reserved for debt service Reserved for inventory Reserved for noncurrent loans receivable Unreserved, reported in:	- 1,998,639 -	- 2,527,932 -	- 2,587,993 -	2,050,000
General Fund Special Revenue Funds Capital Projects Funds	218,575,161 - -	- 91,589,512 -	3,417,952 -	- - 184,044,712
Total fund balance	220,573,800	94,117,444	6,005,945	186,094,712
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 261,587,375	\$ 106,585,113	\$ 63,517,649	\$ 205,807,868

Road Program Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 383,970,697 - - - 4,462,568 - -	\$ 718,772,924 919,500 10,562,561 15,463,635 24,504,754 5,406,974 1,455,463	\$ 1,635,161,617 920,805 17,866,312 97,491,512 35,434,717 12,521,538 1,570,580
\$ 388,433,265	16,308,941 \$ 793,394,752	18,358,941 \$ 1,819,326,022
\$ 10,663,311 47,194 7,026 - - - - -	\$ 37,567,261 79,779,999 11,042,026 - 735,900 - 30,740,673 1,317,692 64,819	\$ 122,986,913 104,851,116 15,941,194 266,086 735,900 1,307,282 45,740,683 10,778,012 64,819
\$ 10,717,531 - - - 377,715,734	\$ 161,248,370 34,123,198 5,406,974 - 181,238,012 411,378,198 632,146,382	302,672,005 34,123,198 12,521,538 2,050,000 218,575,161 276,245,476 973,138,644
\$ 388,433,265	632,146,382 \$ 793,394,752	1,516,654,017 \$ 1,819,326,022

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets - Governmental Activities September 30, 2008

Fund balance for total of governmental funds (page 9)		\$	1,516,654,017
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of net assets are different because	:		
Report internal service funds as governmental activities			
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such	as insurance,		
computer services, and vehicles to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal	service funds		
are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.			
Net assets per fund statements	\$ 85,987,453		
Less amount due to business-type activities for 'look-back' allocation	(5,352,332)		
Plus amount due from component units for 'look-back' allocation	1,588	_	
			80,636,709
Report as an asset the cost of general capital assets and accumulated depreciation			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are			
not reported in the governmental fund statements.			
Non-depreciable capital assets	1,068,948,483		
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,122,799,180	_	
			2,191,747,663
Report as a liability general long-term debt obligations			
Liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period do not encumber current financia	al		
resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund statements.			
General obligation bonds payable	(290,410,000)		
Non-ad valorem bonds payable	(882,004,002)		
Notes and loans payable	(75,182,568)		
Capital leases	(7,452)		
Compensated absences	(110,321,525)		
Net OPEB Obligation Liability	(11,515,769)		
Arbitrage accrued	(4,676,746)		
Claims and judgements	(31,105,097)		
Unamortized premium	(32,279,961)		
Deferred (loss) on refundings	12,302,075	_	(1.405.004.045)
Report adjustments to convert from modified accrual to full accrual			(1,425,201,045)
Interest Receivable- Separate Accounts			
Interest receivable on special assessments is not due and available in the current period a	nd		
therefore is not reported in the governmental fund statements.	nu -		288,719
•			200,710
Net OPEB Obligation Asset Cumlative plan contributions in excess of ARC is reported as an asset.			
However, the plan contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund sta	tamants		2,871,983
	itements.		2,071,000
Deferred Issue Costs			
Issue cost for new debt is reported as a deferred charge and amortized over the life of the			10.010.010
expense. However, issue cost are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund state	tements.		10,013,218
Accrued Interest Payable			
Accrued Interest Payable that is not due and payable in the current period is not reported			
in the governmental fund statements			(15,934,252)
Deferred Perionica			
Deferred Revenue Revenue is recognized when earned. However, revenue is deferred until the current finan-	cial resources are		
available in the governmental fund statements.	ciai resources are		24,667,701
			24,007,701
Due To Other Governments			
Palm Beach County and the Palm Beach County School District engage in an interlocal ag			
that allows them to exchange land and maintain a receivable and payable for the difference			
a general capital asset is exchanged for another capital asset and there is no receipt of cur			(440.070)
for the difference in value, the receivable or payable is not reported in the governmental fu	nu statements.		(113,870)
Net assets of governmental activities (page 2)		\$	2,385,630,843



PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008

	MAJOR FUNDS			
	General	Fire Rescue Special Revent Fund	Sheriff ue Special Revenue Fund	General Government Capital Projects
Devenues				_
Revenues: Taxes (net of discount)	\$ 674,913,810	\$ 195,976,80	7 \$ -	\$ 81
Special assessments	ψ 07 1,0 10,0 10 -	303,72		1,010,396
Licenses and permits	3,885,447	4,07		-
Intergovernmental	31,708,356	381,71		3,761,370
Charges for services	69,059,861	30,897,05		3,531,006
Less - excess fees paid out	-	,,		-
Fines and forfeitures	1,399,126		- 126,728	1,049,334
Investment income	17,060,682	6,313,43		12,315,637
Miscellaneous	7,373,862	280,43		3,223,507
Total revenues	805,401,144	234,157,23	9 2,257,045	24,891,331
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	123,616,503		- 18,933,887	25,404,570
Public safety	33,598,692	209,244,93	9 380,967,983	169,783
Physical environment	13,456,825			875,571
Transportation	7,065,807			624,705
Economic environment	28,671,979	917,08	-	90,680,397
Human services	54,722,884		-	-
Culture and recreation	60,394,430			-
Capital outlay	871,777	3,737,76	55 27,207,798	32,335,993
Debt service	-		<u></u>	1,630,099
Total expenditures	322,398,897	213,899,78	6 427,109,668	151,721,118
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	483,002,247	20,257,45	3 (424,852,623)	(126,829,787)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	33,039,979	7,056,21	2 434,591,773	24,955,677
Transfers out	(538,231,869)	(10,180,00	0) (8,615,725)	
Issuance of long-term debt	-		-	81,568,330
Premium (discount) long-term debt	-		-	3,937,782
Issuance of refunding debt	-			16,511,670
Premium (discount) refunding debt	-			797,115
Payment to escrow agent for refunding	-		<u> </u>	(17,069,579)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(505,191,890)	(3,123,78	8) 425,976,048	94,166,203
Net change in fund balances	(22,189,643)	17,133,66	55 1,123,425	(32,663,584)
Fund balances, October 1, 2007	242,836,817	76,621,91	2 4,882,520	218,758,296
Increase (decrease) in reserves, inventory	(73,374)	361,86	-	-
Fund balances, September 30, 2008	\$ 220,573,800	\$ 94,117,44	4 \$ 6,005,945	\$ 186,094,712

Road		
Program	Other	Total
Capital	Governmental	Governmental
Projects	Funds	Funds
\$ 33,743,071	\$ 156,015,130	\$ 1,060,648,899
19,026,479	10,426,231	30,766,826
13,870,421	10,606,314 181,531,473	14,495,838 231,253,335
1,106,090	156,717,465	263,170,088
-	(48,986,202)	(48,986,202)
-	10,834,307	13,409,495
19,395,145	29,230,865	84,558,686
2,977,846	11,372,272	25,256,701
90,119,052	517,747,855	1,674,573,666
	· ·	
5,322,302	137,052,468	310,329,730
-	29,299,887	653,281,284
-	10,564,805	24,897,201
10,729,858	117,960,003	136,380,373
-	54,749,594	175,019,052
-	45,137,638	99,860,522
500,000	45,759,546	106,653,976
54,739,281	126,542,322 125,684,602	245,434,936 127,314,701
	120,004,002	127,514,701
71,291,441	692,750,865	1,879,171,775
18,827,611	(175,003,010)	(204,598,109)
804,650	290,070,692	790,518,983
(26,689,979)	(189,912,366)	(790,164,731)
-	223,357,676	304,926,006
-	1,508,526 37,239,596	5,446,308 53,751,266
_	37,239,390	797,115
	(37,115,938)	(54,185,517)
(25,885,329)	325,148,186	311,089,430
(7,057,718)	150,145,176	106,491,321
384,773,452	482,105,276	1,409,978,273
	(104,070)	184,423
\$ 377,715,734	\$ 632,146,382	\$ 1,516,654,017

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008

Net change in fund balances for total governmental funds (page 13)	\$	6	106,491,321
Cumulative effect of prior years for change in accounting principle			(7,054,000)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of activities are different because:			
Report internal service funds as governmental activities			
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities, such as vehicles, computer systems, printing, and insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (loss) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities. Net income (loss) per fund statements Less current year allocation to business-type activities Less current year allocation to component units	\$ 9,206,928 (1,079,212) 1,444		8,129,160
Report as an asset the cost of general capital assets and accumulated depreciation			
Acquisition of capital assets			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, but capital purchases increase assets in the statement of net assets and do not result in an expense.	244,730,692		
Acquisition of capital assets from contributions do not generate current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund statements as revenue.	31,577,235		
Depreciation expense The cost of capital assets is allocated over their useful life as depreciation expense.			
However, depreciation does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not reported in the governmental fund statements.	(97,253,456)		
Retirement of capital assets			
In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance	(9,943,813)		
	, , ,		
In the statement of activities, the loss due to impariment is reported,			
whereas in the governmental funds, the loss is not reported because there is no reduction in current financial resources.			
Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance	(38,158,797)		130,951,861
Report as a liability long-term debt obligations			, ,
Debt issuance			
Debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets and does not result in a revenue.			
Current year face value of debt issued	(358,677,272)		
Governmental funds report the premium and discount on debt issues as revenue, but in the statement of activities these amounts are amortized to interest expense.			
Current year (premium) discount on debt issued	(6,243,423)		
Current year amortization of premium / discount	1,934,956		
Governmental funds report the effect of gains and losses on refundings when the debt is first issued, but in the statement of activities these amounts are deferred and amortized			

(827,588)

Current year amortization of deferred refunding gain / loss

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008

Debt retirement Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, I repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets and onot result in an expense.			127,055,689	
The change in accrued liabilities reported as long-term obligations do not re	•			
financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund	d stater	nents.		
(Increase) Decrease in arbitrage 'long term' accrued liability				
Net (Increase) Decrease in total arbitrage liability	\$	(2,141,361)		
Arbitrage fund liabilities paid during the year		1,870,786	(070 575)	
(In annual Designation in Net OPER Obligation linking			(270,575)	
(Increase) Decrease in Net OPEB Obligation liability			(11,515,769)	
(Increase) Decrease in claims and judgements liability (Increase) Decrease in fire rescue disability plan liability			1,185,862 8,157,329	
(Increase) Decrease in the rescue disability plan liability (Increase) Decrease in compensated absences liability			(10,100,379)	
(increase) Decrease in compensated absences liability			(10,100,379)	(249,301,170)
				(249,301,170)
Report other adjustments for converting from modified accrual to full accrual				
Net Increase (Decrease) in deferred issue costs:				
Current year debt issue costs deferred		2,725,396		
Current year amortization of deferred issue costs		(666,184)		
,			2,059,212	
Increase (Decrease) in inventory			184,423	
Increase (Decrease) in accrued interest receivable			(27,970)	
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB Obligation Asset			2,871,983	
(Increase) Decrease in due to other governments			7,680	
(Increase) Decrease in accrued interest payable			(1,362,877)	
(Increase) Decrease in deferred revenue			10,676,475	
				14,408,926

3,626,098

Change in net assets of governmental activities (page 5)

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds September 30, 2008

	Business-ty	/pe Activities -
	Airports	Water Utilities
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents - restricted Interest receivable - restricted	\$ 46,749,141 13,088,266	
Interest receivable	-	813,900
Accounts receivable, net	862,151 256,147	
Due from other county funds Due from other governments Due from component unit	1,201,685 -	•
Inventory	989,563	6,809,057
Current portion of other receivable	107,292	
Other assets	1,038,117	274,058
Total current assets	64,292,362	95,426,125
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	19,540,444	, ,
Cash with fiscal agent	19,665,716	-
Investments	-	-
Accounts receivable, net	1,421,275	-
Total noncurrent restricted assets	40,627,435	1,601,642
Capital assets:		
Land	95,231,826	15,510,469
Buildings	313,840,313	
Improvements other than buildings	175,607,230	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	38,487,892	
Leasehold interest	-	12,010,002
Goodwill	12.754.053	7,131,703
Intangible - easement rights Accumulated depreciation and amortization	13,754,957	
Construction in progress	(282,733,138 30,769,763	
Total capital assets	384,958,843	
·	001,000,040	200,007,700
Investments	-	-
Investment in joint venture	740.007	33,340,114
Loans receivable, noncurrent Deferred issuance costs	712,267	
	1,896,351	1,405,353 150,707
Due from other governments Other assets		- 150,707
Total noncurrent assets	428,194,896	1,014,257,332
Total assets	\$ 492,487,258	
Total assets	Ψ 432,407,200	ν ν 1,103,000,407

	Enterpris	Governmental			
	Solid Waste Authority		Totals	S	Activities Internal Service Funds
	7 tatriority		Totalo		or vice i dilas
•	100 111 550			•	00 007 040
\$	106,414,556 134,582,920	\$	202,619,480 169,642,495	\$	99,827,846
	820,814		820,814		-
	208,243		1,022,143		-
	14,386,183		29,796,894		2,000,424
	1,606,088		1,896,850		6,732,906
	-		1,969,985		309,322
	369,413		8,168,033		3,706 1,335,815
	301,577		1,159,412		-
	1,176,076		2,488,251		4,427,242
	259,865,870		419,584,357		114,637,261
	28,861,040		50,003,126		-
	-		19,665,716		-
	21,149,922		21,149,922 1,421,275		-
			1,421,273		
	50,010,962		92,240,039		
	50,795,763		161,538,058		-
	250,756,564		668,312,254		127,632
	91,406,367		1,385,071,127		512,286
	143,351,396		256,291,470 12,010,002		98,841,564
	-		7,131,703		-
	-		15,415,813		-
	(237,349,349)		(905,070,277)		(67,147,314)
	100,124,725		143,351,952		
	399,085,466		1,744,052,102		32,334,168
	1,861,010		1,861,010		-
	-		33,340,114		-
	1,599,147		20,063,137		-
	1,264,838		4,566,542		-
	- 7,443		150,707 7,443		-
	453,828,866		1,896,281,094		32,334,168
\$	713,694,736	\$	2,315,865,451	\$	146,971,429
Ψ	, 10,007,700	Ψ	ر در الاردان ا	Ψ	170,071,723

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds September 30, 2008

	Business-type Activities -				
	Airports	Water Utilities			
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities payable from current assets: Vouchers payable and accrued liabilities Due to other county funds Due to other governments Deferred revenue Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 5,884,976 \$ 282,525 2,073,380 1,190,112	9,941,923 542,585 2,612,348			
Compensated absences	134,223	289,000			
Insurance claims payable Other liabilities	- 559,783	2,756,666			
Total current liabilities payable from current assets	10,124,999	16,142,522			
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets: Customers' deposits Accounts and contracts payable Due to other governments Accrued landfill closure and postclosure care costs	332,798 1,186,867 310,000	3,545,218 5,130 267,290			
Current portion of long-term debt Interest payable on bonds	7,225,000 4,033,601	14,070,000 4,083,671			
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets	13,088,266	21,971,309			
Total current liabilities	23,213,265	38,113,831			
Noncurrent liabilities: Due to other governments Note payable Compensated absences	- - 1,115,826	1,956,942 - 2,640,961			
Revenue bonds payable, net of discount Other long-term liabilities	147,000,735	166,093,961 12,876			
Total noncurrent liabilities	148,116,561	170,704,740			
Total liabilities	171,329,826	208,818,571			
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	236,336,509	779,843,832			
Debt service Capital projects Grants and other	8,118,837 25,445,266 8,684,926	14,070,000 500,000 1,101,642			
Unrestricted	42,571,894	105,349,412			
Total net assets	\$ 321,157,432	900,864,886			

Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of net assets (page 2) are different because certain internal service fund assets and liabilities are included with business-type activities.

Net assets of business-type activities

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Enterprise Funds				Governmental		
	Solid Waste		Takala	,	Activities Internal	
	Authority		Totals	,	Service Funds	
\$	15,830,376	\$	31,657,275	\$	3,115,127	
	16,957		842,067		428,085	
	-		4,685,728		238,338	
	-		1,190,112		-	
	4,000,000		4,000,000		205,825	
	324,689		747,912		-	
	448,000		448,000		25,262,856	
	1,060,065		4,376,514		3,934,933	
	21,680,087		47,947,608		33,185,164	
	584,860		4,462,876		_	
	6,570,646		7,762,643		_	
	0,070,040		577,290		_	
	350,000		350,000		_	
	32,520,000		53,815,000		_	
	3,878,537		11,995,809		_	
	0,070,007		11,000,000			
	43,904,043		78,963,618		-	
	65,584,130		126,911,226		33,185,164	
	_		1,956,942		-	
	76,000,000		76,000,000		_	
	3,767,078		7,523,865		_	
	175,254,525		488,349,221		-	
	60,036,920		60,049,796		27,798,812	
	315,058,523		633,879,824		27,798,812	
	010,000,020		000,070,021		27,700,012	
	380,642,653		760,791,050		60,983,976	
	205,758,985		1,221,939,326		32,019,626	
					- ,,	
	723,189		22,912,026		-	
	-		25,945,266		-	
	23,209,661		32,996,229		-	
	103,360,248		251,281,554		53,967,827	
\$	333,052,083		1,555,074,401	\$	85,987,453	

5,352,332

\$ 1,560,426,733

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008

	E	Business-type Activities			
	А	irports	Water Utilities		
Operating revenues:	Φ		440 440 470		
Charges for services		2,068,302 \$			
Miscellaneous		2,404,699	5,205,556		
Total operating revenues	6	64,473,001	115,321,729		
Operating expenses:					
Aviation services	Δ	4,732,030	_		
Water and sewer services	7	-1,702,000	81,927,461		
Transportation services		_	-		
Solid waste services		_	_		
Printing services		_	_		
Self-insurance services		_	_		
Data processing services		_	_		
Equity interest in net loss of joint venture		_	1,244,075		
Depreciation and amortization	2	2,368,839	37,105,975		
<u> </u>		, ,	,,		
Total operating expenses	6	7,100,869	120,277,511		
Operating income (loss)		(2,627,868)	(4,955,782)		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Investment income		4,724,506	4,959,994		
Capacity reservation fees		-	3,399,215		
Passenger facility charges		9,865,458	-		
Deferred issue costs		(139,926)	(176,852)		
Interest expense		(4,656,440)	(5,701,665)		
Hurricane debris collection and disposal	· ·	-	(0,701,000)		
Other revenues (expenses)		(40,847)	(1,557,654)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		9,752,751	923,038		
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers		7,124,883	(4,032,744)		
Capital contributions		8,934,475	37,580,661		
Transfers out		(9,654,866)	-		
Change in net assets		6,404,492	33,547,917		
Net assets October 1, 2007, restated	31	4,752,940	867,316,969		
Net assets September 30, 2008		1,157,432 \$			
	•				

Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of activities (page 5) are different because the net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with business-type activities.

Change in net assets of business-type activities

Enterprise Funds				_ Governmental			
	Solid Waste				Activities Internal		
	Authority		Totals	S	Service Funds		
\$	195,220,950	\$	367,405,425	\$	153,293,664		
_	-		7,610,255		-		
	195,220,950		375,015,680		153,293,664		
	-		44,732,030		-		
	-		81,927,461		-		
	.		-		24,795,506		
	126,331,029		126,331,029		-		
	-		-		1,347,444		
	-		-		89,970,330 31,684,399		
	_		1,244,075		31,004,399		
	23,399,947		82,874,761		12,122,545		
	,		,		, ,		
	149,730,976		337,109,356		159,920,224		
	45,489,974		37,906,324		(6,626,560)		
	8,672,112		18,356,612		4,794,253		
	-		3,399,215		-		
	-		9,865,458		-		
	(44,000,000)		(316,778)		(00.040)		
	(11,298,882)		(21,656,987)		(20,919)		
	(280,726) 726,397		(280,726) (872,104)		- 2,477,784		
	720,007		(072,104)		2,477,704		
	(2,181,099)		8,494,690		7,251,118		
	43,308,875		46,401,014		624,558		
	12,961,981		59,477,117		1,882,622		
	-		(9,654,866)		(354,252)		
	56,270,856		96,223,265		2,152,928		
	276,781,227	_			83,834,525		
\$	333,052,083	_		\$	85,987,453		
		-	·				

1,079,212

\$ 97,302,477

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008

	Business-type Activities -		
	Airports	Water Utilities	
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers	\$ 65,301,773	\$ 106,341,912	
Cash received from other funds for goods and services Cash payments to vendors for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments to other funds	- (15,472,195) (11,080,098) (17,341,024)	(40,091,037) (26,290,846) (14,038,262)	
Claims paid Other receipts	- 65,282	- 4,636,814	
Net cash provided by operating activities	21,473,738	30,558,581	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Operating grants Proceeds from interfund loan	- -	-	
Transfers in Transfers out	18,954 -	-	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	18,954		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Proceeds from sale of capital assets Contributed capital Purchase and construction of capital assets	81,758 5,681,775 (59,623,374)	191,907 27,176,687 (60,808,395)	
Proceeds from long-term borrowings Payments to joint venture Principal payments on debt Interest payments on debt	- (6,790,000) (4,843,165)	(8,547,549) (13,350,000) (8,491,805)	
Paying agent fees Passenger facility charges received Repayment on note payable Proceeds on issuance of refunding revenue bonds	9,610,327 (250,000)	(23,846) - - 6,473,000	
Principal paid on refunded revenue bonds Bond issuance costs paid Principal received on notes receivable	- - -	(6,345,000) (26,680)	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(56,132,679)	(63,751,681)	
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest on investments Purchase of investments	4,724,506	4,894,332	
Receipt of repayments on other receivables Proceeds from sale of investments	101,379 -	- -	
Net cash provided by investing activities	4,825,885	4,894,332	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(29,814,102)	(28,298,768)	
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1, 2007	128,857,669	101,327,502	
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30, 2008	\$ 99,043,567	\$ 73,028,734	

	Enterpris	e Funds	G	overnmental Activities
	Solid Waste			Internal
	Authority	Totals	Se	ervice Funds
\$	192,095,793	\$ 363,739,478	\$	9,653,283
Ψ	1,721,681	1,721,681	Ψ	142,756,150
		(135,314,238)		(42,974,018)
	(79,751,006)			
	(26,994,075)	(64,365,019)		(27,470,355)
	(10,312,201)	(41,691,487)		(4,760,118)
	-			(69,691,919)
	537,689	5,239,785		1,583,493
	77,297,881	129,330,200		9,096,516
	2 052 972	2.052.072		
	3,052,873	3,052,873		246 626
	-	10.054		246,636
	-	18,954		(254.252)
		-		(354,252)
	3,052,873	3,071,827		(107,616)
	536,564	810,229		1,704,983
	8,736,746	·		1,704,963
	, ,	41,595,208		(0.022.109)
	(92,002,003)	(212,433,772)		(9,022,108)
	80,000,000	80,000,000		-
	(00 700 000)	(8,547,549)		(400,000)
	(30,700,000)	(50,840,000)		(198,332)
	(9,326,758)	(22,661,728)		(22,765)
	-	(23,846)		-
	-	9,610,327		-
	-	(250,000)		-
	-	6,473,000		-
	-	(6,345,000)		-
	-	(26,680)		-
	265,996	265,996		_
	(40 400 4FF)	(160 070 015)		(7 520 222)
	(42,489,455)	(162,373,815)		(7,538,222)
	9,631,525	19,250,363		4,794,253
	(2,330,969)	(2,330,969)		-
	-	101,379		-
	20,000,000	20,000,000		
	27,300,556	37,020,773		4,794,253
	65,161,855	7,048,985		6,244,931
	204,696,661	434,881,832		93,582,915
\$	269,858,516	\$ 441,930,817	\$	99,827,846

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008

	Business-type Activities -			ctivities -
		Airports		Water Utilities
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(2,627,868)	\$	(4,955,782)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to				
net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		22,368,839		37,105,975
Equity interest in net loss of joint venture		-		1,244,075
Provision for doubtful accounts		(33,426)		363,800
(Gain) on disposal of equipment		-		- -
Transfer to joint venture capital fund		-		(611,337)
Miscellaneous revenue		-		-
Change in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		319,736		(3,892,229)
(Increase) decrease in due from other county funds		-		8,278
Decrease in due from other governments		-		-
(Increase) decrease in inventory		(7,083)		(510,312)
Decrease in other assets		35,388		487,402
Decrease in due from component unit		-		-
Increase (decrease) in vouchers payable and accrued liabilities		590,637		1,904,574
Increase (decrease) in due to other county funds		176,631		64,093
Increase (decrease) in due to other governments		-		31,612
Increase in other current liabilities		76,566		-
Increase in deferred revenue		539,474		-
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		34,844		(681,568)
Increase in insurance claims payable		-		-
Increase in other long-term liabilities		-		<u> </u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	21,473,738	\$	30,558,581
Supplemental disclosure of noncash capital and related financing activities:				
Net capital assets transferred to other funds	\$	(9,654,866)	\$	-
Amortization of deferred issuance costs	\$	178,475	\$	176,852
Amortization of premium on bonds	\$	421,608	\$	760,342
Amortization of discount on bonds	\$	-	\$	437
Amortization of deferred advance refunding loss	\$	383,059	\$	438,388
Disposal of fully depreciated capital assets	\$	7,984,866	\$	1,557,571
Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$	-	\$	
Contribution of capital assets	\$	3,518,676	\$	15,338,217
		-,- : 5,0.0	<u> </u>	-,,

	Enterprise Funds			Governmental			
Solid Waste				Activities Internal			
	Authority		Totals	Se	ervice Funds		
\$	45,489,974	\$	37,906,324	\$	(6,626,560)		
	23,399,947		82,874,761 1,244,075		12,122,545		
	175,038		505,412		_		
	(250,667)		(250,667)		_		
	(200,007)		(611,337)		_		
	445,671		445,671		1,583,493		
	(1,190,712)		(4,763,205)		(1,957,086)		
	(741,488)		(733,210)		942,145		
	-		-		38,245		
	44,162		(473,233)		(411,569)		
	125,918		648,708		1,155,932		
	-		-		2,686		
	7,904,198		10,399,409				
	(366,408)		(125,684)	(80,486)			
-			31,612		(48,054)		
	56,709		133,275		355,313		
	-		539,474		-		
	(28,975)		(675,699)		-		
	-		-		3,033,891		
	2,234,514		2,234,514				
\$	77,297,881	\$	129,330,200	\$	9,096,516		
\$	-	\$	(9,654,866)	\$	-		
\$	359,793	\$	715,120	\$			
\$	994,299	\$	2,176,249	\$	_		
φ.		¢		¢			
\$	-	\$	437	\$			
\$	3,056,595	\$	3,878,042	\$			
\$	-	\$	9,542,437	\$	5,449,385		
\$	(469,959)	\$	(469,959)	\$			
\$		\$	18,856,893	\$	1,882,622		

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets - Agency Funds September 30, 2008

	Total
	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 74,407,982
Accounts receivable, net	833,344
Due from other governments	637,274
Other assets	349
Total assets	\$ 75,878,949
LIABILITIES	
Vouchers payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 4,109,378
Due to other governments	42,161,201
Due to individuals	29,208,235
Other liabilities	400,135
Total liabilities	\$ 75,878,949

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Palm Beach County, Florida reporting entity (the County) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The County's more significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Palm Beach County is a political subdivision of the State of Florida pursuant to Article VIII, Section (1) of the Constitution of the State of Florida. It is governed by a seven member elected Board of County Commissioners (the Board) which is regulated by State Statutes and a local County Charter, operating under a County Manager form of government with separation of legislative and executive functions. In addition to the members of the Board, there are five elected Constitutional Officers: the Tax Collector, Property Appraiser, Clerk & Comptroller, Sheriff, and the Supervisor of Elections. The Board and the Constitutional Officers comprise the Palm Beach County primary government.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements cover the Palm Beach County reporting entity which includes the Palm Beach County primary government as well as its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, Component units are either classified as blended component units or discretely presented component units, depending on the nature of the entity's relationship with the primary government. GASB Statement No. 14 provides the following criteria for determining whether or not an entity is a component unit of the reporting entity:

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the concept of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of the separate organization's governing body *and* either is able to impose its will on that organization or there is the potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, activities of, or the level of services performed or provided by the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government is entitled to the organization's resources; is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligations to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization.

Some organizations are included as component units because of their fiscal dependency on the primary government. An organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government if it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes or set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval by the primary government.

In addition, any entity, for which the primary government is not financially accountable but for which exclusion would cause the primary government's financial statements to be misleading, should be included as a component unit.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units: an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, a government must include certain legally separate, tax-exempt entities in the government's financial reporting entity as discretely presented component units if they meet all three of the following conditions: (a) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents; (b) the primary government or its component units, are entitled to or have the ability to otherwise access a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organizations; or (c) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the specific primary government is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government. GASB Statement No. 39 had no effect on determining the County's discretely presented component units and therefore had no effect on the financial statements. Based on the criteria specified above, the Palm Beach County reporting entity includes both blended component units and discretely presented component units.

Blended Component Units

The following organizations have been presented as blended component units because the organization's governing body is substantially the same as the governing body of the County, or the organization provides services almost entirely to the primary government.

Palm Beach County Public Building Corporation – This corporation was created by Palm Beach County Ordinance 81-11 pursuant to Article VIII, Section 1 (f) of the Constitution of the State of Florida and Sections 125.01 (w) and 125.66, Florida Statutes. The corporation was incorporated on April 2, 1981 to provide financial assistance for and on behalf of the County by paying the costs of acquiring, constructing and equipping an Administrative Complex located at 301 North Olive Avenue in the City of West Palm Beach, Florida (the Project). The corporation also participates in certain activities incidental to such purpose, including the leasing of the Project to the County. This corporation currently has no fiscal activity.

Transportation Authority (Palm Tran, Inc.) – This corporation was created by Palm Beach County Resolution 95-1636D pursuant to Chapter 617, Florida Statutes. Its purpose is to operate for the advancement of charity by advancing public transportation and lessening the burden on Palm Beach County to provide a transportation system. The Board of Palm Tran, Inc. consists of the seven members of the Board of County Commissioners of Palm Beach County. The bylaws provide that the corporation shall have a president to act as the corporation's chief executive officer who shall be the County Administrator, a secretary/treasurer who shall be the Clerk to the Board of County Commissioners

or a deputy clerk designated for such purposes, and an executive director who shall be responsible for the day to day management and operations of the corporation. Palm Tran, Inc. is reported as a special revenue fund.

Solid Waste Authority of Palm Beach County (SWA) – The SWA is a dependent special district created under the Palm Beach County Solid Waste Act (the Act), Chapter 75-473, Laws of Florida. Chapter 91-334, Laws of Florida, became effective October 1, 1991 and amended Chapter 75-473 by providing that the seven members of the Palm Beach County Board of County Commissioners shall serve as the governing board of the Authority. The Board of the SWA is responsible for adopting an annual, non-appropriated, operating budget as a financial plan for the year. The Act gives the SWA the power to construct and operate solid waste disposal facilities and to require that all solid waste collected by private and/or public agencies within the County for disposal in the County be delivered to processing and disposal facilities designated by the SWA. The SWA is reported as an enterprise fund.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Component Unit columns in the basic financial statements include the financial data of the County's discretely presented Component Units. They are reported in separate columns to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. The following organizations are included in the reporting entity because the primary government (1) appointed a voting majority of the organization's board, (2) is able to impose its will on the organization, and (3) the organization provides services to the citizenry of Palm Beach County.

Housing Finance Authority of Palm Beach County, Florida (HFA) – This public authority was created by Palm Beach County Ordinance 79-3 pursuant to Chapter 159, Florida Statutes, as amended and supplemented. It was created to alleviate the shortage of housing available at affordable rates in Palm Beach County and the shortage of capital for investments in such housing. The Authority has the power to issue single family and multi-family revenue bonds to finance the purchase of housing by families of low and moderate income through investing in mortgage loans to eligible families. The HFA is presented as a proprietary fund type.

Westgate/Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) – This agency was created by Palm Beach County Resolution 89-649 pursuant to Section 163.355, Florida Statutes. It was created in order to develop and revitalize the blighted area known as Westgate/Belvedere Homes with intent to benefit Palm Beach County as a whole by returning improved property to the County's tax base. The CRA has the power to issue redevelopment revenue bonds from time to time to finance its undertaking of community redevelopment to the designated area. The CRA is presented as a governmental fund type.

Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) – This organization was created by Palm Beach County Resolution 79-1684 pursuant to Section 334.215, Florida

Statutes, as amended by Section 339.175, Florida Statutes. The members of the MPO are appointed by the Governor and consist of five members of the Board of County Commissioners, eleven members from local municipalities, and one member from the governing board of the Port of Palm Beach. The purpose of the MPO is to administer and execute the inter-local agreement providing for short-term and long-term planning for all modes of travel in order to benefit the citizens of Palm Beach County. The MPO is reported as a governmental fund type.

Complete financial statements for each of the individual component units may be obtained at the respective entity's administrative offices.

Palm Beach County Public Building Corporation 301 North Olive Avenue

West Palm Beach, FL 33401

Solid Waste Authority of Palm Beach County 7501 North Jog Road West Palm Beach, FL 33412 Metropolitan Planning Organization 160 Australian Avenue, Suite 201 West Palm Beach, FL 33406

Housing Finance Authority of Palm Beach County 810 Datura Street West Palm Beach, FL 33401

Westgate/Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency 160 Australian Ave, Suite 500 West Palm Beach, FL 33406

Related Organizations

The County's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations do not extend beyond making the appointments.

The following organizations are related organizations which have not been included in the reporting entity:

Palm Beach County Educational Facilities Authority – This organization was created by Palm Beach County Resolution 79-1493 pursuant to Chapter 243.18, Florida Statutes. Members of the authority are appointed by the Board of County Commissioners of Palm Beach County, but the County does not provide funding, has no obligation for the debt issued by the authority and cannot impose its will.

Palm Beach County Health Facilities Authority – This organization was created pursuant to Part III – Chapter 154, Florida Statutes, and by Ordinance 77-379 and 77-398 adopted by the Board of County Commissioners. Members of the authority are appointed by the Board of County Commissioners of Palm Beach County, but the County does not provide the funding, has no obligation for the debt issued by the authority and cannot impose its will.

Palm Beach County Workforce Development Board, Inc. – This Board was created pursuant to Palm Beach County Resolution 96-805D, as amended by

Resolutions 96-1539D and 97-510Dm as a result of the enactment by the Florida Legislature of the Workforce Florida Act of 1996. Members of the board are appointed by the Board of County Commissioners of Palm Beach County, but the County does not provide the funding, has no obligation for the debt issued by the board and cannot impose its will.

Joint Ventures

East Central Regional Wastewater Facility

In September 1992, Palm Beach County entered into a thirty-year joint inter-local agreement (the Agreement) with four municipalities for the East Central Regional Wastewater Facility (the Facility). The Facility was created to receive, treat and dispose of sewage generated within each municipality and the County. Under GAAP, the County is required to account for this joint venture using the equity method. Accordingly, the County recorded its initial investment at cost and is required to record its proportionate share of the Facility's income or loss. Palm Beach County's interest in the joint venture is recorded in the County's Water Utilities Enterprise Fund. As of September 30, 2007, the Facility had total assets of \$103,598,406 and total net assets of \$88,048,019 including \$62,749,048 invested in capital, net of debt, and \$12,824,422 of unrestricted net assets. September 30, 2008 amounts are expected to approximate the above figures.

The Agreement provides for the establishment of a board comprised of one representative from each participating entity, with the City of West Palm Beach being designated to administer and operate the Facility. The Facility's board has the authority to accept and disburse funds, approve an annual budget, transact business, enter into contracts and decide all other matters related to the Facility.

The proportionate share for each entity is determined by the reserve capacity of the Facility allocated to each participant. At September 30, 2008, Palm Beach County had a 33.59% interest. The participants and each entity's interest at September 30, 2008 are as follows:

	RESERVE CAPACITY
PARTICIPANT	PERCENTAGES
City of West Palm Beach	26.56%
Palm Beach County	33.59%
City of Lake Worth	19.53%
City of Riviera Beach	12.50%
Town of Palm Beach	7.82%
TOTAL	100.00%

Separate financial statements for the Facility may be obtained at the following address:

East Central Regional Wastewater Facilities City of West Palm Beach P.O. Box 3506 West Palm Beach, FL 33402

Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission

The Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission (the "Commission") was created in November 1985. As a joint venture among the member governmental units, the Commission enables a limited number of qualifying governments to participate in pooled debt financing with pricing and cost structures not normally available to governmental entities acting individually.

Loan obligations from the Commission are reflected as debt by the participating governmental units. Palm Beach County has no obligation and minimal event risk associated with the Commission other than the repayment of its loan from the Commission.

Financial Statements may be obtained from the Commission.

B. Basic Financial Statements

The County's Basic Financial Statements contain three components; government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements - The government-wide financial statements provide an overview of the County's financial position using the accrual basis of accounting. The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the assets and liabilities of the County as a whole. The difference between assets and liabilities is reported as net assets. Changes in net assets may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying economic transactions occur, regardless of when cash is received or paid. Therefore, some of the revenues or expenses reported in the Statement of Activities will have cash flows in future fiscal periods. For example, uncollected taxes are shown as revenues although cash receipts will occur in the future. Unused vacation leave results in an expense although related cash outflows will occur in the future.

The government-wide financial statements show a distinction between activities that are supported primarily by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) and activities that are intended to recover all or most of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, human services and culture and recreation. The business-type activities of the County include the Water Utilities Department, the Department of Airports and the Solid Waste Authority.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (the primary government), but also its' discretely presented component units, the legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable.

Fund financial statements – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to

maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with legal, legislative, contractual, and other finance-related provisions. All of the funds of the County may be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money or other spendable financial resources flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. The measurement focus is based upon determination of changes in financial resources. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the County's programs. The governmental fund category includes the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, and capital project funds. There is a reconciliation of the governmental activities presented in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities to the governmental funds presented in the fund financial statements. The following is a description of the County's major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the primary operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund specifically accounts for the County-wide and Municipal Services Taxing Unit portions of the General Fund.

Special Revenue Funds:

The **Fire Rescue Fund** is used to account for ad valorem taxes and other revenues designated for fire rescue services.

The **Sheriff's Fund** is used to account for the expenditures necessary to carry out the powers, duties and obligations of the elected office of Sheriff as detailed in Chapter 30.15, Florida Statutes.

Capital Projects Funds:

The **General Government Capital Fund** is used to account for improvements not included in any other category. It is a major fund for public interest reasons.

The **Road Program Capital Fund** is used to account for costs related to the design and acquisition of rights of way and the construction of improvements to the County's major thoroughfare road system, primarily represented by the County's Five Year Road Program.

All other nonmajor governmental funds are aggregated into a single column for presentation purposes.

Proprietary Funds – The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its Water Utilities Department, its Department of Airports and the Solid Waste Authority. All three of these operations are considered to be major proprietary funds of the County. Internal Service Funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's other functions. The County uses internal service funds to account for Fleet Management, Graphics, Risk Management and Information Systems Service programs. These programs are included in the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements because they predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions. The measurement focus is based on changes in economic resources. The five internal service funds are aggregated into a single column for presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. The County's three major proprietary funds are described below:

The **Water Utilities Department Fund** is used to account for the operations of the water and wastewater system in the unincorporated areas of the County. Water and wastewater fees are determined annually by rate studies and are set at levels to recover the expenses of operations, including debt service, in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Activities necessary to provide water and wastewater service are accounted for in this fund, including customer service, engineering, operations and maintenance.

The **Department of Airports Fund** is used to account for the operations of the four County-owned airports – Palm Beach International Airport in West Palm Beach and three general aviation airports located in Palm Beach Gardens, Lantana and Pahokee.

The **Solid Waste Authority Fund** is used to account for the operations of the Solid Waste Authority on a countywide basis. Refuse generated in the unincorporated areas of the County is collected by franchised and non-franchised collectors serving residential and commercial customers and by private companies servicing their own customers. Refuse dumping fees are reviewed annually and are set at levels sufficient to recover operating and debt service expenses.

Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not measure results of operations. Agency funds are used to account for resources held by the government as an agent for individuals, private organizations and other governments. Assets held include cash bonds, purchasing bid bonds, security deposits, fines and forfeitures, tax deeds, tax payments, and license and registration payments. These funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources in these funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment for transactions is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of

accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial reports.

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The governmental fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The Agency fund financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting.

With the economic resources measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. With the accrual method of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements show increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net assets.

Governmental fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds show increases (i.e. revenues and other financing resources) and decreases (i.e. expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, that is, when they become both measurable and available to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenue to be available if they are collected within 60 days of year-end. Revenues not considered available are recorded as deferred revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred; however, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, and other post employment benefits are recorded only when payment is due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, there are essentially two types of revenues. In one, monies must be expended for the specific purpose or project before any intergovernmental revenues will be received by the County; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures incurred when the eligibility requirements are met, if "available" under modified accrual. In the other, intergovernmental revenues are virtually unrestricted and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

D. Cash and Investments

Additional information is provided in Note 2, Cash and Investments.

Deposits

All deposits are held in qualified public depositories pursuant to the Florida Statutes, Chapter 280, "Florida Security for Public Deposits Act" and are covered by either federal depository insurance or collateral held by the Chief Financial Officer of Florida.

In the event of a default by a qualified public depository, all claims for government deposits would be satisfied by the Chief Financial Officer of Florida from the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the public depository in default and, if necessary, a pro rata assessment to the other qualified public depositories in the collateral pool.

Cash Equivalents

Highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased are reported as cash equivalents. The funds' investments in the County's internal investment pool are reported in the fund financial statements as cash equivalents. For the entity-wide Statement of Net Assets, the primary government's investment in the internal investment pool is reported separately from investments held outside the pool.

Internal Investment Pool

The County maintains an investment pool for substantially all cash and cash equivalents and investments of all funds. All money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts with a remaining maturity at time of purchase of ninety days or less are recorded at amortized cost plus accrued interest. All other investments are carried at fair value as determined from quoted market prices. Each fund's portion of the pool is presented as "cash and cash equivalents", "investments" or "restricted assets" as appropriate. Earnings are allocated to each fund based on average daily balances of cash and investments. The County considers cash and cash equivalents to be cash on hand, demand deposits, investments and equity in the County's cash management internal investment pool. The internal investment pool is reported as a cash equivalent in accordance with GASB 9 footnote 5 and the 2008 GASB Comprehensive Implementation Guide, paragraph 2.13.1.

Investments

State statues and local ordinances authorize County investments in obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, repurchase agreements, interest-bearing time deposits, savings accounts, the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (State Board of Administration), the Florida Local Government Investment Trust (FLGIT), collateralized mortgage obligations (CMO), certain corporate securities, bankers acceptances, and money market mutual funds.

State statues authorize Solid Waste Authority (SWA) investments in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (State Board of Administration), interest-bearing time deposits, savings accounts, negotiable direct obligations of or obligations unconditionally guaranteed by the U.S. Government, obligations of the Federal Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal Home Loan Bank or its districts, interest rate swap agreements, and obligations guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association and obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association and mutual funds limited to U.S. Government securities.

All investments are reported at fair value except for the following which are reported at amortized cost as permitted by GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*:

Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (State Board of Administration), Guaranteed Investment Contracts (nonparticipating), Money Market Mutual Funds.

The following external investment pools are not SEC-registered:

The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (State Board of Administration of Florida) is an external investment pool operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Regulatory oversight of the State Board of Administration is provided by three elected officials who are accountable to the electorate: the Governor of the State of Florida, as Chairman; the Chief Financial Officer of Florida, as Treasurer; and the State Comptroller, as Secretary. External oversight of the State Board of Administration is provided by the Investment Advisory Council which reviews the investments made by the staff of the Board of Administration and makes recommendations to the Board regarding investment policy, strategy, and procedures. Audit oversight is provided by the Florida Auditor General's Office. The share price of this investment represents the fund's amortized cost as permitted for a 2a7-like pool. The Florida Local Government Investment Trust (FLGIT) is a local government investment pool developed jointly by the Florida Association of Court Clerks and the Florida Association of Counties. The FLGIT has no regulatory oversight, but has been recognized by an Internal Revenue Service private letter ruling as a tax-exempt organization, received a Standard and Poor's rating and is governed by a six member Board of Trustees. The share price of this investment represents the fair value of the

E. Accounts and Other Receivables

fund's underlying investments.

Accounts receivable are recorded net of allowances for bad debts. Allowance for uncollectible receivables is based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of receivables. These allowances relate to the enterprise funds and are not significant. Billings to water utility customers are based on metered consumption which is determined at various dates each month. Estimated unbilled consumption at year-end is recognized as revenue in the Water Utilities Fund. Other receivables include low income housing loans to individuals and developers, a loan to the convention center and a contribution receivable from FAU as part of the Scripps project.

F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories consisting primarily of materials and supplies are stated at cost based upon the first-in, first-out method. Purchases of inventories for governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the period purchased, except for the Sheriff, which is accounted for using the consumption method. Inventories for governmental fund types, which use the purchases method, are reported on the governmental funds balance sheet as an asset of the fund with a corresponding reserve against fund balance. Inventories of

proprietary type funds are reported as an expense when consumed in the operations of the fund.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Expenditures for insurance and similar services extending over more than one accounting period are accounted for as expenditures of the period of acquisition.

G. Capital Assets

Property, plant, and equipment and infrastructure assets (such as roads, sidewalks, bridges, and drainage systems) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns of the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements. All work in process for the current fiscal year has been capitalized as Construction In Progress as the related projects have not yet been completed. Capital assets are defined as those assets with an initial, individual cost of over \$1,000. Contributed capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the time received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. In addition, net interest costs are capitalized on projects during the construction period. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives as follows:

Asset Classification	Estimated Useful Life (In Years)
Buildings, Utility Plants and Systems	10-50
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	2-15
Improvements Other Than Buildings	5-20
Infrastructure	20-50

In the governmental fund financial statements, the costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheets.

Goodwill is determined based on the difference between the acquisition price and the fair value of all assets acquired. Amortization of goodwill related to the utility system acquisition is also computed on the straight-line method. The Water Utilities Department has two items of goodwill: 1.) the goodwill resulting from the acquisition of the Village of Royal Palm Beach's Utility System is amortized over 30 years which represents the period the bonds issued to fund the acquisition will be outstanding, and 2.) the goodwill resulting from the acquisition of the Indian Trail Improvement District Utility System is amortized over 40 years.

H. Compensated Absences

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the County accrues a liability for compensated absences, as well as certain other salary-related costs associated with the payment of compensated absences. Vacation leave is accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees. Sick leave is also accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees, but only to the extent

that it is probable that the County will compensate the employees for the benefits through cash payments at termination or retirement.

Under the accrual basis of accounting used in the government-wide financial statements and the separate proprietary fund financial statements, the entire compensated absences liability (long-term and short-term) is reported when earned as described above. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation and retirements.

I. Landfill Closure and Post-closure Care Costs

In accordance with governmental accounting standards, the County, as a municipal solid waste land owner, records a current expense and the related long-term liability for certain future landfill closure and Post-closure care costs for landfills still accepting solid waste. The portion of these future costs currently recognized is based on the amount of landfill capacity consumed as of each balance sheet date. The County also records the current estimated liability for remediation and monitoring costs for landfills that closed on or before October 9, 1991. More information on these expenses and related long-term liabilities is disclosed in the *Landfill Closure and Post-closure Care Costs* Note.

J. Deferred Issuance Costs, Bond Discounts, Premiums and Deferred Amounts on Refunding

At the government-wide level and in the proprietary funds, expenses incurred in connection with the issuance of long-term debt, as well as bond discounts, premiums and deferred amounts on refunding, are deferred and amortized over the term of the related financing using a method that approximates the effective interest method. For governmental funds, these costs are considered to be period costs.

K. Self-Insurance

The County maintains a Risk Management (Workers' Compensation) self-insurance program, a Casualty self-insurance program, and an Employee health self-insurance program which are accounted for as internal service funds. The County has elected to essentially self-insure itself for health benefits to County employees and employees of component units of the County electing to participate in the plan. The plan covers approximately 4,900 participants.

The three (3) self-insurance programs are designed to be self-sustaining through actuarially determined premiums established annually to cover expected claims, administration and a margin for unexpected losses or expenses.

L. Financial Reporting for Government-wide and Proprietary Funds

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and

enterprise funds, subject to the same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

M. Pension and Other Post-Employment Benefits Disclosure

The County applies GASB Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Government Employers, for the measurement, recognition, and display of pension expenditures or expenses as discussed in a subsequent note.

The County applies GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, for the measurement, recognition, and display of OPEB expenditures or expenses, liabilities and assets as discussed in a subsequent note.

N. Elimination of Internal Activity

In the government-wide Statement of Activities, interfund activity, such as transfers in and out as well as transfers within the Internal Service Funds and within the Governmental Activities category is eliminated. Interfund activity between governmental and business-type activities is not eliminated. Interfund services provided and used between functions are not eliminated because removing interfund services would distort the functional expenses presented in the Statement of Activities.

O. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

P. Budgets

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Pursuant to Chapter 129, Florida Statutes, General Budget Policies, the following procedures are followed by the Board of County Commissioners in establishing, adopting and maintaining the operating budget.

- 1. On or before July 15, the County Administrator, through the Office of Financial Management and Budget (OFMB) submits to the Board of County Commissioners a tentative budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1. This is a detailed plan outlining all programs and estimated departmental revenues and expenditures for the upcoming year.
- 2. Taxpayers are informed of the proposed budget and tentative millage rates through advertising and public hearings which are held to elicit taxpayer comments.

- 3. The budget is legally adopted through Board of County Commission action for the fiscal year beginning October 1.
- 4. The Board at any time within a fiscal year may amend a budget for that year as follows:
 - a. Appropriations for expenditures in any fund may be decreased and other appropriations in the same fund correspondingly increased by action recorded in the minutes, provided that the total of the appropriations of the fund are not changed. The Board of County Commissioners, however, may establish procedures by which the designated budget officer may authorize certain intradepartmental budget amendments, provided that the total appropriation of the department shall not be changed.
 - b. Appropriations from reserves may be made to increase appropriations by resolution of the Board, but no expenditures shall be directly charged to any reserve.
 - c. A receipt from a source not anticipated in the budget and received for a particular purpose including, but not limited to, grants, donations, gifts or reimbursements for damages may, by resolution of the Board recorded in its minutes, be appropriated and expended for that purpose, in addition to the appropriations and expenditures provided for in the budget. Such receipts and appropriations shall be added to the budget in the proper fund. During fiscal year 2008, supplemental appropriations amounted to a net increase of \$635,517,211, or approximately 15.8% of the original budget.
- 5. It is unlawful for the Board to expend or contract for the expenditures in any fiscal year more than the amount budgeted in each individual fund's budget, and in no case shall the total appropriations of any budget be exceeded. In addition, to comply with the above statutory requirements, the Board of County Commissioners has elected to adopt management controls and approved guidelines, which provide for the budget to be controlled at a detail level greater than the statutory level of control. This control (effective legal level) is maintained at the department or fund level. A separate detailed report providing this information is available for inspection at OFMB. Annual budgets are legally adopted for all governmental and proprietary fund types. Budgetary comparisons presented herein are on a basis consistent with GAAP.

CLERK OF CIRCUIT COURT

Chapter 218.35, Florida Statutes, governs the preparation, adoption and administration of the Clerk & Comptroller's (the Clerk) annual budget. The Clerk, as county fee officer, establishes an annual budget for her office, which clearly reflects the revenues available to the office and the functions for which the money is to be expended.

The Clerk, functioning in her capacity as Clerk of the Circuit and County Courts and as Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners, prepares her budget in two parts:

- 1. The budget for funds necessary to perform court-related functions as provided for in Florida Statute 28.36, which details the methodologies used to apportion costs between court-related and non-court-related functions performed by the clerk.
- 2. The budget relating to the requirements of the Clerk as Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners, County Auditor, and Custodian or Treasurer of all county funds and other county related duties.

SHERIFF

Chapter 30.49, Florida Statutes, governs the preparation, adoption and administration of the Sheriff's annual budget. By May 1 each year, the Sheriff shall certify to the Board a proposed budget of expenditures for performing the duties of his office for the ensuing fiscal year. The Sheriff's budget is legally adopted by Board of County Commission action for the fiscal year beginning October 1.

TAX COLLECTOR AND PROPERTY APPRAISER

Chapter 195.087, Florida Statutes, governs the preparation, adoption and administration of the budgets of the Tax Collector and Property Appraiser. On or before a legally designated date each year, the Tax Collector and the Property Appraiser shall submit to the Florida Department of Revenue a budget for the ensuing fiscal year. A copy of such budget shall be furnished at the same time to the Board of County Commissioners. Final approval of the budgets is given by the Florida Department of Revenue.

SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS

Chapter 129, (sections .02 and .202), Florida Statutes, governs the preparation, adoption and administration of the budget of the Supervisor of Elections. On or before June 1 of each year, the Supervisor of Elections shall submit to the Board of County Commissioners a tentative budget for the ensuing fiscal year.

However, the Board of County Commissioners of Palm Beach County, by resolution R-95-1195, requires the tentative budget to be submitted by May 1 of each year.

Q. Encumbrances

The County uses encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrances represent the estimated amount of expenditures ultimately to result if unperformed contracts and open purchase orders are completed. Since appropriations lapse at year end, it is the County's policy to liquidate open encumbrances and re-appropriate such amounts in the beginning of the next fiscal year.

R. Designations of Unreserved Fund Balances

Unreserved fund balances as of September 30, 2008, have the following significant designations:

Designation	 Amount
General Fund:	
Encumbrances	\$ 1,373,251
Contingency	\$20,000,000
Special Revenue Funds:	
Encumbrances	28,275,078
Fire Rescue Long-Term Disability	13,031,419
Capital Projects Funds:	
Encumbrances	250,010,021

Amounts designated for encumbrances represent outstanding purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments at year-end, which were re-appropriated at the beginning of fiscal year 2009, in accordance with County policy.

The amount designated for contingencies represents the portion of fund balance that was designated by the Board of County Commissioners for unforeseen expenditures or potential revenue shortfalls in fiscal year 2009.

In addition to these designations, unreserved Fund Balances in the Special Revenue Funds and Capital Project Funds are usually required to be expended for specific purposes and are not available for general county-wide purposes.

S. Operating versus Non-operating Revenue and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's Enterprise and Internal Service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating revenues for the Enterprise Funds include water and wastewater service fees, airport fees and charges and solid waste refuse fees. For the Internal Service funds, operating revenues include charges to other departments for various maintenance, communications and insurance services. Operating expenses for the Enterprise and Internal Service Funds include costs of sales and services, administrative fees, insurance payments and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are considered non-operating items.

T. Use of Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

U. Fund Equity and Net Assets

Fund Equity

The County has established certain reservations of fund equity to indicate the portion of fund balance that is not appropriable for expenditure or is legally segregated for a specific future use. Reservations of fund balance are reported on the Balance Sheet.

Net Assets

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt is that portion of net assets that relates to the County's capital assets, reduced by debt outstanding used to purchase or construct the capital assets. The related debt is reduced by any unspent proceeds that are outstanding at fiscal year-end.

Restricted net assets is that portion of net assets that has been restricted from general use by external parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The entity-wide statement of net assets (government activities) reports \$721,136,994 of restricted net assets, of which \$300,943,706 is restricted by enabling legislation.

V. Property Tax

Taxes in Palm Beach County are levied by the Board of County Commissioners for the County. The millage levies are determined on the basis of estimates or revenue needs and the total taxable valuations within the jurisdiction of the Board of County Commissioners. No aggregate ad valorem tax millage (in excess of 10 mills on the dollar) is levied against property of the County as specified in Chapter 200.071, Florida Statutes.

Each year the total taxable valuation is established by the County Property Appraiser and the list of property assessments is submitted to the State Department of Revenue for approval. County ad valorem taxes are a lien on the property against which they are assessed from January 1 of the year of assessment until paid or barred by operation of law (statute of limitations). Taxes are levied on October 1, become due and payable on November 1 of each year, or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll is opened for collection, and are delinquent on April 1 of the following year.

Pursuant to Florida law, the Tax Collector advertises and sells tax certificates on all real property for which there are unpaid taxes. Accordingly, there is no property taxes receivable as of September 30, 2008.

For the 2007 tax roll year, the assessment roll was opened for collection on November 1, 2007, and discounts for payment prior to April 1, 2008, were determined as follows:

4%	if paid in November 2007
3%	if paid in December 2007
2%	if paid in January 2008
1%	if paid in Februrary 2008

W. Interest Costs

Interest costs are charged to expense or expenditure as incurred. Proprietary funds follow the provisions of FASB Statement No. 34, *Capitalization of Interest Costs* and No. 62, *Capitalization of Interest Cost on Certain Tax-Exempt Borrowings and Certain Gifts and Grants*. Interest cost incurred by proprietary funds for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008 amounted to \$24,030,469, of which \$2,352,563 was capitalized.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Additional cash and investment information is provided in Note 1, paragraph D (Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Cash and Investments).

At September 30, 2008 the cash and investments consisted of the following:

	Carrying Value	Bank Balance			
Deposits in Financial Institutions	\$ 176,983,687	\$ 227,837,992			
Cash on hand	180,756				
Investments	2,098,095,556				
Total	\$ 2,275,259,999	•			
·					

Cash and investments are reported in the Statement of Net Assets as follows:

	Primary		Agency	
	Government	Government		Total
Cash and cash equivalents				
Internal investment pool	\$ 1,767,972,247	\$	10,162,045	\$ 1,778,134,292
Non-pool accounts	408,948,033		64,245,937	473,193,970
	2,176,920,280		74,407,982	2,251,328,262
Investments				
Fund investments	23,931,737		-	23,931,737
	\$ 2,200,852,017	\$	74,407,982	\$ 2,275,259,999

The County's internal investment pool is reported as a cash equivalent, in accordance with the following GAAP. Per GASB 9 footnote 5, cash includes deposits in other kinds of accounts or cash management pools that have the general characteristics of demand deposit accounts where the County may deposit additional cash at any time and also withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty. Per the 2008 GASB Comprehensive Implementation Guide paragraph 2.13.1, a participant's equity in an

internal cash management or investment pool is considered cash if the participant is able to withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty. Accordingly, the County's internal investment pool is reported as a cash equivalent.

The investments of the primary government are as follows:

Entity		% of
		Primary
	 Investments	Govt
Internal Investment Pool	\$ 1,795,398,372	85.6%
Solid Waste Authorty	274,145,112	13.1%
Airports	19,665,715	0.9%
Clerk & Comptroller	3,989,859	0.2%
Property Appraiser	3,771,914	0.2%
County Funds	919,500	0.0%
Tax Collector	203,779	0.0%
Sheriff	 1,305	0.0%
	\$ 2,098,095,556	100.0%

As of September 30, 2008, the primary government had the following investments:

					Ma	turity in Years			
Investment Type						1 Year but		3 Years but	
		Fair		Less Than		Less Than		Less Than	
		Value		1 Year		3 Years		10 Years	
Investments subject to interest rate risk									
Adjustable Rate Securities	\$	427,917,477	\$	-	\$	15,107,430	\$	412,810,047	
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations		368,347,836				172,066,240		196,281,596	
Mortgage Backed Securities		317,852,636		4,375,520		13,758,292		299,718,824	
Indexed Amortization Notes		205,908,923		-		7,897,015		198,011,908	
Callable Bonds		200,949,845		200,949,845				-	
Step Rate Bonds		45,021,910		45,021,910				-	
Corporate Notes		41,740,605						41,740,605	
External Investment Pools		29,731,969		-		27,580,920		2,151,049	
Foreign Government Bonds		5,054,612				5,054,612		-	
Fixed Rate Term Bonds		919,500		919,500				-	
	1	1,643,445,313	\$	251,266,775	\$	241,464,509	\$ 1	1,150,714,029	
Other investments									
Money Market Mutual Funds		360,189,012							
External 2a7-like Investment Pools		73,311,309							
Guaranteed Investment Contracts		21,149,922	_						
	\$2	2,098,095,556							

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the County Investment Policy, the Clerk & Comptroller manages the County's internal investment pool's exposure to declines in fair values by managing overall effective duration appropriate to the risk tolerance in meeting stated objectives. The Policy states that at the time of purchase, the County's investments must have a final maturity or average life of 10 years or less. The County's Investment Policy limits investments in collateralized mortgage obligations (CMO) to 20% of total value of the County's internal investment pool. Investments in IO (interest only), PO (principal only), inverse floaters, other volatile CMO types, and corporate convertible

securities are all prohibited. All CMO issues must pass the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council (FFIEC) High Risk Security Test on a quarterly basis, or as specified in any Trust Indenture.

In accordance with its investment policy, the Solid Waste Authority manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting U.S. Treasury obligations/instrumentalities to maturities of no more than 5 years, U.S. Federal Agency securities to maturities of no more than 3 years and interest rate swap agreements to no more than 10 years.

<u>Credit Risk</u>

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer will not fulfill its obligations.

Investments	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio	Standard & Poor's Investment Rating Service
Investments to credit risk			
U.S Government Sponsored Enterprises (GSE)	\$ 1,245,492,674	59.4%	AAA
Money Market Mutual Funds	360,189,012	17.2%	AAAm
U.S. Treasuries & Guaranteed Agencies	321,424,148	15.3%	U.S. Guarantee
Corporate Securities	32,652,683	1.6%	AAA
Florida Local Government Investment Trust (FLGIT)	27,580,920	1.3%	AAAf
Guaranteed Investment Contracts	21,149,922	1.0%	Not rated
Corporate Securities	9,087,922	0.4%	AA-
Foreign Government Bonds	5,054,612	0.2%	A-
Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (SBA pool A)	73,311,309	3.5%	AAAm
Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (SBA pool B)	2,151,049	0.1%	Not rated
Private Issue Collaterialized Mortgage Obligation	1,305	0.0%	AAA
	\$2,098,095,556	100.0%	-

No rating by Moody's or Fitch was lower then Standard and Poor's. Some securities were not rated by Moody's and Fitch.

Local Government Investment Pool and Fund B: On November 29, 2007 the Board of Trustees of the State Board of Administration (SBA) closed the LGIP to all redemptions by participants due to substantial withdrawals from the LGIP over the two preceding weeks that severely reduced the overall liquidity of the LGIP. The withdrawals were in response to published press reports concerning the exposure of the LGIP investments to potential losses from sub-prime mortgage investments. On December 4, 2007 the Board of Trustees approved a restructuring plan for the LGIP and engaged a new investment manager for the LGIP.

The restructuring divided the LGIP into two separate pools, the LGIP and Fund B representing approximately 86% and 14%, respectively, of the original LGIP assets. The

LGIP was designated as the ongoing fund consisting of only short-term, money market assets of the highest quality. On December 6, 2007, the LGIP re-opened to accept new deposits from participants and allow restricted withdrawals. Fund B retained all securities from the original LGIP that had defaulted, were in default or had extended payment terms or potentially elevated credit risk. Fund B is closed to deposits and withdrawals and is generally expected to hold all assets to their ultimate maturity and to distribute funds to participants as they become available. The Fund B investment is recorded at fair value based on the net asset value of the Fund B assets reported by the SBA.

The ultimate realizable value and the date when the LGIP Fund B investment will be available to the participant cannot be determined at this time. Additional information on the current status of the LGIP may be obtained from the State Board of Administration.

In accordance with the County's Investment Policy for the internal investment pool, investments in commercial paper and bankers acceptances are limited to ratings of A-1 or P-1 or higher by Standard and Poor's and Moody's respectively. Investments in corporate securities are limited to ratings of AA or higher by Standard and Poor's and Moody's. Corporate securities are limited to no more then 20% of the investment pool's total market value, excluding commercial paper, which is limited to 25% of the total market value. No-load money market mutual funds backed by government bonds are allowable if rated in the highest rating category of a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (NRSRO).

In accordance with the Solid Waste Authority's investment policy, investments are limited to the State of Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (an external 2a7-like pool), U.S Treasury and Instrumentality obligations, U.S. Agency securities and investments that are fully collateralized or secured.

Custodial Credit Risk- Investments

This type of risk would arise in the event of the failure of a custodian of County investments, after which the government would not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of the third party custodian.

To guard against this risk, the County's investment policy for the internal investment pool requires that all securities be insured or registered in the name of the County and held by a third party custodial institution, with capital and surplus stock of at least \$500 million and a separate custody account at the Federal Reserve Bank (FED) specifically designated by the FED as restricted for the safekeeping of the member-bank's customerowned securities only. All securities purchased or sold are transferred "delivery versus payment" (D.V.P.) or "payment versus delivery" to ensure that funds or securities are not released until all criteria relating to the specific transactions are met.

The Solid Waste Authority's investment policy requires that all securities be registered in the name of the SWA and held by a third party safekeeping institution.

Concentration Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer.

		Percentage
Investment Issuer	Fair Value	of Total
Florida National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae)	478,101,503	22.7%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Company (Freddie Mac)	\$ 455,566,539	21.7%
Other combined- less then 5% per issuer	324,259,667	15.5%
Federal Home Loan Bank	297,300,674	14.2%
Government National Mortgage Association (Ginnie Mae)	273,215,708	13.0%
AIM Institutional Money Market Fund	155,024,913	7.4%
Dreyfus Govt Money Market Fund	114,626,552	5.5%
	\$ 2,098,095,556	100.0%

The County's investment policy for the internal investment pool limits investments in corporate securities to 2% of total pool market value per single issuer.

In accordance with the Solid Waste Authority's investment policy, securities of a single issuer are limited to 5% of the portfolio's fair value except for U.S. Treasuries, U.S. Government instrumentalities and U.S. Federal Agencies which are limited to 10%. Interest rate swap agreements and GIC agreements are limited to 50% of the portfolio's fair value.

Foreign Currency Risk:

Foreign Currency Risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. There was no exposure to foreign currency risk. The County was invested in foreign bonds denominated in U.S. dollars.

COMPONENT UNITS:

Westgate/Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA)

As of September 30, 2008, the carrying value of deposits with financial institutions was \$,635,479 and the bank balance was \$1,678,337. The CRA was invested in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (SBA) Pool A with a fair value of \$383,685 and \$17,635 in Pool B. Pool A is an external 2a7-like investment pool which is not SEC-registered. See Note 1 paragraph D (Summary of Significant Accounting Policies) for additional information.

Interest rate risk:

The weighted average maturity for the underlying investments of the SBA pool A is 9 days and pool B is 9.4 years as of September 30, 2008. CRA has no formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value

losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk:

The SBA pool A is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor and pool B is not rated. The CRA has no formal investment policy that limits investment credit risk.

Custodial credit risk- investments:

The CRA has no formal investment policy that limits custodial credit risk.

Concentration risk:

100% of investments are invested in the SBA. The CRA has no formal investment policy that limits investment concentration risk.

Palm Beach County Housing Finance Authority (HFA)

As of September 30, 2008, HFA had the following investments:

Investments	Fair Value	Percent of Total Investments	Maturity	Standard & Poor's Investment Rating Service
Fidelity U.S. Treasury Portfolio Money Market Mutual Fund	\$ 8,108,292	96.6%	53 days	AAAm
Government National Mortgage Association Bond (Ginnie Mae)	133,132	1.6%	11/15/2024	Guaranteed by U.S. Govt
Government National Mortgage Association Bond (Ginnie Mae)	80,136	1.0%	4/15/2025	Guaranteed by U.S. Govt
Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (State Board of Administration) Pool A	5,504	0.1%	9 days	AAAm
Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (State Board of Administration) Pool B	2,554	0.0%	9.4 years	Not Rated
Single Family Bond Issues Series 1999A	29,422	0.4%	4/1/2032	Not Rated
Single Family Bond Issues Series 1999B	26,939	0.3%	4/1/2031	Not Rated
Total investments	\$8,385,979	100.0%		

Single Family Bond Issues:

The Authority provided funds for the issuance costs of certain Housing Finance Authority of Palm Beach County Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds. Similar to interest-only strips, the repayment is being made by receipt of a certain fixed percentage of each monthly interest payment for GNMA Certificates and FNMA Securities related to the Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bond Issues.

The investments in Single Family Bond Issues are valued at the costs incurred to date until the end of the Bond issue's certificate acquisition period (typically within 18 months). From that point forward, the investments are valued at fair value based on the assumed prepayment rates (between 150% and 100% of the Public Security Association prepayment model) and a discount rate of 10%. The fair value of these investments is subject to fluctuations in the prepayment rate. The valuations are based on projections provided by the original bond underwriters. Any impairment to the recorded investment balance is recorded when identified.

Interest Rate Risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Cash and cash equivalents have a weighted average maturity of less than one year, resulting in minimal interest rate risk. The Authority's investment policy limits the maturity of investments to match cash and anticipated cash flow requirements. The investment in GNMA securities and Single Family Bond issues is subject to interest rate risk as a function of the length of time to maturity and are based on pools of residential home mortgage loans which are subject to prepayments and therefore highly sensitive to changes in interest rates.

Credit Risk:

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer will not fulfill its obligations. The Authority's investment policy addresses credit risk by limiting allowable investments to the State of Florida Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund, deposits with a financial institution meeting the requirements of a Florida Qualified Public Depository, and securities guaranteed by the U.S. Government. The security rating by a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (NRSRO) is also an indication of credit risk. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund B and Single Family Bond issues do not carry a credit rating. The Fidelity Institutional U.S. Treasury Portfolio money market fund and GNMA securities are rated AAAm and AAA respectively by Standard & Poor's at September 30, 2008

On November 29, 2007 the Board of Trustees of the SBA closed the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund to all redemptions by participants due to substantial withdrawals over the two preceding weeks that severely reduced the overall liquidity of the fund. On December 6, 2007 withdrawals (with some limitations) were permitted. In addition, for the month of November 2007 no investment earnings were credited to participating governments.

Custodial Credit Risk:

Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that the Authority may not recover the securities held by another party in the event of a financial failure. The Authority's investment policy for custodial credit risk requires all investment securities to be held in the Authority's name by a third party safekeeping institution. The investments in the Fidelity Institutional U.S. Treasury Portfolio money market mutual fund and Local Government Surplus are considered *unclassified* pursuant to the custodial credit risk categories. The investments in GNMA securities and Single Family Bond issues are held by the Authority's safekeeping agent in the Authority's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk:

Concentration of credit risk is defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The Authority's investment policy addresses the concentration of credit risk by limiting the maximum amount that may be invested in any one issuer, except for investments in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund and U.S. Treasury obligations, which are not limited.

Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO)

At September 30, 2008 MPO's equity in Palm Beach County's internal investment pool was \$266,086 which is included with other primary government receivables in the Statement of Net Assets in "Due from primary government.

Interest rate risk:

The County's internal investment pool had an effective duration of 2.1 years as of September 30, 2008. MPO has no formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk:

The County's internal investment pool is rated AAAf/S1 by Standard & Poor's at September 30, 2008. MPO has no formal investment policy that limits investment credit risk.

Custodial credit risk- investments:

The MPO has no formal investment policy that limits custodial credit risk.

Concentration risk:

100% of investments are invested in the County's internal investment pool. MPO has no formal investment policy that limits investment concentration risk.

3. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Various departments within the County provide goods, administration, public safety, maintenance and various other services to other operating departments. Charges for these services are determined using direct and indirect cost allocation methods or amounts determined based upon direct negotiations between the related parties. The most significant of these transactions involves the reimbursement of indirect costs in accordance with the indirect cost plan. Accordingly, the reimbursement of these indirect costs in fiscal year 2008 was \$17,319,377.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

Primary Government

•	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deductions	Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Non-depreciable assets:				
Land	\$ 700,758,869	\$ 41,121,759	\$ (3,998,533)	\$ 737,882,095
Construction In Progress	334,868,186	174,953,603	(178,755,401)	331,066,388
Total non-depreciable assets	1,035,627,055	216,075,362	(182,753,934)	1,068,948,483
Depreciable assets:				
Buildings and improvements	752,686,929	67,128,353	(9,255,235)	810,560,047
Improvements other than buildings	278,600,651	21,432,561	(508,764)	299,524,448
Equipment	509,940,203	69,634,642	(50,110,341)	529,464,504
Infrastructure	1,155,985,081	51,012,412	-	1,206,997,493
Total depreciable assets	2,697,212,864	209,207,968	(59,874,340)	2,846,546,492
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(237,851,966)	(20,810,562)	8,763,860	(249,898,668)
Improvements other than buildings	(151,863,528)	(9,775,447)	493,878	(161,145,097)
Equipment	(332,641,036)	(54,417,977)	45,727,623	(341,331,390)
Infrastructure	(914,426,714)	(24,611,275)	-	(939,037,989)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,636,783,244)	(109,615,261)	54,985,361	(1,691,413,144)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,060,429,620	99,592,707	(4,888,979)	1,155,133,348
Total governmental capital assets, net	\$2,096,056,675	\$ 315,668,069	\$(187,642,913)	\$ 2,224,081,831

In 2008, the County determined that certain improvements to the Mecca Farms property initially intended for the Biomedical Research Park experienced a decline in service utility and therefore an impairment loss of \$37.8 million. This is recorded in Economic Environment in the statement of activities.

	Beginning		.	Ending	
	 Balance	Additions	Deductions	Balance	
Business-type Activities:					
Non-depreciable assets:					
Land	\$ 160,616,178	\$ 1,062,682	\$ (140,802)		
Construction In Progress	264,835,841	185,922,882	(307,406,771)	143,351,9	952
Total non-depreciable assets	 425,452,019	186,985,564	(307,547,573)	304,890,0	010
Depreciable assets:					
Buildings and improvements	548,200,490	120,111,764	-	668,312,2	254
Improvements other than buildings	1,225,728,727	159,342,400	-	1,385,071,1	127
Equipment	226,223,230	44,256,303	(14,188,063)	256,291,4	170
Intangible - easement rights	14,101,313	1,314,500	-	15,415,8	313
Leasehold interest	12,010,002	-	-	12,010,0	002
Goodwill	5,286,966	1,844,737	-	7,131,7	703
Total depreciable assets	2,031,550,728	326,869,704	(14,188,063)	2,344,232,3	369
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(242,499,145)	(20,313,739)	-	(262,812,8	384)
Improvements other than buildings	(446,282,633)	(34,939,111)	-	(481,221,7	744)
Equipment	(148,617,396)	(20,297,626)	13,785,322	(155,129,7	700)
Intangible - easement rights	(2,127,674)	(343,874)	-	(2,471,5	548)
Leasehold interest	(1,753,555)	(1,201,000)	-	(2,954,5	555)
Goodwill	(254,677)	(225,169)	-	(479,8	346)
Total accumulated depreciation	(841,535,080)	(77,320,519)	13,785,322	(905,070,2	277)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,190,015,648	249,549,185	(402,741)	1,439,162,0)92
Total business-type capital assets, net	\$ 1,615,467,667	\$ 436,534,749	\$ (307,950,314)	1,744,052,1	02

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 19,588,263
Public safety	26,426,750
Physical environment	865,156
Transportation	31,277,855
Economic environment	222,489
Human services	1,641,225
Culture and recreation	17,231,718
In addition, depreciation on capital assets held by the County's internal service funds is charged to the various functions based on their usage of the assets.	 12,122,545
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	109,376,001
Adjustments to accumulated depreciation	 239,260
Total increases to accumulated depreciation	\$ 109,615,261
Business-type Activities:	
Water Utilities Department	\$ 37,105,975
Department of Airports	19,236,686
Solid Waste Authority	 20,977,858
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 77,320,519

Discretely presented component unit

A summary of changes in capital assets for the Westgate/Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency follows:

	Beginning					Ending	
	В	alance	1	Additions	De	eductions	Balance
Non-depreciable assets:							
Land	\$	804,734	\$	1,625,086	\$	-	\$ 2,429,820
Total non-depreciable assets		804,734		1,625,086		-	2,429,820
Depreciable assets:							
Equipment		15,903		400		-	16,303
Infrastructure		-		334,904		-	334,904
Total depreciable assets		15,903		335,304		-	351,207
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Equipment		(9,346)		(9,924)		-	(19,270)
Total accumulated depreciation		(9,346)		(9,924)		-	(19,270)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		6,557		325,380		-	331,937
Total component unit capital assets, net	\$	811,291	\$	1,950,466	\$	-	\$ 2,761,757

5. INTERFUND TRANSFERS IN AND OUT

Interfund transfers in and out during fiscal year 2008 were as follows:

Governmental Funds: Major Governmental Funds Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Fund \$ 455,323 General Fund Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Fund 7,698,571 Other Special Revenue Fund 503,678 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund 503,678 County Transportation Trust 98,000 Community and Social Development 799,000 Parks and Recreation Capital Projects 467,259 Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund 1,481,382 Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund 6,749,398 Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund 156,814 Other Special Revenue Funds 6,749,398 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund \$418,484,524 Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Fund 3,808,527 Criminal Justice Capital Projects 11,177,779 Other Special Revenue Funds 1,120,943	Interfund Transfers In	Interfund Transfers Out	Amount
General Fund Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Funds 21,536,766 Other Special Revenue Funds 21,536,766 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund 7,698,571 Clerk & Comptroller Special Revenue Fund 503,678 County Transportation Trust 98,000 Community and Social Development 799,000 Parks and Recreation Capital Projects 467,259 Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund 1,481,382 \$ 33,039,979 \$ 33,039,979 Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund 6,749,398 Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund 156,814 Other Special Revenue Funds 6,749,398 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund 418,484,524 Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Fund 3,808,527 Criminal Justice Capital Projects 11,177,779 Other Special Revenue Funds 1,120,943	Governmental Funds:		
Other Special Revenue Funds 21,536,766 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund 7,698,571 Clerk & Comptroller Special Revenue Fund 503,678 County Transportation Trust 98,000 Community and Social Development 799,000 Parks and Recreation Capital Projects 467,259 Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund 1,481,382 \$ 33,039,979 Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund General Fund 156,814 Other Special Revenue Funds 6,749,398 \$ 7,056,212 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund 418,484,524 Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Fund 3,808,527 Criminal Justice Capital Projects 11,177,779 Other Special Revenue Funds 1,120,943	Major Governmental Funds		
Sheriff Special Revenue Fund 7,698,571 Clerk & Comptroller Special Revenue Fund 503,678 County Transportation Trust 98,000 Community and Social Development 799,000 Parks and Recreation Capital Projects 467,259 Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund 1,481,382 Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund 1,481,382 Signature 533,039,979 Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund 6,749,398 Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund 156,814 Other Special Revenue Funds 6,749,398 \$7,056,212 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund 3,808,527 Criminal Justice Capital Projects 11,177,779 Other Special Revenue Funds 1,120,943	General Fund	Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Fund	\$ 455,323
Clerk & Comptroller Special Revenue Fund 503,678		Other Special Revenue Funds	21,536,766
County Transportation Trust 98,000 Community and Social Development 799,000 Parks and Recreation Capital Projects 467,259 Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund 1,481,382 \$ 33,039,979 Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund General Fund 5 150,000 Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund Other Special Revenue Funds 6,749,398 \$ 7,056,212 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund General Fund Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Fund 3,808,527 Criminal Justice Capital Projects 11,177,779 Other Special Revenue Funds 1,120,943		Sheriff Special Revenue Fund	7,698,571
Community and Social Development 799,000 Parks and Recreation Capital Projects 467,259 Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund 1,481,382 \$\frac{3}{3},039,979}\$ Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund General Fund 5150,000 Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund Other Special Revenue Funds 6,749,398 \$\frac{7}{7},056,212}\$ Sheriff Special Revenue Fund General Fund 5418,484,524 Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Fund 3,808,527 Criminal Justice Capital Projects 11,177,779 Other Special Revenue Funds 1,120,943		Clerk & Comptroller Special Revenue Fund	503,678
Parks and Recreation Capital Projects Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund General Fund Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund Other Special Revenue Funds Sheriff Special Revenue Fund General Fund Other Special Revenue Funds Sheriff Special Revenue Fund General Fund General Fund Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Fund Criminal Justice Capital Projects 11,177,779 Other Special Revenue Funds 1,120,943		County Transportation Trust	98,000
Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund 1,481,382 \$ 33,039,979		Community and Social Development	799,000
Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund General Fund Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund Other Special Revenue Funds Sheriff Special Revenue Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund Sheriff Special Revenue Fund General Fund Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Fund 3,808,527 Criminal Justice Capital Projects 11,177,779 Other Special Revenue Funds 1,120,943		Parks and Recreation Capital Projects	467,259
Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund General Fund Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund Other Special Revenue Funds Sheriff Special Revenue Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Fund 3,808,527 Criminal Justice Capital Projects 11,177,779 Other Special Revenue Funds 1,120,943		Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund	1,481,382
Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund Other Special Revenue Funds 6,749,398 7,056,212 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund General Fund Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Fund 3,808,527 Criminal Justice Capital Projects 11,177,779 Other Special Revenue Funds 1,120,943			\$ 33,039,979
Other Special Revenue Funds 6,749,398 \$ 7,056,212 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund General Fund Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Fund 3,808,527 Criminal Justice Capital Projects 11,177,779 Other Special Revenue Funds 1,120,943	Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	\$ 150,000
Sheriff Special Revenue Fund General Fund Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Fund Criminal Justice Capital Projects Other Special Revenue Funds 1,120,943		Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund	156,814
Sheriff Special Revenue Fund General Fund Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Fund 3,808,527 Criminal Justice Capital Projects 11,177,779 Other Special Revenue Funds 1,120,943		Other Special Revenue Funds	6,749,398
Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Fund 3,808,527 Criminal Justice Capital Projects 11,177,779 Other Special Revenue Funds 1,120,943			\$ 7,056,212
Criminal Justice Capital Projects 11,177,779 Other Special Revenue Funds 1,120,943	Sheriff Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	\$ 418,484,524
Other Special Revenue Funds 1,120,943		Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Fund	3,808,527
·		Criminal Justice Capital Projects	11,177,779
\$ 434,591,773		Other Special Revenue Funds	1,120,943
			\$ 434,591,773

		Ф. 20 042 7 76
General Government Capital Projects	General Fund	\$ 20,943,776
	Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund Other Special Revenue Funds	345,970 1,686,261
	Sheriff Special Revenue Fund	917,154
	Clerk & Comptroller Special Revenue Fund	143,263
	Road Program Capital Projects	350,000
	Fleet Management	354,252
	Criminal Justice Capital Projects	215,001
	Criminal Justice Capital Flojects	\$ 24,955,677
		\$ 24,933,677
Road Program Capital Projects	General Fund	\$ 750,000
	County Transportation Trust Special Revenue Fund	54,650
	7 1	\$ 804,650
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
Tourist Development Special Revenue Fund	General Government Capital Projects	\$ 993,850
		\$ 993,850
Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	\$ 377,433
•	Other Special Revenue Funds	114,373
	General Government Capital Projects	49,999
		\$ 541,805
County Transportation Trust Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	\$ 11,883,288
	Other Special Revenue Funds	5,133,290
	Road Program Capital Projects	18,800,779
		\$ 35,817,357
Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	\$ 15,711,294
	General Government Capital Projects	416,000
		\$ 16,127,294
Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	\$ 29,485,960
•	General Government Capital Projects	23,100
	Road Program Capital Projects	7,539,200
		\$ 37,048,260
Other Special Revenue Funds	General Fund	\$ 2,580,598
	Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Fund	87,560
	General Government Capital Projects	594,941
		\$ 3,263,099
Clerk & Comptroller Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	\$ 16,957,072
		\$ 16,957,072
Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	\$ 11,228,444
T		\$ 11,228,444

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds		
Revenue Bonds Debt Service Fund	Tourist Development Special Revenue Fund	\$ 7,406,071
	Other Special Revenue Funds	53,283,584
	Other Financing Debt Service Fund	124,454
	General Government Capital Projects	7,783,935
	General Fund	5,750,798
	Criminal Justice Capital Projects	11,302,709
		\$ 85,651,551
Other Financing Debt Service Fund	General Fund	\$ 429,262
	Tourist Development Special Revenue Fund	19,559
	Other Special Revenue Funds	8,695,010
	Revenue Bonds Debt Service Fund	37,115,925
	Environmental Lands Capital Projects	10,404
	General Government Capital Projects	5,243,229
		\$ 51,513,389
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		
Environmental Lands Capital Projects	General Fund	\$ 1,000,000
	Tourist Development Special Revenue Fund	2,206,131
		\$ 3,206,131
Fire Rescue Capital Projects	Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund	\$ 10,180,000
. ,		\$ 10,180,000
Libraries Capital Projects	Library Taxing District Special Revenue Fund	\$ 13,613,282
Ziotatica Capitai Projecta	Botaly runing Bisarct special revenue rund	\$ 13,613,282
Darks & Prograntian Conital Projects	General Fund	\$ 2,499,420
Parks & Recreation Capital Projects	General Fund	\$ 2,499,420
		3 2,499,420
Street Drainage Capital Projects	General Government Capital Projects	\$ 1,429,738
		\$ 1,429,738
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		\$ 290,070,692
Total Interfund Transfers Primary Government		\$ 790,518,983

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from within the fund which a statute or budget requires them to be collected to a fund from which a statute or budget requires them to be expended; (2) move receipts which are restricted to debt service from the funds where the receipts are collected into the debt service fund, as debt service payments become due; (3) provide matching funds for the County's portion of grant agreements; (4) use and transfer unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and; (5) provide funding for various capital projects by means of transfers.

In addition, transfers totaling \$2,955,782 were made from the General Fund to multiple funds in order to fund the purchase of voting equipment capital outlays.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008, the Department of Airports transferred capital assets with a book value of \$9,654,866 related to the King's Academy property to the County. This is booked as a "transfer out" in the Proprietary fund statements and a "transfer in" for the governmental activities column of the statement of activities. This amount does not represent a current financial resource and is therefore not recorded in the governmental fund financial statements as a transfer in.

6. RETIREMENT PLANS

FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Description - The County participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a non-contributory, cost-sharing, multi-employer, public employee retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement. The FRS was created December 1, 1970. FRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. These benefits are established by Florida Statutes, Chapter 121, and may only be amended by the Florida Legislature.

The Division of Retirement issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for FRS. The report may be obtained by writing to the Florida Division of Retirement, ATTN: Research, Education & Policy Section, P. O. Box 9000, Tallahassee, Florida 32315-9000, calling 1-850-488-5706, or accessing their website at: http://dms.myflorida.com.

Beginning July 1, 2002, the FRS became one plan with two primary options, a defined benefit option known as the FRS Pension Plan and an alternative defined contribution option known as the FRS Investment Plan. The two options are described in detail below.

The FRS Pension Plan provides for vesting of benefits after 6 years of creditable service. Benefits are based on age, average final compensation and years-of-service credit. Average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years of earnings. Members are eligible for normal retirement when they have met the minimum requirements established by their membership class. Regular Class members are eligible for normal retirement if they are vested and age 62 or if they have 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. Early retirement may be taken any time after vesting. However, there is a 5% reduction of benefits for each year prior to normal retirement age or date. The percentage level of employees' payroll contribution rates is determined using the frozen entry age actuarial cost method.

Beginning July 1, 1998, the FRS implemented the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), which is a program within the FRS Pension Plan that allows members to retire without terminating their employment for up to five years while their retirement benefits

accumulate and earn interest compounded monthly at an effective annual rate of 6.5%. Members may participate in DROP when they are vested and have reached their normal retirement date. When the DROP period ends, members must terminate employment. At that time, members will receive their accumulated DROP benefits and begin receiving their monthly retirement benefit.

The FRS Investment Plan, formally created as the Public Employee Optional Retirement Program (PEORP), is a participant-directed 401(a) program selected by employees in lieu of participation in the defined benefit option of the Florida Retirement System. Benefits accrue in individual accounts that are participant-directed, portable, and funded by employer contributions. Participants and beneficiaries bear the investment risks that result when they exercise control over investments in their accounts. The Investment Plan offers a diversified mix of low-cost investment options that span the risk-return spectrum and give participants the opportunity to accumulate retirement benefits. Members are vested after completing one year of creditable service.

Funding Policy - The contribution requirements of the County are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The County's contributions to FRS for the years ended September 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$94.4 million, \$87.9 million, and \$70.7 million, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

The following membership classes and rates, which apply to both the FRS Pension Plan and the FRS Investment Plan, were in effect at September 30, 2008:

Membership Class	Rates
Regular	9.85%
Special Risk	20.92%
Judges	19.56%
Legislators	14.48%
Governor/Lieutenant Governor/Cabinet	14.48%
State Attorney/Public Defender	14.48%
County, City, Special District Elected Officers	16.53%
Special Risk Administrative Support	12.55%
IFAS Supplemental	18.75%
Senior Management	13.12%
Deferred Retirement Option Program	10.91%

PALM TRAN, INC. - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

Plan Description – The Palm Tran, Inc. – Amalgamated Transit Union Local 1577 (Palm Tran) pension plan (the Plan) is a mandatory contribution, single-employer, defined benefit retirement program administered by the Pension Resource Center. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Board of Trustees (the Board) of the Palm Tran pension plan has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. Palm Tran issues a stand-alone, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary

information. The report may be obtained by writing to the plan administrator at Pension Resource Center, 4360 Northlake Blvd., Suite 206, Palm Beach Gardens, Florida 33410 or calling 1-561-624-3277 or accessing their website at: www.resourcecenters.com.

Funding Policy – The contribution requirements of plan members and Palm Tran, Inc. are established by the Pension Trust Agreement and may be amended by the Board. Plan members are required to contribute 2.5% of their annual covered payroll. Palm Tran, Inc. is required to contribute 13% of annual covered payroll.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation – Per the actuarial valuation, the annual pension cost and net pension obligation as of December 31, 2007 were as follows:

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 3,272,841
Interest on net pension obligation	-
Adjustment to ARC	
Annual pension cost	 3,272,841
Contributions made	 (3,272,841)
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation	 -
Net pension obligation beginning of year	
Net pension obligation end of year	\$ _

Three-Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year	Annual Pension	Percentage of APC	Net Pension
Ending	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
12/31/05	\$2,761,386	100%	\$ -
12/31/06	2,909,900	100	\$ -
12/31/07	3,272,841	100	\$ -

Funded Status and Funding Progress – As of January 1, 2008, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 82.6% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$57.0 million, and the actuarial value of assets was \$47.1 million, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$9.9 million. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$21.5 million, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 46.1%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – In the January 1, 2008 actuarial valuation, the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 8.0% investment rate of return and (b) projected salary increases ranging from 5.0% to 12.5% per year. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 4.0% with no cost-of-living adjustments. The projection of benefits for financial accounting purposes

does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of the 13% limitation on Palm Tran's contribution rate disclosed above under "Funding Policy". The actuarial value of assets was determined using the 5-year Smoothed Market asset valuation method. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at January 1, 2008 was 30 years.

LANTANA FIREFIGHTER'S – DEFINED BENEFIT/CONTRIBUTION PLAN

Plan Description – The Lantana Firefighter's Pension Fund (LFPF) is a combined defined benefit and defined contribution pension plan covering Town of Lantana (Town) fire fighters employed by Palm Beach County (County). LFPF is governed by a Board of Trustees made up of representatives of the firefighters and the Town. It provides a defined benefit retirement annuity to retiring participants and also provides a defined contribution retirement benefit in the form of share accounts, payable upon retirement, death or disability. LFPF issues a stand-alone, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The County does not perform the investment function or have significant administrative involvement in the plan. The report may be obtained by writing to the plan administrator, Pension Resource Center, at 4360 Northlake Blvd., Suite 206, Palm Beach Gardens, Florida 33410 or calling 1-561-624-3277 or accessing their website at: www.resourcecenters.com.

Funding Policy – (a) Plan members are required to contribute 10% of their salary to the Plan. Of this, 2% is allocated to the defined benefit portion of the Plan and 8% is allocated to the defined contribution portion. (b) Pursuant to Chapter 175, Florida Statutes, the Town imposes a 1.85% tax on fire insurance premiums paid to insure real or personal property within its corporate limits. 100% of the net proceeds of this 1.85% excise tax are allocated to the defined benefit portion of the Plan. (c) Because the County is ultimately responsible for the actuarial soundness of the Plan, the County must contribute an amount determined by the Trustees, in conjunction with the Plan's actuary, to be sufficient, along with the employees' contributions and the proceeds from the insurance tax, described above, to fund the defined benefits under the Plan. The current rate is 47.51% of annual covered payroll.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation – Per the actuarial valuation, the annual pension cost and net pension obligation as of September 30, 2007 were as follows:

Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$	1,497,710
Interest on net pension obligation		-
Adjustment to ARC		-
Annual pension cost	<u> </u>	1,497,710
Contributions made		(1,497,710)
Increase (decrease) in net pension obligation	<u> </u>	-
Net pension obligation beginning of year		-
Net pension obligation end of year	\$	_

Three-Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year	Annual Pension	Percentage of APC	Net Pension
Ending	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
09/30/05	\$708,667	100%	\$ -
09/30/06	833,858	100	\$ -
09/30/07	1,497,710	100	\$ -

Funded Status and Funding Progress – As of September 30, 2007, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 69.8% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$18.7 million, and the actuarial value of assets was \$13.1 million, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$5.7 million. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$2.7 million, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 207.7%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – In the September 30, 2007 actuarial valuation, the Individual Entry Age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 8.0% per year compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases of 7.0% per year compounded annually, and (c) the assumption that benefits will not increase after retirement. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 5.0%. The actuarial value of assets was determined using the 5-year Smoothed Market asset valuation method. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at September 30, 2007 ranges from 1-17 years.

Note: The Actuarial Valuation report for September 30, 2008 was not available.

COMPONENT UNIT

Like the Primary Government, Westgate/Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) also participates in the Florida Retirement System (FRS), a non-contributory, cost-sharing, multi-employer, public employee retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

The contribution requirements of CRA are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The CRA's contributions to FRS for the years ended September 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006 were \$23,144, \$16,993, and \$13,349, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

7. COMMITMENTS

County Home

The County entered into an inter-local agreement with the Palm Beach County Health Care District (the District) effective July 11, 1995 regarding the Medicaid Match and the County Home and General Care Facility (County Home). This agreement provides that the County will make an annual payment of the fixed amount of \$15 million to the District in exchange for the District's agreement to operate and manage the County Home and to pay 100% of the Medicaid Match funding as required by the State for hospital and nursing home care. The County's annual funding of \$15 million is payable in equal monthly installments for the next 40 years.

Outstanding Purchase Orders and Contracts

Purchase orders and contracts (including construction contracts) had been executed, but goods and services were not received in approximately the amounts shown below as of September 30, 2008:

<u>Fund</u>	Amount
Capital Projects Funds	\$ 250,010,021
Solid Waste Authority	63,056,353
Special Revenue Funds	28,275,078
Department of Airports	9,433,454
Department of Water Utilities	9,211,000
Internal Service Funds	2,464,968
General Fund	1,373,251
Tax Collector	72,553
Property Appraiser	556
Total	\$ 363,897,234

Because the budget authority for these amounts lapses at fiscal year-end, they are not shown as either encumbrances or liabilities. Funds are appropriated at the beginning of each fiscal year to provide for these commitments.

On May 26, 2006, the County entered into an economic development grant agreement with The Scripps Research Institute, a nonprofit public benefit corporation, to induce Scripps to establish and operate a biomedical research facility at Florida Atlantic University in Jupiter, Florida and to encourage and stimulate economic growth by attracting new businesses and the creation of a biotech industry in the County. The County is providing funding of approximately \$235 million for Scripps to construct and own 346,000 square feet of laboratory and office space at the FAU campus and 70 acres known as the Briger Tract for 1,600,000 square feet of related research and development uses. This Briger land will be turned over to Scripps at the end of the agreement provided they meet certain minimum new job creation requirements. Two temporary facilities were also funded by the County on the

FAU campus. Scripps and FAU entered into a 99 year lease for the permanent facilities site on the FAU campus. Scripps has committed to strive to create or relocate 2,777 new jobs at the Scripps site. Scripps and the County agree to work cooperatively to create or relocate to the County an aggregate total of 6,500 new jobs. The agreement between the County and Scripps ends on February 6, 2021. The County has paid \$181.5 million towards this commitment as of September 30, 2008.

On July 22, 2008, the County entered into an economic development grant agreement with Max Planck Florida Corporation (MPFC) providing funding for approximately \$86.9 million for the construction and operation of an approximate 100,000 square foot Biomedical Research Facility in the County. Under the terms of the agreement, a maximum of \$60 million will be spent towards the construction costs for the Permanent Facility and \$26.9 million towards the reimbursement of operational costs. The term of the agreement is 15 years. Negotiations are currently underway between the County, MPFC and Florida Atlantic University to obtain 6 acres on the Jupiter Campus of FAU. The execution of the FAU sublease is a condition to the disbursement of the grant funds.

On May 20, 2008, the County, on behalf of the Water Utilities Department (the Department), entered into an agreement with FP&L which provides for reclaimed water to become the primary source of cooling water supply to FP&L's West County Energy Center (the Center) beginning in FY2011. In addition, FP&L is to construct a 27 million gallon per day reclaimed water facility at the East Central Regional Wastewater Reclamation Facility. FP&L will reimburse the Department for all design-related services. Construction will be financed by revenue bonds of the Department to be issued prior to the commencement of construction, with FP&L reimbursing the Department for all debt service costs related to this debt issue. The agreement with FP&L has a term of thirty years beginning in FY 2011 with three additional ten year options. The current project estimate includes \$5 million for design costs and \$70 million for the construction of the facility, pipeline, and related infrastructure. As of September 30, 2008, \$1,297,000 in design related fees have been incurred and billed to FP&L by the Department.

Land Acquisition

Palm Beach County School Board – On September 21, 1993, an agreement (R93-1188D) was entered into by the Palm Beach County School Board (School Board) and Palm Beach County for co-location of facilities and exchange of properties. This Agreement establishes a process to facilitate joint planning for co-located facilities and also establishes a mechanism by which properties owned by either party can be exchanged with the other party which has a need therefore. The Agreement also establishes a credit system whereby properties can be transferred and payments deferred for up to two years while offsetting exchanges are completed. As of September 30, 2008, Palm Beach County owes the School Board \$113,870 under the Funding Agreement.

Land Commitments

During 1996, SWA purchased approximately 1,600 acres of farmland in western Palm Beach County as a replacement waste disposal site. SWA has an operating lease expiring in 2010

with the former owner to maintain and continue farming the property. The lease provides for annual rental payments to SWA adjusted each year based on the change in the producer price index for raw cane sugar, provided that the total annual rent shall not exceed \$450,000. Rental income from this lease for the years ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 was approximately \$300,000 each year. The carrying value of the land subject to the lease was approximately \$8 million at September 30, 2008 and 2007. The lease also provides the option to extend the term for five additional periods of four years (through 2030), each under the same terms and conditions. SWA retains the right to terminate the lease, in part, for areas designated for development by SWA after the initial lease term. Management expects the operating lease to be renewed until the property is utilized for its intended purpose as a replacement waste disposal site.

SWA leases the current site of the Delray Beach transfer station from the City of Delray Beach under a 20 year operating lease expiring September 30, 2020 with an option to renew for an additional 20 years under the existing terms. The lease provides for annual rental payments increased by the annual change in the consumer price index. Rent expense for the years ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 was approximately \$120,000 and \$110,000, respectively. The minimum future rental payments, based on an annual increase of 3 percent, under this operating lease at September 30, 2008 are estimated to be \$1,779,826.

Tri-County Commuter Rail Authority

In October 1994, Palm Beach County entered into a five-year joint inter-local agreement (the Agreement) with Miami-Dade County, Broward County, the Florida Department of Transportation and the Tri-County Commuter Rail Authority (the Authority) which calls for each of the respective counties to fund one-third of the net operating deficit of the Authority after considering all Federal subsidy, State subsidy and farebox revenue. The County's 2008 subsidy amounted to \$7,036,950. The Authority was created as an agency of the State of Florida pursuant to Chapter 343. Florida Statutes in 1988 to provide commuter rail services in Broward, Dade and Palm Beach counties. Tri-Rail serves both residents and tourists with a scheduled passenger rail commuter system which currently operates on seventy-one miles of rail corridor along the east coast of Florida.

The governing Board of Directors consists of nine members; one representative from each county's Board of County Commissioners (3), one citizen from each county (3), one representative from the Florida Department of Transportation (1), one member appointed by the Governor of Florida (1), and one member at large who is appointed by the other eight members (1). Tri-Rail's annual operating budget is adopted and approved by the Authority's Board of Directors.

Separate financial statements for the Authority may be obtained at the following address:

Tri-County Commuter Rail Authority 305 South Andrews Avenue, Suite 200 Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County maintains various self-insurance programs which are accounted for as internal service funds. Following is a brief description of each of the County's insurance programs. The claims liability reported in each of the funds at September 30, 2008, is actuarially determined based on the requirements of GASB 10, which specifies that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicated that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Property and Liability

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. A portfolio of commercial insurance policies provides specific excess coverage for property losses in excess of \$1,000,000 and third-party liability losses in excess of \$500,000. In addition, excess liability exposures are also limited to \$100,000 per person and \$200,000 per occurrence under Florida's sovereign immunity statute 768.28. Negligence claims in excess of the statutory limits can only be recovered through an act of the State of Florida Legislature. The County purchases excess claim bill liability coverage of \$6 million per claim in order to protect against excess liability exposures. This coverage provides additional liability coverage against federal claim awards. Separate excess auto liability insurance coverage of \$2,000,000 per claim is in place for the operation of Palm Tran's fleet of public transit buses.

With the exception of the Sheriff, Clerk & Comptroller, and Property Appraiser, all funds of the County participate in the program and make payments to the Property and Liability Insurance Fund, included in the Combined Insurance Fund, based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. The claims liability reported in this fund at September 30, 2008 is \$8,408,000. The County changed its methodology for recording its claims liabilities from the undiscounted method to a 4% discounted method, resulting in a cumulative decrease included in the beginning of fiscal year liability for 2008 of \$516,000.

During claim years 2008 and 2007, changes recorded to the claims liability for property and liability insurance were as follows:

			Cu	rrent Year				
	В	Beginning of	C	laims and				
]	Fiscal Year	C	changes in		Claim	Bal	lance at
Fiscal Year		Liability]	Estimates	1	Payments	Fiscal	Year-End
2007	\$	8,546,000	\$	1,363,000	\$	(973,000)	\$	8,936,000
2008		8,420,000		844,000		(856,000)		8,408,000

Workers' Compensation Insurance

The County has self-funded its workers' compensation exposure since 1969. This fund covers all employees of the Board of County Commissioners, the Supervisor of Elections, the Clerk & Comptroller, the Property Appraiser, and the Tax Collector. Although the Sheriff's payroll and losses are reported to the State by the risk management department, the Sheriff administers his own program. The County is 100% self-insured for workers' compensation exposures beginning October 1, 1993.

With the exception of the Sheriff, all funds of the County participate in the program and make payments to the Workers' Compensation Insurance Fund, included in the Combined Insurance Fund, based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. The claims liability reported in this fund at September 30, 2008 is \$39,656,000. The County changed its methodology for recording its claims liabilities from the undiscounted method to a 4% discounted method, resulting in a cumulative decrease included in the beginning of fiscal year liability for 2008 of \$6.5 million.

During claim years 2008 and 2007, changes recorded to the claims liability for workers' compensation insurance were as follows:

	Beginning of Claims and								
]	Fiscal Year	(Changes in		Claim		Balance at	
Fiscal Year		Liability		Estimates		Payments	Fis	cal Year-End	
2007	\$	37,887,000	\$	12,032,000	\$	(6,725,000)	\$	43,194,000	
2008		36,694,000		8,520,000		(5,558,000)		39,656,000	

Employee Group Health Insurance

The County provides health insurance for its employees, retirees, and eligible dependents. Effective January 1, 2004, the County changed from a fully insured plan to a self-insured plan. The County has in place a \$500,000 specific excess insurance policy to protect the County against catastrophic health claims.

With the exception of the Constitutional Officers who have separately contracted for health insurance coverage, all funds of the County, as well as the Solid Waste Authority, participate in the program and make payments to the Employee Health Insurance fund, included in the Combined Insurance Fund, based on estimates of amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims. The claims liability reported in the fund at September 30, 2008 is \$4,139,856. During claim years 2008 and 2007, changes recorded to the claims liability for employee health insurance were as follows:

			Ci	urrent Year					
	В	Beginning of	(Claims and					
	Fiscal Year		(Changes in	Claim		Balance at		
Fiscal Year		Liability		Estimates	Payments	Fis	cal Year-End		
2007	\$	3,408,435	\$	47,335,906	\$ (46,430,370	6) \$	4,313,965		
2008		4,313,965		52,304,812	(52,478,92)	1)	4,139,856		

SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY (SWA)

The SWA is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; life and health of employees; and natural disasters. The SWA purchases commercial insurance for property damage with coverage up to a maximum of approximately \$312 million, subject to various policy sub-limits, generally ranging from \$1 million to \$45 million and deductibles ranging from \$10,000 to \$500,000 per occurrence. The SWA also purchases commercial insurance for general liability claims with coverage up to \$1 million per occurrence and \$2 million general aggregate, with excess liability coverage of \$25 million, all subject to various deductibles up to \$10,000 per occurrence. General liability claims are limited by the Florida constitutional doctrine of sovereign immunity to \$100,000 per claim and \$200,000 per occurrence unless a higher claim is approved by the Florida Legislature.

The SWA purchases commercial insurance for workers' compensation benefits with a \$1,000,000 per occurrence and per employee policy limit, subject to a deductible of \$250,000 per occurrence and per claim, up to a maximum of approximately \$1.5 million for 2008. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the last three years. Changes in the claims liability amount for workers' compensation benefits for the years ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 were as follows:

			Current Year					
	F	Beginning of	Claims and					
	Fiscal Year		Changes in	Claim	Balance at			
Fiscal Year		Liability	Estimates	Payments	Fiscal	Year-End		
2007	\$	448,000	346,504	(346,504)	\$	448,000		
2008		448,000	317,973	(317,973)		448,000		

Effective January 1, 2003, the SWA contracted with Palm Beach County to provide employee health benefits through the County's self-insurance program for employee benefits. The County plan provides health insurance benefits to County employees and employees of component units of the County electing to participate in the plan. The County plan covers approximately 5,000 participants and is designed to be self-sustaining through actuarially determined premiums established annually to cover expected claims, administration and a margin for unexpected losses or expenses. The County purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of the annual stop loss deductible of \$500,000 per person. The SWA pays a monthly premium based on the number of SWA employees participating in the plan and does not retain risk of loss for employee health claims, but is obligated to pay the premiums established by the County to fund the plan. For the year ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, the SWA paid premiums of \$4,458,792 and \$4,116,798 respectively, to the County for approximately 400 participating employees. The 2008 premiums are net of expected refunds receivable of \$690,000 at September 30, 2008. The SWA does not expect any additional premium assessments for 2008 or prior years. In October 2008 SWA terminated coverage under the County plan effective December 31, 2008 and will purchase health insurance through a commercial health insurance plan.

SHERIFF

The Sheriff's Office maintains a general liability self-insurance program, a workers' compensation self-insurance program and a commercially insured employee health insurance program which are accounted for in the Sheriff's General fund (which is reported as a special revenue fund in the County's CAFR). The following is a brief description of each of the Sheriff's insurance programs.

General Liability Insurance

The Sheriff's office is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The claims liability reported for general liability at September 30, 2008 is \$12,907,299. This amount is based on the requirements of GASB 10 which specifies that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

During claim years 2008 and 2007, changes recorded to the claims liability for general liability were as follows:

			Cu	rrent Year					
	В	eginning of	C	laims and					
Fiscal Year		C	hanges in	Claim			Balance at		
Fiscal Year		Liability	Estimates		Payments		Fi	scal Year-End	
2007	\$	11,492,510	\$	6,494,703	\$	(3,918,117)	\$	14,069,096	
2008		14,069,096		2,935,585		(4,097,382)		12,907,299	

Workers' Compensation Insurance

The Sheriff's office is self-funded for its workers' compensation exposure. The claims liability reported at September 30, 2008 is \$19,505,079. This amount is the actuarially determined claims liability based on the requirements of GASB 10 which specifies that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

During claim years 2008 and 2007, changes recorded to the claims liability for workers' compensation were as follows:

			Cu	rrent Year						
	В	Seginning of	C	laims and						
	Fiscal Year		C	Changes in	Claim			Balance at		
Fiscal Year		Liability	I	Estimates		Payments	Fi	scal Year-End		
2007	\$	22,953,059	\$	2,942,863	\$	(6,327,083)	\$	19,568,839		
2008		19,568,839		6,505,282		(6,569,042)		19,505,079		

Employee Group Health Insurance

The Sheriff's office maintains a fully insured program for its employee group health insurance program.

CLERK & COMPTROLLER

Employee Group Health Insurance

The Clerk's office provides health insurance for its employees and eligible dependents. The Clerk's office is self-insured for its health insurance coverage and beginning with fiscal year 2004 is accounted for as an internal service fund.

During claim years 2008 and 2007, changes recorded to the claims liability for health insurance were as follows:

			Cu	rrent Year				
	B	Beginning of	C	laims and				
]	Fiscal Year	C	changes in		Claim	Bal	ance at
Fiscal Year		Liability	1	Estimates]	Payments	Fiscal	Year-End
2007	\$	670,000	\$	6,543,038	\$	(6,681,038)	\$	532,000
2008		532,000		8,401,247		(8,181,247)		752,000

TAX COLLECTOR

Employee Group Health and Dental Insurance

The Tax Collector's office provides health and dental insurance to its employees and eligible dependents. The Tax Collector is fully insured for its health and dental coverage.

9. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

In fiscal year 2008, the County changed its method of accounting for recognizing liabilities and expenses for its property, liability and workers compensation self-insurance programs. In previous years, the County used the undiscounted expected obligation based on actuarial results. The County changed its method and now uses the discounted expected obligation in recording its liabilities and expense. The prior period effect of this change in accounting principle is \$7,054,000. The effect of the change on current year was a decrease in expense of approximately \$270,000. The effect of the change on prior year expenses would have been a decrease of expense of approximately \$725,000.

	Internal Service	Governmental Activities
	(Page 161)	(Page 5)
Net assets, as originally reported, October 1, 2007	\$28,405,180	\$2,374,950,745
Restatement / change in accounting principle	7,054,000	7,054,000
Net assets, restated, October 1, 2007	\$35,459,180	<u>\$2,382,004,745</u>

Considering the long-term nature of these obligations, the County believes that due to the nature of the operations it is a better matching of revenue and expenses to discount the obligation over the projected payout period of the claims. The premiums the County remits to the combined insurance fund and the resulting cash reserves generate an investment return in excess of the 4% discount used in arriving at the discounted rate. This better matches the revenue and expenses in the fund over the life of the case settlements.

10. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Overview

Entities of the Primary Government provide the following post-employment benefits to retirees:

(a) Healthcare Plans:

- 1. County (includes Supervisor of Elections and Solid Waste Authority)
- 2. Tax Collector
- 3. Property Appraiser
- 4. Clerk & Comptroller
- 5. Sheriff
- 6. Fire Rescue Union

(b) Long Term Disability Plan

7. Fire Rescue Taxing District

Healthcare Benefits Provided to Retirees

<u>Postretirement Benefits</u>: The amount reported as the postretirement benefit obligation represents the actuarial present value of those estimated future benefits that are attributed by the terms of the plan to employees' service rendered to the date of the financial statements, reduced by the actuarial present value of contributions expected to be received in the future from current plan participants. Postretirement benefits include future benefits expected to be paid to or for both of the following:

- 1) Currently retired or terminated employees and their beneficiaries and dependents
- 2) Active employees and their beneficiaries and dependents after retirement from service with participating employers.

The postretirement benefit obligation represents the amount that is to be funded by contributions from the plan's participating employers and from existing plan assets. Before an active employee's full eligibility date, the postretirement benefit obligation is the portion of the expected postretirement benefit obligation that is attributed to that employee's service in the industry rendered to the valuation date.

The actuarial present value of the expected postretirement benefit obligation is determined by an actuary and is the amount that results from applying actuarial assumptions to historical claims-cost data to estimate future annual incurred claims costs

per participant and to adjust such estimates for the time value of money (through discounts for interest) and the probability of payment (by means of decrements such as those for death, disability, withdrawal, or retirement) between the valuation date and the expected date of payment.

<u>Plan Description:</u> The defined benefit post-employment healthcare plans provide medical benefits to eligible retired employees and their dependents. The plans are single employer plans which are administered by the employer for their employees. The Supervisor of Elections and Solid Waste Authority participate in the County plan.

The Fire Rescue retiree health plan is a defined benefit plan with attributes similar to a defined contribution plan. The County is required, per the Collective Bargaining Agreement, to make contributions equal to 3% of the total current base annual pay plus benefits for the Fire Rescue employees. Since the primary government is not entitled to nor does it have the ability to otherwise access the economic resources received or held by the Fire Rescue retiree health plan; and since Palm Beach County has no reversionary interest in the economic resources received or held by the Fire Rescue retiree health plan, it is not reported as a fiduciary fund of the County.

<u>Funding Policy:</u> The contribution requirements of plan members and the employer are established and may be amended by the employer or by the union for Fire Rescue. All entities of the Primary Government are required by Florida Statute 112.0801 to allow their retirees (and eligible participants) to continue participation in the group insurance plan. Retirees must be offered the same coverage as is offered to active employees at a premium cost of no more then the premium cost applicable to active employees which results in an implicit subsidy as defined by GASB 45. In addition to the 'implicit' benefit, two of the plans offer an explicit benefit. The Sheriff and Fire Rescue Plans provide a subsidy that retirees can use to partially or fully offset the cost of health insurance.

At September 30, 2008 retirees receiving benefits contributed the following monthly premiums:

		County	С	Tax ollector	Property Appraiser	Clerk & emptroller	Sheriff	Fi	re Rescue Union
Medical Coverage									
Monthly Minimum	\$	514	\$	519	\$ 467	\$ 477	\$ 354	\$	59
Monthly Maximum		3,908		1,901	2,219	1,764	1,978		149
Dental Coverage									
Monthly Minimum		na		na	23	18	22		4
Monthly Maximum		na		na	150	134	85		40
	na	= not applica	ble						

OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: The annual other post-employment benefit cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and the amortization of any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the

components of the annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount contributed to the plan, and changes in the net OPEB obligation as of fiscal year ended September 30, 2008:

			Tax	Property		Clerk &		F	ire Rescue
	County	C	Collector	 Appraiser	С	Comptroller	Sheriff		Union
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 1,285,000	\$	169,979	\$ 29,562	\$	520,000	\$ 15,300,000	\$	1,262,872
Interest on net OPEB obligation	-		-	-		-	-		_
Adjustment to annually required contribution	-		-	-		-	<u>-</u>		-
Annual OPEB cost	1,285,000		169,979	29,562		520,000	 15,300,000		1,262,872
Contributions made	 (968,142)					(442,045)	(4,300,000)		(3,914,531)
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation-	316,858		169,979	29,562		77,955	11,000,000		(2,651,659)
beginning of year	<u>-</u>						<u>-</u>		-
Net OPEB obligation- end of year	\$ 316,858	\$	169,979	\$ 29,562	\$	77,955	\$ 11,000,000	\$	(2,651,659)

In accordance with GASB 45, the County is recognizing a net OPEB asset in the governmental activities for the Fire Rescue retiree health plan. However, as noted previously in the plan description, the County cannot adjust its actual annual contribution amount due to this over funding. Any changes to the contribution rate would have to be made through union contract negotiations.

The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the current fiscal year.

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost		Net OPEB Obligation Liability (Asset)
County 9/30/2008	\$1,285,000	75.3%	\$ 316,858
Tax Collector 9/30/2008	\$169,979	0.0%	\$169,979
Property Appraiser 9/30/2008	\$29,562	0.0%	\$29,562
Clerk & Comptroller 9/30/2008	\$520,000	85.0%	77,955
Sheriff 9/30/2008	\$15,300,000	28.1%	\$11,000,000
Fire Rescue Union 9/30/2008	\$1,262,872	310.0%	(\$2,651,659)

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress:</u> The plans are financed on a 'pay-as-you-go' basis. The funded status of the plans as of September 30, 2008 was as follows:

				Tax		Property		Clerk &				Fire Rescue
		County		Collector		Appraiser	(Comptroller		Sheriff		Union
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) Actuarial value of	\$	14,638,000	\$	1,533,513	\$	312,788	\$	5,445,000	\$	169,700,000	\$	16,319,357
plan asset		-		-		-		-		_		7,109,107
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability												
(UAAL)	\$	14,638,000	\$	1,533,513	\$	312,788	\$	5,445,000	\$	169,700,000	\$	9,210,250
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan / AAL)		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		43.6%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$	294,272,546	\$	9,879,680	\$	14,237,382	\$	35,775,864	\$	222,956,243	\$	102,075,035
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	Ť	5.0%	•	15.5%	•	2.2%	·	15.2%	Ť	76.1%	Ť	9.0%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:</u> Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

		Tax	Property	Clerk &		Fire Rescue
	County	Collector	Appraiser	Comptroller	Sheriff	Union
Actuarial valuation						
date	10/1/2007	10/1/2007	10/1/2007	10/1/2007	1/1/2008	10/1/2005
Actuarial cost method	Unit credit	Entry age	Entry age	Unit credit	Unit credit	Aggregate
	actuarial cost	normal	normal	actuarial cost	actuarial cost	actuarial
	method	actuarial cost	actuarial cost	method	method	cost
		method	method			method
Actuarial amortization	Level	Level	Level	Level	Level percentage	na
method	percentage of	percentage of	percentage of	percentage of	of salary at	
	salary at	salary at	salary at	salary at	beginning of fiscal	
	beginning of	beginning of	beginning of	beginning of	year	
	fiscal vear	fiscal vear	fiscal vear	fiscal vear		
Remaining						
amortization period	30 years					
Asset valuation						Market
method	na	na	na	na	na	value
Actuarial assumptions						
Investment rate of						
return	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	8.0%
Projected salary						
increases	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%	4.5 to 10.5%
Healthcare inflation						
rate- initial	11.0%	9.0%	9.0%	11.0%	11.0%	na
Healthcare trend rate-	2 22/	= 00/	= 00/		= 00/	0.50/
ultimate	6.0%	5.0%	5.0%	6.0%	5.0%	3.5%

Long Term Disability Benefits Provided to Retirees

Plan Description: The Palm Beach County Fire Rescue Supplemental Disability Plan is a defined benefit post employment plan that provides disability benefits to eligible disabled Fire Fighters / District Chief permanently prevented from rendering useful and efficient service as a Fire Fighter / District Chief incurred in the line of duty. The plan is a single employer plan which is administered by the Palm Beach County Fire Rescue Department.

Funding Policy: The contribution requirements of plan members and Palm Beach County are established and may be amended by collective bargaining between Palm Beach County and the Professional Firefighters/Paramedics of Palm Beach County, Local 2928, IAFF, Inc. The plan is funded by the County based on an annually required contribution calculated by an actuary. The earmarked funding, related earnings, expenditures and administrative costs are recorded in a special revenue fund.

OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: The annual other post-employment benefit cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortized any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount contributed to the plan, and changes in the net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 708,774
Interest on net OPEB obligation	0
Adjustment to annual required contribution	0
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	708,774
Contributions made	(929,098)
Incr in net OPEB obligation	(220,324)
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	0
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ (220,324)

The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal year ended September 30, 2008 are as follows:

l	Fiscal	Annual	Percentage of	Net
	Year	OPEB Cost	Annual OPEB	OPEB
	Ended		Cost Contributed	Obligation
				(Asset)
	9/30/2008	\$708,774	131.1%	(\$220,324)

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress:</u> The plan is financed on a 'pay-as-you-go' basis. The funded status of the plan as of September 30, 2008, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$8,953,897
Actuarial value of plan assets	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$8,953,897
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan / AAL)	0.0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$116,586,776
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	7.7%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, disability occurrences, and workmen's compensation payments. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the

actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	10/1/2007
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal Cost Method
Amortization method	Level method, closed
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	na
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	5%
Projected salary increases	4 to 10.5%
Cost of living adjustments	None

GASB 45 allows for implementation during the transition year to set the net OPEB obligation to zero as of the beginning of the year and apply the measurement and recognition requirements on a prospective basis. At the beginning of this fiscal year, the accrued actuarial liability of the Fire Rescue Long Term Disability Plan in the amount of \$8,157,329 had been reported as a long term liability in governmental activities. GASB 45 replaces the reporting of this liability with the reporting of net OPEB obligation resulting in a decrease in direct program expenses of \$8,157,329 for public safety in the transition year.

11. LEASES

Leases Receivable: Enterprise Funds

The County's Department of Airports leases a major portion of its property to other entities. Certain leases provide for minimum rentals plus a specified percentage of the tenants' gross revenues. Contingent rental income under such arrangements amounted to approximately \$5,231,800 in fiscal year 2008. All leases have been classified as operating leases.

Minimum future rentals under these operating leases are as follows:

Year Ended	Department of
September 30	Airports
2009	\$ 34,342,419
2010	24,757,583
2011	24,686,468
2012	8,634,638
2013	8,281,555
Thereafter	65,178,551_
Total	\$ 165,881,214

A schedule of property held for lease by major classification is as follows:

	Sept	tember 30, 2008
Buildings	\$	195,283,279
Less: accumulated depreciation		(104,756,544)
Net Buildings		90,526,735
Land		5,547,813
Total property held for lease	\$	96,074,548

Lease Obligations

The County has entered into various leases which are classified as operating or capital leases for accounting purposes. Total rent expense for operating leases for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008 amounted to approximately \$4,610,669 comprised of \$4,225,248 for Governmental funds, \$185,335 for Enterprise Funds, and \$200,086 for Internal Service Funds.

Operating Leases

Future minimum rental payments under non-cancellable operating leases as of September 30, 2008 are as follows:

						Internal
	Governmental		Enterprise			Service
Fiscal Year		Funds		Funds		Funds
2009	\$	3,915,586	\$	138,155	\$	166,981
2010		2,306,522		88,363		76,443
2011		1,486,152		24,948		38,211
2012		310,776		9,208		-
2013		275,835		5,371		-
Thereafter		1,048,242		-		-
Total	\$	9,343,113	\$	266,045	\$	281,635

Capital Leases

Capital leases are those which are determined to have passed substantially all of the risks and benefits of ownership to the lessee. There were no Capital leases in the proprietary fund types. Future minimum lease payments under capital leases as of September 30, 2008 are as follows:

	Gove	ernmental	
Fiscal Year	I	Funds	
2009	\$	4,584	
2010		3,438	
Total minimum lease payments		8,022	
Less: imputed interest		(570)	
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	7,452	

The following schedule shows the leased assets capitalized as of September 30, 2008, by major asset class:

	Governmental	
	Funds	
	Capital Assets	
Equipment	\$	18,958
Less: accumulated depreciation for entity wide		(13,528)
Carrying value	\$	5,430

12. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

The SWA operated one active landfill site for the year ended September 30, 2008. In addition, the SWA is responsible for two landfill sites closed after 1991 and three landfill sites closed prior to 1991.

State and Federal laws and regulations require the SWA to place a final cover on its operating landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at that and other landfill sites closed after 1991, for thirty years after closure. Although the majority of closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the operating landfill stops accepting waste, the SWA reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each statement of net assets date.

Landfill closure and postclosure care liabilities at September 30, 2008 are as follows:

Accrued closure and postclosure care costs	\$ 32,922,413
Accrued postclosure care for closed landfills	6,046,097
Closure costs incurred	(13,721,825)
Total Accrued Landfill Closure Costs	\$ 25,246,685

The \$32,922,413 of accrued closure and postclosure care liabilities at September 30, 2008 represents the cumulative cost based on the use of 33.9 percent of the estimated

capacity of the operating landfill. The SWA will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of approximately \$64.1 million for the operating landfill as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2008. Based on current demographic information and engineering estimates of landfill consumption, the SWA expects to close the landfill in approximately 2024. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The SWA is required by state laws and regulations to make annual contributions to an escrow account to finance all closure costs and one year of postclosure care for landfills closed after 1991. The SWA is in compliance with these requirements, and, at September 30, 2008 assets of \$28,861,040 were held for these purposes. These amounts are reported as noncurrent restricted assets on the statement of net assets. The SWA expects that future inflation costs will be paid from interest earnings on these invested amounts and subsequent annual contributions. However, if interest earnings are inadequate or additional closure or postclosure care requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations) these costs may need to be covered by charges to future users of the solid waste system or from future non-ad valorem assessments.

At September 30, 2008, the statutorily required escrow account balances were as follows:

	September 30,
Site	2008
Site 7 closure costs	\$ 25,342,527
Dyer landfill long-term care	332,543
Belle Glade landfill long-term care	20,111
	\$ 25,695,181

State laws and regulations specify that required landfill escrow account balances must be calculated using either the "Pay-in" or the "Balance" method, as they are statutorily defined. During 2006 the SWA changed from the Pay-in method to the Balance method. The SWA will be required to continue using the Balance method through the remaining design life of the Site 7 landfill. Although the SWA is not legally required by state or federal laws and regulations to provide funding for the landfill sites closed prior to 1991, the SWA has accepted financial responsibility for these sites. The annual long-term care funding requirements for these sites were not estimated or accrued at September 30, 2008, however, management does not believe that the annual costs are material to the SWA and these costs will be adequately funded through future, annual operating budgets.

13. REFUNDING OF DEBT

Advance Refunding:

Certain bond issues have been refunded through in-substance defeasance by placing into irrevocable trust funds sufficient monies to meet future principal and interest payments. These funds have been invested in U.S. Government securities and securities backed by the U.S. Government.

There were no new advance refundings during the current fiscal year. The amount of insubstance defeased bonds outstanding, as of September 30, 2008, consists of the following:

Bond Issues	Amount
Governmental Funds:	
General Obligation Bonds (Recreational & Cultural Fac), 1999A	\$ 15,520,000
General Obligation Bonds (Land Acquisition), 1999B	49,030,000
General Obligation Bonds (Land Acquisition), 2001A	54,630,000
Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Convention Center Project), 2001	71,765,000
	190,945,000
Proprietary Funds:	
Pollution Control Loan Agreement, 1976	2,275,000
Water & Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds, 1986	10,685,000
Solid Waste Authority Refunding Revenue Bonds, 1997A	10,695,000
Water & Wastewater Revenue Bonds, 1998	12,115,000
Airport Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2001	9,340,000
Airport Refunding Revenue Bonds, 2002	14,740,000
	59,850,000
Total Defeased Bonds Outstanding	\$ 250,795,000

Current year refunding Governmental Funds:

On November 14, 2007, Palm Beach County issued \$2,582,648 Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds (Biomedical Research Park Project), Series 2007A with an effective variable interest rate, at the time of the refunding, of 4.10% and \$5,180,949 Taxable Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds (Biomedical Research Park Project), Series 2007B with an effective variable interest rate, at the time of the refunding, of 5.69% to refund the County's \$6,976,660 Public Improvement Revenue Note (Biomedical Research Park Infrastructure Project), Series 2006A and \$479,766 Taxable Public Improvement Revenue Note (Biomedical Research Park Infrastructure Project), Series 2006B. The net proceeds of \$7,731,743 (after allowing for \$31,854 in issuance costs) were used to pay the principal and interest on the notes.

The reacquisition price was equal to the net carrying amount of the old debt resulting in neither an accounting gain nor loss. The County increased its aggregate debt service payments by approximately \$4,740,020 over a period of twenty years. The present value of the new debt service exceeds the present value of the refunded debt resulting in an economic loss of \$6,198. The interest rate in effect at the time of the refunding was used to compute the aggregate debt service payments and related economic gain for the refunded variable rate debt. The refunding replaced notes payable at maturity which had been issued for interim financing

On December 19, 2007 Palm Beach County issued \$98,080,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Biomedical Research Park Project), Series 2007C with an effective interest rate of 4.50% and received an issue premium of \$4,734,897 for a construction project and to refund the County's \$16,322,600 Public Improvement Revenue Bond Anticipation Note (Biomedical Research Park Project), Series 2006. The net proceeds of \$17,069,579 (after

allowing for \$1,420,680 in issuance costs and \$84,324,638 to the construction project) were used to pay the principal and interest on the note.

The reacquisition price was equal to the net carrying amount of the old debt resulting in neither an accounting gain nor loss. The County increased its aggregate debt service payments by approximately \$8,976,414 over a period of twenty years. The present value of the new debt service is equal to the present value of the refunded debt resulting in neither an economic gain not loss which occurs when the refunded debt maturity nearly coincides with the refunding date. The interest rate in effect at the time of the refunding was used to compute the aggregate debt service payments and related economic gain for the refunded variable rate debt. The refunding replaced notes payable at maturity which had been issued for interim financing

On April 23, 2008, Palm Beach County issued \$29,476,000 Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds (Sunshine State Government Financing Commission Project), Series 2008 with an effective interest rate of 3.60% to refund the County's remaining balances of the \$50,875,000 Sunshine State Pooled Financing Loan #1, Series 1987 and \$20,280,000 Sunshine State Pooled Financing Loan #3, Series 2000 and \$12,000,000 Sunshine State Pooled Financing Loan #5, Series 2004. The net proceeds of \$29,384,195 (after allowing for \$91,805 in issuance costs) plus a County contribution of \$2,495,805 were used to pay the principal on the loans.

The reacquisition price was equal to the net carrying amount of the old debt resulting in neither an accounting gain nor loss. The County decreased its aggregate debt service payments by approximately \$2,993,774 over a period of thirteen years and incurred an economic gain of approximately \$2,288,850 (difference between the present value of the old and new debt service payments). The interest rate in effect at the time of the refunding was used to compute the aggregate debt service payments and related economic gain for the refunded variable rate debt. The purpose of the refunding was to replace the variable rate loans.

Current year refunding Proprietary Funds:

On March 31, 2008, the Water Utilities Department issued \$6,473,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2008. The proceeds derived from the sale of the Series 2008 Bonds were used to pay certain costs related to their issuance and to refund the \$6,345,000 variable rate Series 1985 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds. This transaction resulted in a \$31,643 accounting loss, which was deferred and will be amortized over the life of the new issue. Due to the variable interest rate on the refunded issue, an accurate economic gain is difficult to determine; however, the Series 2008 Bonds carry a fixed rate of 3.25%, whereas the refunded Series 1985 Bonds were fluctuating between 6% and 9% due to the turmoil in the credit markets.

COMPONENT UNIT:

Westgate/Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) – The Series 1999 Bonds were issued for the purpose of providing the monies required to pay the cost of advance refunding. CRA's Series 1992 Bonds were used to construct and install certain infrastructure improvements in the redevelopment area, make a deposit to the Reserve

Account, and pay costs relating to the issuance of Series 1992 Bonds. The proceeds of the refunding issues have been placed in irrevocable escrow accounts and invested in U.S. Treasury obligations that, together with interest earned thereon, will provide amounts sufficient for future payments of interest and principal on the bond issues being refunded. Refunded bonds are not included in CRA's outstanding debt since CRA has legally satisfied its obligations through the refunding transactions. Defeased bonds outstanding at September 30, 2008 are \$1,905,000.

14. RECLASSIFICATIONS

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Effective October 1, 2007 the County reclassified several Revenue Bonds Debt Service funds to Other Financing Debt Service funds. As a result, beginning fund balance in Revenue Bonds Debt Service funds decreased by \$18,480 and beginning fund balance of Other Financing Debt Service funds increased by \$18,480.

15. INTERFUND RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE BALANCES

Interfund balances at September 30, 2008, are expected to be repaid within one year. Interfund receivable and payable balances at September 30, 2008 were as follows:

Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund \$ 2,415,444 County Transportation Trust Special Revenue Fund 6,4090 Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund 6,080,308 Other Special Revenue Fund 6,080,308 Other Special Revenue Fund 7,724,197 Clerk & Comptroller Special Revenue Fund 36,043,403 Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund 36,043,403 Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund 1,954,206 Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund 1,954,206 Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund 1,520,817 Airports 3,855 Solid Waste Authority 13,743 Graphics 77,469,488 Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund 6,686 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund 6,686 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund 6,274 Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund 6,274 Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund 1,520,817 Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund 6,274 Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund 6,276 Solid Waste Authority 2,561,000	Interfund Receivable Fund	Interfund Payable Fund	Amount
Cameral Fund	Governmental Funds:		
County Transportation Trust Special Revenue Fund 64,999 Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund 6,080,308 Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund 7,724,197 Clerk & Comptroller Special Revenue Fund 7,724,197 Clerk & Comptroller Special Revenue Fund 36,043,403 Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund 1,954,206 Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund 1,520,817 Airports 3,855 Solid Waste Authority 13,743 Graphies Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund 5 61,864 Other Special Revenue Fund 5 61,864 Other Special Revenue Fund 5 61,864 Other Special Revenue Fund 6,274 Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund 2,561,000 Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund 2,561,000 Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund 2,561,000 Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund 152,964 Solid Waste Authority 2,500 Foreity Appraiser Special Revenue Fund 3,401,270 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund 5 62,101	v		
Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund Color Special Revenue Fund Color Special Revenue Fund Color Special Revenue Fund Color & Comptroller Special Revenue Fund Color & Colo	General Fund	*	\$
Other Special Revenue Funds 20,876,246 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund 7,724,197 7,24,197		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	64,999
Sheriff Special Revenue Fund		* *	6,080,308
Clerk & Comptroller Special Revenue Fund 525,634 Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund 36,043,403 Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund 1,954,206 Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund 1,520,817 Airports 3,855 Solid Waste Authority 13,743 Graphics 246,636 \$77,469,488 Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund 616,668 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund 6,274 Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund 6,274 Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund 2,561,000 Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund 52,501,000 Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund 5,2504 Solid Waste Authority 2,550 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund 6,274 Criminal Justice Capital Projects 562,614 General Government Capital Projects 563,235 General Government Capital Projects Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund 5,239,918		Other Special Revenue Funds	20,876,246
Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund 36,043,043 Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund 1,954,206 Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund 1,520,817 Airports 3,855 Solid Waste Authority 13,743 Graphics 246,636 \$77,469,488 \$77,469,488 \$77,469,488 \$77,469,488 \$77,469,488 \$16,668		Sheriff Special Revenue Fund	7,724,197
Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund 1,954,206 Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund 1,520,817 Airports 3,855 Solid Waste Authority 13,743 Graphics 246,636 \$ 77,469,488 Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund 61,864 Other Special Revenue Funds 616,668 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund 6,274 Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund 2,561,000 Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund 152,964 Solid Waste Authority 2,500 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund 5 621 Criminal Justice Capital Projects 562,614 General Government Capital Projects Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund \$ 239,918		Clerk & Comptroller Special Revenue Fund	525,634
Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund 1,520,817 Airports 3,855 Solid Waste Authority 13,743 Graphics 246,636 \$77,469,488 Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund 61,864 Other Special Revenue Funds 616,668 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund 6,274 Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund 2,561,000 Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund 152,964 Solid Waste Authority 2,500 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund 5 621 Criminal Justice Capital Projects 562,614 General Government Capital Projects Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund \$ 239,918		Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund	36,043,403
Airports Solid Waste Authority 13,743 13,745 13		Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund	1,954,206
Solid Waste Authority		Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund	1,520,817
Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund \$ 61,864 Other Special Revenue Funds 616,668 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund 6,274 Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund 2,561,000 Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund 152,964 Solid Waste Authority 2,500 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund \$ 621 Criminal Justice Capital Projects 562,614 General Government Capital Projects \$ 239,918		Airports	3,855
Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund Other Special Revenue Funds Sheriff Special Revenue Fund Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund Solid Waste Authority Sheriff Special Revenue Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund Folial Projects General Government Capital Projects Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund \$ 2,744 2,561,000 \$ 3,401,270 \$ 562,614 \$ 563,235		Solid Waste Authority	13,743
Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund Other Special Revenue Funds Sheriff Special Revenue Fund Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund 2,561,000 Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund Solid Waste Authority 2,500 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund General Fund Criminal Justice Capital Projects General Government Capital Projects Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund \$ 3,401,270 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund Sheriff Sheriff Special Revenue Fund Sheriff She		Graphics	246,636
Other Special Revenue Funds Sheriff Special Revenue Fund Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund Solid Waste Authority Sheriff Special Revenue Fund General Fund General Fund Criminal Justice Capital Projects General Government Capital Projects Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund \$ 239,918			\$ 77,469,488
Other Special Revenue Funds Sheriff Special Revenue Fund Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund Solid Waste Authority Sheriff Special Revenue Fund General Fund General Fund Criminal Justice Capital Projects General Government Capital Projects Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund \$ 239,918	Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund	Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund	\$ 61,864
Sheriff Special Revenue Fund Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund Solid Waste Authority 2,500 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund General Fund General Fund Criminal Justice Capital Projects General Government Capital Projects Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund \$ 239,918			616,668
Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund 2,561,000 Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund 152,964 Solid Waste Authority 2,500 \$ 3,401,270 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund General Fund \$ 621 Criminal Justice Capital Projects 562,614 General Government Capital Projects Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund \$ 239,918		1	6,274
Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund Solid Waste Authority 2,500 \$ 3,401,270 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund General Fund Criminal Justice Capital Projects General Government Capital Projects Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund \$ 239,918		•	2,561,000
Solid Waste Authority 2,500 \$ 3,401,270 Sheriff Special Revenue Fund General Fund \$ 621 Criminal Justice Capital Projects \$ 562,614 General Government Capital Projects Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund \$ 239,918		•	152,964
Sheriff Special Revenue Fund General Fund Criminal Justice Capital Projects 562,614 Criminal Justice Capital Projects 563,235 General Government Capital Projects Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund \$ 239,918			2,500
Criminal Justice Capital Projects 562,614 \$ 563,235 General Government Capital Projects Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund \$ 239,918		· ·	\$ 3,401,270
\$ 563,235 General Government Capital Projects Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund \$ 239,918	Sheriff Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	\$ 621
General Government Capital Projects Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund \$ 239,918	•	Criminal Justice Capital Projects	562,614
			\$ 563,235
Other Special Revenue Funds 350	General Government Capital Projects	Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund	\$ 239,918
Other operating revenue runus		Other Special Revenue Funds	350
Sheriff Special Revenue Fund 178,090		<u>*</u>	178,090
Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund 175,526			175,526
\$ 593,884		-	\$ 593,884

Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Fund	General Fund Other Special Revenue Funds Sheriff Special Revenue Fund	\$ 	34,428 114,373 3,871,351 4,020,152
Library Taxing District Special Revenue Fund	Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund Libraries Capital Projects	\$	648,431 39,872 88,161
		\$	776,464
Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund	General Fund Affordable Housing (SHIP) Trust Fund Special Revenue Fund	\$	9,156,878 30,602 9,187,480
Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	\$	1,168
		\$	1,168
Other Special Revenue Funds	General Fund Law Enforcement Grants Special Revenue Fund Sheriff Special Revenue Fund Clerk & Comptroller Special Revenue Fund	\$	157,584 6,867 5,160 133,236 302,847
Clerk & Comptroller Special Revenue Fund	General Fund Municipal Service Taxing District Special Revenue Fund Library Taxing District Special Revenue Fund Affordable Housing (SHIP) Trust Fund Special Revenue Fund Other Special Revenue Funds General Government Capital Projects Road Program Capital Projects Airports Water Utilities Clerk & Comptroller Insurance Fund	\$	975,528 83 2,574 707 156 14 2,085 138,475 8,603 42,730 1,170,955
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Environmental Lands Capital Projects	Tourist Development Special Revenue Fund	<u>\$</u>	275
Street & Drainage Capital Projects	Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund	\$	4,294 4,294
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		\$	15,463,635
Proprietary Funds: Enterprise Funds			
Airports	General Fund Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund	\$	247,632 8,515 256,147
Water Utilities	General Fund County Transportation Trust Special Revenue Fund Library Taxing District Special Revenue Fund Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund Other Special Revenue Funds Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund	\$	18,972 250 1,794 1,190 2,633 719 8,995

	Airports		62
	•	\$	34,615
Solid Waste Authority	General Fund	\$	57
Solid Waste Hadiotity	Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund	Ψ	16
	Other Special Revenue Funds		1,165
	Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund		1,604,850
		\$	1,606,088
Internal Service Funds			
Fleet Management	General Fund	\$	873,888
	County Transportation Trust Special Revenue Fund		690,297
	Municipal Service Taxing District Special Revenue Fund		71,721
	Library Taxing District Special Revenue Fund		13,673
	Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund		64,329
	Affordable Housing (SHIP) Trust Fund Special Revenue Fund		8,681
	Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund		142,607 2,634
	Other Special Revenue Funds		47,017
	Sheriff Special Revenue Fund		667,110
	Clerk & Comptroller Special Revenue Fund		3,859
	Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund		10,897
	Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund		1,461
	Supervisor of Elections Special Revenue Fund		8,695
	Road Program Capital Projects Airports		22,363 69,396
	Water Utilities		307,117
	Solid Waste Authority		714
	Graphics		686
	Combined Insurance Fund		445
	ISS		6,393
		\$	3,013,983
Graphics	Clerk & Comptroller Special Revenue Fund	\$	533
	Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund		64
		\$	597
Combined Insurance Fund	General Fund	\$	932,642
Combined insurance Fund	Tourist Development Special Revenue Fund	φ	2,175
	County Transportation Trust Special Revenue Fund		154,740
	Municipal Service Taxing District Special Revenue Fund		69,763
	Library Taxing District Special Revenue Fund		149,361
	Community & Social Development Special Revenue Fund		183,481
	Affordable Housing (SHIP) Trust Fund Special Revenue Fund		6,033
	Hurricane Housing Recovery Plan Fund Special Revenue Fund		863
	Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund Palm Tran Special Revenue Fund		25,792 261,866
	Other Special Revenue Funds		24,019
	General Government Capital Projects		1,297
	Road Program Capital Projects		22,746
	Airports		70,737
	Water Utilities		226,865
	Fleet Management Graphics		34,396 3,689
	ISS		93,110
		\$	2,263,575
ISS	Clerk & Comptroller Special Revenue Fund	\$	408,036
	Tax Collector Special Revenue Fund		474,061

	Property Appraiser Special Revenue Fund		93,340
		\$	975,437
Clerk & Comptroller Insurance Fund	Clerk & Comptroller Special Revenue Fund	\$	479,314
		\$	479,314
Total Internal Service Funds		\$	6,732,906
Total Interfund Receivables and Payables Primary Government		\$ 1	06,121,268
Production of Production Production Comment and Comment			
Receivables and Payables Between Primary Government and Compone Interfund Receivable Primary Government Fund	nt Units: Interfund Payable Component Unit Fund		Amount
interfund Receivable Friniary Government Fund	interfund Fayable Component Cint Fund		Amount
Combined Insurance Fund	Metropolitan Planning Organization	\$	3,706
		\$	3,706
Interfund Receivable Component Unit Fund	Interfund Payable Primary Government Fund		Amount
Metropolitan Planning Organization	General Fund	\$	266,086
1 6 - 6		\$	266,086
Total Receivables and Payables Between Primary Government and Component Units			269,792

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

16. SHORT-TERM DEBT

<u>Changes in Short-Term Liabilities</u> - The following is a summary of changes in the short-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2008 for governmental activities:

Beginning				Ending		
Governmental activities:		<u>Balance</u>	Additions	Reductions	<u>Balance</u>	
\$20M BAN Jail Facilities, Series 2007	\$	20,043,500	\$ -	\$ 20,043,500	\$	_

On August 28, 2008, the \$20,043,500 Public Improvement Revenue Bond Anticipation Note, Series 2007 (Public Facilities Development Program) was retired by the issuance of \$176,585,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2008. For more information on these bonds, see the Long-Term Debt Note.

17. LONG-TERM DEBT

<u>Changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u> - The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2008 for both governmental activities and business-type activities:

	Beginning			Ending	Due within
Governmental activities:	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Bonds payable:					_
General obligation bonds	\$ 313,515,000	\$ -	\$ 23,105,000	\$ 290,410,000	\$ 20,260,000
Non-ad valorem revenue bonds	573,909,600	346,979,597	38,885,195	882,004,002	52,187,385
Face amount of bonds payable	887,424,600	346,979,597	61,990,195	1,172,414,002	72,447,385
Unamortized bond premiums	27,971,495	6,243,423	1,934,957	32,279,961	-
Unamortized loss on bond					
refinancing	(13,129,663)	-	(827,588)	(12,302,075)	-
Net bonds payable	902,266,432	353,223,020	63,097,564	1,192,391,888	72,447,385
Notes and loans payable	129,056,513	11,697,676	65,259,984	75,494,205	2,940,709
Arbitrage liability	4,406,172	2,871,896	2,601,322	4,676,746	632,185
Compensated absences	100,221,146	49,011,356	38,910,977	110,321,525	7,237,462
OPEB	-	11,524,769	-	11,524,769	=
Capital leases	11,294	-	3,842	7,452	4,139
Insurance Claims Payable	90,613,900	82,104,926	87,350,592	85,368,234	26,570,138
Fire Rescue LT liability	8,157,329	-	8,157,329	=	-
Governmental activity				_	
long-term liabilities	\$ 1,234,732,786	\$ 510,433,643	\$ 265,381,610	\$ 1,479,784,819	\$ 109,832,018

Long-term liabilities other than debt (bonds, loans and leases) are liquidated by the governmental fund incurring the expense. Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year-end \$311,637 of internal service funds loans payable are included in the above amounts.

	Beginning			Ending]	Due within
Business-type activities:	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance		One Year
Bonds payable:						
Revenue bonds	\$ 591,244,818	\$ 6,473,000	\$ 57,185,000	\$ 540,532,818	\$	53,815,000
Unamortized bond premiums	11,695,720	437	2,176,248	9,519,909		-
Unamortized loss on bond						
refinancing	(11,734,905)	3,463,340	(383,059)	(7,888,506)		<u>-</u>
Net bonds payable	 591,205,633	9,936,777	58,978,189	542,164,221		53,815,000
Notes and loans payable	250,000	80,000,000	250,000	80,000,000		4,000,000
Accrued interest on notes and						
capital appreciation bonds	29,897,499	5,186,027	-	35,083,526		-
Accrued landfill costs	23,379,064	1,878,951	11,330	25,246,685		350,000
Compensated absences	7,607,211	1,139,104	474,538	8,271,777		747,912
OPEB	 =	123,876	54,291	69,585		
Business-type activities						
long-term liabilities	\$ 652,339,407	\$ 98,264,735	\$ 59,768,348	\$ 690,835,794	\$	58,912,912

Governmental Activities General Long-Term Debt

General long-term debt, including current maturities, at September 30, 2008 consisted of the following:

General Obligation Bonds

\$57,440,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 1994B were issued to pay the cost of refunding all or a portion of the County's General Obligation Bonds, Series 1970, Series 1978, Series 1988 and Series 1991. The annual installments range from \$3,700,000 to \$4,135,000 through July 1, 2011; with interest rates from 4.800% to 6.750% payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year. The bonds are general obligations of the County and are payable from ad valorem revenues.

\$ 11,715,000

\$45,625,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 1998 were issued to pay the cost of refunding a portion of the County's General Obligation Bonds, Series 1994 and Series 1991. The annual installments range from \$3,000,000 to \$4,030,000 through December 1, 2014; with interest rates from 4.250% to 5.500% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds are general obligations of the County and are payable from ad valorem revenues.

\$ 24,315,000

\$25,000,000 General Obligation Bonds (Recreational and Cultural Facilities Program), Series 1999A were issued to pay the cost of acquisition, construction and other capital improvements to certain recreational and cultural facilities within the County. The remaining annual installment is \$1,135,000 due August 1, 2009; with an interest rate of 6.000% payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1. The bonds are general obligations of the County and are payable from ad valorem revenues. The County advance refunded \$15,520,000 of this issue on May 11, 2005.

\$ 1,135,000

\$30,500,000 General Obligation Bonds (Library District Improvement Project), Series 2003 were issued to pay the cost of the land acquisition, design, engineering and constructing of new library facilities and the renovation and rehabilitation of existing library facilities within the County. The annual installments range from \$1,195,000 to \$2,205,000 through July 1, 2023; with interest rates from 2.875% to 5.250% payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year. The bonds are general obligations of the County and are payable from ad valorem revenues.

\$ 24,380,000

\$25,000,000 General Obligation Bonds (Recreational and Cultural Facilities), Series 2003 were issued to pay the costs of acquiring, constructing, and improving certain recreational and cultural facilities located within the County including cultural facilities owned by non-profit corporations with 501(c)(3) status under the Internal Revenue Code, 1986. The annual installments range from \$1,035,000 to \$1,780,000 through July 1, 2023; with interest rates from 2.500% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year. The bonds are general obligations of the County and are payable from ad valorem revenues.

\$ 20,205,000

\$16,025,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Recreational and Cultural Facilities Program), Series 2005A were issued for paying and defeasing the County's outstanding General Obligation Bonds (Recreational and Cultural Facilities Program), Series 1999A maturing on and after August 1, 2010. The annual installments range from \$55,000 to \$1,920,000 through August 1, 2019; with interest rates from 2.900% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year. The bonds are general obligations of the County and are payable from ad valorem revenues.

\$ 15,860,000

\$25,000,000 General Obligation Bonds (Recreational and Cultural Facilities), Series 2005 were issued for financing certain recreational and cultural facilities within the County. The annual installments range from \$945,000 to \$1,860,000 through July 1, 2025; with interest rates from 2.900% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year. The bonds are general obligations of the County and are payable from ad valorem revenues.

5 22,400,000

\$22,335,000 General Obligation Bonds (Library District Improvements), Series 2006 were issued for financing additional library facilities and renovation of existing facilities within the County. The annual installments range from \$875,000 to \$1,665,000 through August 1, 2025; with interest rates from 3.300% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year. The bonds are general obligations of the County and are payable from ad valorem revenues.

20,675,000

\$50,000,000 General Obligation Bonds (Waterfront Access Projects), Series 2006 were issued for financing the purchase of waterfront access within the County. The annual installments range from \$1,850,000 to \$3,570,000 through August 1, 2026; with interest rates from 3.400% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year. The bonds are general obligations of the County and are payable from ad valorem revenues.

\$ 46,480,000

\$115,825,000 Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2006 were issued for paying and defeasing the County's outstanding General Obligation Bonds (Land Acquisition Program), Series 1999B and paying and defeasing the County's outstanding General Obligation Bonds (Land Acquisition Program), Series 2001A. The annual installments range from \$6,470,000 to \$11,355,000 through June 1, 2020; with interest rates from 5.638% to 5.938% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds are general obligations of the County and are payable from ad valorem revenues.

\$ 103,245,000

Total General Obligation Bonds

\$ 290,410,000

Non-Ad Valorem Revenue Bonds

\$233,620,000 Criminal Justice Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1990 were issued to pay the cost of the construction of improvements, extensions and additions to the County's jails, courthouses and related justice facilities. The annual installments range from \$18,300,000 to \$19,615,000 from June 1, 2014 through June 1, 2015; with an interest rate of 7.200% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues. The County advance refunded \$120,770,000 of this issue on June 29, 1993 and \$33,550,000 on August 21, 1997. Payment of principal and interest on the bonds is guaranteed under a noncancellable insurance policy.

\$ 37,915,000

\$22,245,000 Administrative Complex Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1993 were issued to refund the Palm Beach County Public Building Corporation, Inc. Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1986. The annual installments range from \$1,630,000 to \$1,865,000 through June 1, 2011; with an interest rate of 5.250% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues. Payment of principal and interest on the bonds is guaranteed under a noncancellable insurance policy.

\$ 5,210,000

\$117,485,000 Criminal Justice Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1993 were issued to pay the cost of advance refunding a portion of the Criminal Justice Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1990. The annual installments range from \$12,035,000 to \$13,365,000 through June 1, 2011; with an interest rate of 5.375% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues. Payment of principal and interest on the bonds is guaranteed under a noncancellable insurance policy.

38,085,000

\$32,775,000 Criminal Justice Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1997 were issued to pay the cost of advance refunding a portion of the County's outstanding Criminal Justice Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1990. The annual installments range from \$15,870,000 to \$16,785,000 from June 1, 2012 through June 1, 2013; with an interest rate of 5.750% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues. Payment of principal and interest on the bonds is guaranteed under a noncancellable insurance policy.

\$ 32,655,000

\$18,560,000 Criminal Justice Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2002 were issued to pay the cost of advance refunding a portion of the County's outstanding Criminal Justice Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1994. The annual installments range from \$1,545,000 to \$2,015,000 through June 1, 2015; with interest rates from 3.625% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

\$ 12,315,000

\$6,525,000 Public Improvement Recreation Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2003 were issued to pay the cost of refunding all of the County's outstanding Public Improvement Recreation Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1994. The annual installments range from \$575,000 to \$685,000 through July 1, 2014; with interest rates from 3.250% to 4.000% payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

\$ 3,765,000

\$94,300,000 Public Improvement Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2004 were issued to pay the cost of refunding the County's Revenue Refunding Bond Anticipation Note (Light Industrial Complex Project), Series 2002, refunding the County's Airport Centre Revenue Bonds, Series 1992 and paying the costs of acquiring, constructing, and renovating certain capital facilities. The annual installments range from \$4,350,000 to \$6,690,000 through August 1, 2023; with interest rates from 2.250% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

\$ 77,745,000

\$81,340,000 Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds (Convention Center Project), Series 2004 were issued to finance the costs of advance refunding the County's Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2001 (Convention Center Bonds). The annual installments range from \$1,585,000 to \$5,240,000 through November 1, 2030; with interest rates from 2.500% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues. Payment of principal and interest on the bonds is guaranteed under a noncancellable insurance policy.

\$ 79,335,000

\$38,895,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Biomedical Research Park Project), Series 2004A were issued to pay the outstanding principal and interest on the County's Public Improvement Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes (Biomedical Research Park Project), Series 2004B. The annual installments range from \$1,540,000 to \$2,715,000 through November 1, 2024; with interest rates from 2.375% to 4.375% payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues. Payment of principal and interest on the bonds is guaranteed under a noncancellable insurance policy.

\$ 34,465,000

\$24,427,515 Taxable Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Biomedical Research Park Project), Series 2004B were issued to pay the outstanding principal and interest on the County's Taxable Public Improvement Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes (Biomedical Research Park Project), Series 2004C. The annual installments range from \$2,442,751 to \$2,442,752 through November 1, 2014; with a variable rate of interest in effect of 3.803% which is calculated on a daily basis payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

\$ 17,099,259

\$17,455,000 Parks and Recreation Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005 were issued to pay the cost of refunding the County's Parks and Recreation Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1996 maturing on and after November 1, 2007. The annual installments range from \$1,470,000 to \$2,000,000 through November 1, 2016; with interest rates from 3.000% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

15.430.000

\$13,485,000 Revenue Refunding Bonds (North County Courthouse and Sheriff's Motor Pool Facility Projects), Series 2005 were issued to pay the cost of defeasing a portion of the County's outstanding Revenue Improvement Bonds, Series 1997 (North County Courthouse and Sheriff's Motor Pool Facilities Projects). The annual installments range from \$1,120,000 to \$1,605,000 through December 1, 2017; with interest rates from 3.000% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

\$ 13,360,000

\$9,520,000 Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Judicial Center Parking Facilities, Series 2005 were issued to pay the cost of refunding the County's Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Judicial Parking Facilities, Series 1995 maturing on and after November 1, 2006. The annual installments range from \$870,000 to \$1,120,000 through November 1, 2015; with interest rates from 3.000% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

\$ 7,855,000

\$133,935,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Biomedical Research Park Project), Series 2005A were issued to pay the cost of funding a grant to The Scripps Research Institute to enable Scripps to pay a portion of the cost of acquiring, constructing, improving and equipping the "Permanent Facilities" and paying the outstanding principal and interest due on the County's \$20,000,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes, Series 2004. The annual installments range from \$4,760,000 to \$10,190,000 through June 1, 2025; with interest rates from 3.000% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues. Payment of principal and interest on the bonds is guaranteed under a noncancellable insurance policy.

\$ 120,725,000

\$20,070,000 Stadium Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2005 were issued to pay the cost of refunding all of the County's outstanding Stadium Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 1996. The annual installments range from \$1,485,000 to \$2,090,000 through December 1, 2016; with interest rates of 3.000% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

5 15.905.000

\$13,028,760 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Florida Atlantic University Laboratory and Research Facility Project), Series 2005 were issued to pay the cost of the design, development and construction of a laboratory and research facility on the Jupiter, Florida Campus of Florida Atlantic University. The annual installments range from \$1,349,341 to \$1,641,680 through January 1, 2014; with a variable rate of interest in effect of 2.284% which is calculated on a daily basis payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

\$ 8,950,146

\$14,685,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Parking Facilities Expansion Project), Series 2006 were issued to pay the costs of construction related to the expansion of the Judicial Center Parking Garage. The annual installments range from \$500,000 to \$1,085,000 through December 1, 2026; with interest rates of 4.000% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

\$ 14,210,000

\$2,582,648 Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bond (Biomedical Research Park Project), Series 2007A was issued to pay the County's outstanding Public Improvement Revenue Note (Biomedical Research Park Infrastructure Project), Series 2006A and Taxable Public Improvement Revenue Note (Biomedical Research Park Infrastructure Project), Series 2006B. The annual installments range from \$89,989 to \$182,616 through November 1, 2027; with a variable interest rate at September 30, 2008 of 4.010% payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

\$ 2,582,648

\$5,180,949 Taxable Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bond (Biomedical Research Park Project), Series 2007B was issued to pay the County's outstanding Public Improvement Revenue Note (Biomedical Research Park Infrastructure Project), Series 2006A and Taxable Public Improvement Revenue Note (Biomedical Research Park Infrastructure Project), Series 2006B. The annual installments range from \$155,551 to \$411,965 through November 1, 2027; with a variable interest rate at September 30, 2008 of 5.560% payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

\$ 5,180,949

\$98,080,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Biomedical Research Park Project), Series 2007C were issued to redeem the County's Public Improvement Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes (Biomedical Research Park Project), Series 2006, to fund a grant to the Scripps Research Institute to enable Scripps to pay a portion of the cost of their permanent facilities, and to pay for the preparation of the Briger Site for development. The annual installments range from \$3,065,000 to \$7,490,000 through November 1, 2027; with interest rates from 4.000% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues.	\$ 98,080,000
\$35,075,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Law Enforcement Information Technology Project), Series 2008 were issued to pay the cost of law enforcement technology equipment and software. The annual installments range from \$5,410,965 to \$6,298,675 through February 1, 2014; with an interest rate of 3.038% payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues.	\$ 35,075,000
\$29,476,000 Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2008A were issued to refund three variable rate loans with the Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission. The annual installments range from \$1,093,000 to \$4,142,000 through December 1, 2020; with an interest rate of 3.497% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues.	\$ 29,476,000
\$176 585 000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2008 were	

\$176,585,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2008 were issued to pay for additional criminal justice (law enforcement) facilities. The annual installments range from \$2,055,000 to \$10,730,000 through May 1, 2038; with interest rates from 3.500% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable from non-ad valorem revenues

revenues.	\$ 176,585,000
Total Non-Ad Valorem Revenue Bonds	\$ 882,004,002
Face Amount of Bonds Payable	\$1,172,414,002
Unamortized bond premiums	\$ 32,279,961
Unamortized loss on bond refinancing	\$ (12,302,075)
Net General Obligation and Non-Ad Valorem Revenue Bonds	\$1,192,391,888

Notes and Loans Payable

The Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission (the "Commission") was created in November 1985. As a joint venture among the member governmental units, the Commission enables a limited number of qualifying governments to participate in pooled debt financing with pricing and cost structures not normally available to governmental entities acting individually. Loan obligations from the Commission are reflected as debt by the participating governmental units. Palm Beach County has no obligation and minimal event risk associated with the Commission other than the repayment of its loan from the Commission. Financial Statements may be obtained from the Commission.

\$27,000,000 - In 2006, Palm Beach County executed a loan agreement with the Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission, due in annual installments ranging from \$940,000 to \$1,986,000 through November 1, 2025; with a variable interest rate in effect of 1.640% per annum payable monthly on the 15th of each month. This rate is determined based upon the County's Pro Rata share of interest paid on the bonds issued by the Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission to fund the financing program for the immediately preceding loan payment period. The loan is not a general obligation of the County and is payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

\$ 25,240,000

\$6,125,000 - In 2006, Palm Beach County executed a loan agreement with the Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission, due in annual installments ranging from \$306,000 to \$307,000 through April 1, 2026; with a variable interest rate in effect of 1.640% per annum payable monthly on the 15th of each month. This rate is determined based upon the County's Pro Rata share of interest paid on the bonds issued by the Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission to fund the financing program for the immediately preceding loan payment period. The loan is not a general obligation of the County and is payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

5.513.000

\$7,500,000 - In 2006, Palm Beach County executed a loan agreement with the Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission, due in annual installments ranging from \$257,000 to \$594,000 through November 1, 2025; with a variable interest rate in effect of 1.640% per annum payable monthly on the 15th of each month. This rate is determined based upon the County's Pro Rata share of interest paid on the bonds issued by the Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission to fund the financing program for the immediately preceding loan payment period. The loan is not a general obligation of the County and is payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

\$ 7,256,000

\$8,160,000 - In 2006, Palm Beach County executed a loan agreement with the Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission, due in annual installments ranging from \$397,000 to \$749,000 through November 1, 2021; with a variable interest rate in effect of 1.640% per annum payable monthly on the 15th of each month. This rate is determined based upon the County's Pro Rata share of interest paid on the bonds issued by the Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission to fund the financing program for the immediately preceding loan payment period. The loan is not a general obligation of the County and is payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

\$ 7,782,000

\$4,838,000 - In 2007, Palm Beach County executed a loan agreement with the Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission, due in annual installments ranging from \$163,000 to \$373,000 through November 1, 2026; with a variable interest rate in effect of 1.640% per annum payable monthly on the 15th of each month. This rate is determined based upon the County's Pro Rata share of interest paid on the bonds issued by the Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission to fund the financing program for the immediately preceding loan payment period. The loan is not a general obligation of the County and is payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

\$ 4,838,000

\$1,660,000 - HUD Section 108 Loan #1, 2004, payable to the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development due in annual installments ranging from \$87,000 to \$94,000 through August 1, 2023; with interest rates of 4.320% to 5.970% payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year. The loan is not a general obligation of the County and is payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

\$ 1,312,000

\$11,543,892 Taxable Public Improvement Revenue Bond Anticipation Note (Convention Center Hotel Project) Series 2007 was issued to pay the cost of acquiring the convention center hotel site and initial design expenses. Interest is payable semiannually on May 1 and November 1 with the entire principal due on May 1, 2010; at a variable rate of interest in effect of 2.624% which is calculated on a daily basis. The note is not a general obligation of the County and is payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

\$ 11,543,892

\$11,697,676 Public Improvement Revenue Note (Environmentally Sensitive Land Acquisition Project) Series 2008 was issued to pay the cost of the acquisition of environmentally sensitive land in Palm Beach County. The annual installments are \$584,884 through August 1, 2028; with a variable rate of interest in effect of 2.585% payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year. The note is not a general obligation of the County and is payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

\$ 11,697,676

\$ 606,412 - IBM Mainframe IPA Systems Equipment Loan, 2007. The Information Systems Services Department agreed to an installment purchase agreement with IBM for data processing software systems equipment with maintenance and services. The terms of the installment purchase are quarterly principal and interest payments at a rate of 3.746% for the Equipment, 3.553% for the Software and 5.110% for Services through January 1, 2010. The installment purchase is not a general obligation of the County and is payable from non-ad valorem revenues.

\$ 311,637

On May 22, 2008, the County entered into a \$38,776,332 line of credit agreement with a financial institution to support the issuance of letters of credit to satisfy the debt service reserve funding requirements for seven of the County's outstanding bond issues. Principal borrowed on the line of credit is due at maturity on May 21, 2009. Interest on the principal balance accrues at a rate equivalent to the BBA LIBOR rate plus 1.500% and is paid quarterly. The County does not anticipate that any draws on the letters of credit will occur. The County will use non-ad valorem revenues to fund the letter of credit fees. The County had no outstanding balance on the loan payable as of September 30, 2008.

0

\$

On August 15, 2008, the County entered into a \$22,568,948 line of credit agreement with a financial institution to support the issuance of standby letters of credit to satisfy the debt service reserve funding requirements for four of the County's outstanding bond issues. Principal borrowed on the line of credit is due at maturity on August 15, 2009. Interest on the principal balance accrues at a rate per year equal to the sum of (i) the Prime Rate plus (ii) for the first 30 days such amount is outstanding, 0%; for the 31st through 60th day such amount is outstanding, 0.5%; for the 61st through 90th day such amount is outstanding, 1.0%; and after the 90th day, 2.0%. The County does not anticipate that any draws on the letters of credit will occur. The County will use non-ad valorem revenues to fund the letter of credit fees. The County had no outstanding balance on the loan payable as of September 30, 2008.

\$ 0

Total Notes and Other Loans Payable

\$ 75,494,205

Arbitrage Liability

Certain County debt obligations are subject to Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code which requires that interest earned on proceeds from tax-exempt debt be rebated to the federal government to the extent that those earnings exceed the interest cost of the related tax-exempt debt. The arbitrage rebate must be calculated and paid to the federal government every five years from the date of issue until the debt matures. The County employs a consultant to make computations on an annual basis. However, since the rebate is cumulative (excess earnings in one year can be offset with deficit earnings in another year), the annually computed estimate may change significantly (increase or decrease) before the actual due date.

\$ 4,676,746

Compensated absences

Compensated absences are liquidated by the governmental fund incurring the expense.

County Funds:

General Fund	\$ 15,678,621
Special Revenue Funds	22,720,680
Capital Projects Fund	772,770
Constitutional Officers:	
Sheriff	62 017 657

Sheriff 62,017,657
Clerk & Comptroller 5,732,292
Tax Collector 805,906
Property Appraiser 2,313,146
Supervisor of Elections 280,453

\$ 110,321,525 OPEB 11,524,769 Capital leases 7,452 Insurance claims payable 85,368,234

Total Governmental Activities General Long-Term Debt including current portion \$1,479,784,819

Business-type Activities Long-Term Debt

Business-type long-term debt, including current portion, at September 30, 2008 consisted of the following:

Revenue Bonds

\$30,000,000 Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series 1998 were issued to pay a portion of the costs of constructing certain additions and improvements to the County's water and wastewater facilities. The annual installments range from \$1,510,000 to \$1,715,000 through October 1, 2011; with interest rates from 4.200% to 4.500% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are secured by a first lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the County's Water and Wastewater System and a first lien on and pledge of the connection charges of the system. Payment of principal and interest on the bonds is guaranteed under a noncancellable insurance policy.

6,445,000

\$26,785,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2003 were issued to pay for refunding all of the County's outstanding Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1993A and Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1993B maturing on and after October 1, 2003. The annual installments range from \$830,000 to \$4,120,000 through October 1, 2013; with interest rates from 2.000% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are secured by a first lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the County's Water and Sewer system and a first lien on and pledge of the connection charges of the system.

\$ 12,080,000

\$28,265,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004 were issued to pay for the refunding of the County's Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1995 maturing on and after October 1, 2006. The annual installments range from \$3,985,000 to \$5,270,000 through April 1, 2011; with interest rates from 3.000% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are secured by a first lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the County's Water and Sewer system and a first lien on and pledge of the connection charges of the system.

14,280,000

\$125,850,000 Water and Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A were issued to pay a portion of the costs of constructing certain additions and improvements to the County's water and wastewater facilities and acquisition of certain water and wastewater assets from the Village of Royal Palm Beach, Florida. The annual installments range from \$2,110,000 to \$7,760,000 through October 1, 2036; with interest rates from 3.500% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1

\$ 123,815,000

of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are secured by a first lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the County's Water and Wastewater System and a first lien on and pledge of the connection charges of the system.

\$12,485,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2006B were issued to pay for the refunding of the County's Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1998 maturing on and after October 1, 2012. The annual installments range from \$45,000 to \$2,245,000 through October 1, 2017; with interest rates from 3.500% to 4.250% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are secured by a first lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the County's Water and Sewer system and a first lien on and pledge of the connection charges of the system. Payment of principal and interest on the bonds is guaranteed under a noncancellable insurance policy.

\$ 12,410,000

\$6,473,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2008 were issued to pay for refunding all of the County's outstanding Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 1985. The annual installments range from \$1,400,000 to \$1,928,000 through October 1, 2011; with an interest rate of 3.250% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are secured by a first lien on and pledge of the net revenues of the County's Water and Sewer system and a first lien on and pledge of the connection charges of the system.

\$ 6,473,000

\$83,965,000 Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2001 were issued to refund the Airport System Revenue Bonds, Series 1991 maturing October 1, 2004 and October 1, 2010. The annual installments range from \$7,225,000 to \$7,975,000 through October 1, 2010; with interest rates from 4.000% to 5.500% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable solely from and secured from the net revenues available for Debt Service and the funds and accounts pledged under the bond resolution. Payment of principal and interest on the bonds is guaranteed under a noncancellable insurance policy.

22,735,000

\$60,150,000 Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2002 were issued to refund the Airport System Revenue Bonds, Series 1992 maturing October 1, 2014. The annual installments range from \$10,270,000 to \$12,500,000 from October 1, 2011 through October 1, 2014; with an interest rate of 5.750% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable solely from and secured from the net revenues available for Debt Service and the funds and accounts pledged under the bond resolution. Payment of principal and interest on the bonds is guaranteed under a noncancellable insurance policy.

\$ 45,410,000

\$69,080,000 Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2006A were issued to pay a portion of the costs of constructing certain facilities and improvements to the Airport System. The annual installments range from \$2,920,000 to \$6,055,000 from October 1, 2021 through October 1, 2036; with interest rates from 4.700% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable solely from and secured from the net revenues available for Debt Service and the funds and accounts pledged under the bond resolution. Payment of principal and interest on the bonds is guaranteed under a noncancellable insurance policy.

69,080,000

\$16,855,000 Airport System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2006B were issued to advance refund a portion of the Airport System Revenue Bonds, Series 2001 and a portion of the Airport System Revenue Bonds, Series 2002. The annual installments range from \$2,425,000 to \$3,225,000 from October 1, 2015 through October 1, 2020; with an interest rate of 5.905% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are payable solely from and secured from the net revenues available for Debt Service and the funds and accounts pledged under the bond resolution. Payment of principal and interest on the bonds is guaranteed under a noncancellable insurance policy.

16,855,000

\$266,590,000 Solid Waste Authority Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 1997A were issued to refund the Authority's Adjustable/Fixed Rate Revenue Bonds, Series 1984 maturing on and after July 1, 1998. The annual installments range from \$31,405,000 to \$37,025,000 through October 1, 2010; with an interest rate of 6.000% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are secured by a first lien upon and pledge of the net revenues of the Authority's solid waste disposal and resource recovery system. Payment of principal and interest is guaranteed under a noncancellable insurance policy.

\$ 102,835,000

\$36,405,432 Solid Waste Authority Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 1998A were issued to refund certain of the Authority's Refunding Bonds, Series 1989. \$2,165,000 are Current Interest Series 1998A Bonds. The remaining annual installment is \$1,070,000 due October 1, 2008; with an interest rate of 4.300% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1. \$34,240,432 are Capital Appreciation series 1998A Bonds due in annual installments of \$2,550,830 to \$20,209,629 from October 1, 2011 through October 1, 2013; and shall accrue interest from their delivery date to appreciate at the approximate yields from 4.900% to 5.050%. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are secured by a first lien upon and pledge of the net revenues of the Authority's solid waste disposal and resource recovery system. Payment of principal and interest is guaranteed under a noncancellable insurance policy.

\$ 35,310,432

\$39,869,386 Solid Waste Authority Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2002B were issued to refund a portion of the Authority's Refunding and Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 1992. \$1,135,000 are Current Interest Series 2002B Bonds, which have matured. \$38,734,386 are Capital Appreciation Series 2002B Bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$12,003,800 to \$13,769,586 from October 1, 2014 through October 1, 2016; and shall accrue interest from their delivery date to appreciate at the approximate yields from 4.850% to 5.050%. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are secured by a first lien upon and pledge of the net revenues of the Authority's solid waste disposal and resource recovery system. Payment of principal and interest is guaranteed under a noncancellable insurance policy.

\$ 38,734,386

\$34,385,000 Solid Waste Authority Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 were issued to advance refund the Authority's Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 1997B due in annual installments ranging from \$45,000 to \$33,935,000 through October 1, 2011; with interest rates from 2.000% to 5.000% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The bonds are not general obligations of the County and are secured by a first lien upon and pledge of the net revenues of the Authority's solid waste disposal and resource recovery system. Payment of principal and interest is guaranteed under a noncancellable insurance policy.

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Total face value of revenue bonds payable	\$ 540,532,818
Unamortized bond premiums	\$ 9,519,909
Unamortized loss on bond refinancing	\$ (7,888,506)
Net Revenue Bonds, Business-Type Activities	\$ 542,164,221

Notes and Loans Payable

On March 15, 2006, the Department of Airports entered into an \$8,000,000 line of credit agreement with a financial institution to finance costs incurred in connection with the acquisitions, constructions, installation and equipping of certain facilities and improvements relating to the Airport System. Principal borrowed on the line of credit is due at maturity on June 30, 2011. Interest on the principal balance accrues at a rate equivalent to 77% of the one month LIBOR rate plus 46 basis points (approximately 2.370% at September 30, 2008) and is paid quarterly. Borrowings on the line of credit are payable from and secured by a pledge of the net revenues of the airport system, subordinate to the lien and pledge of net revenues for repayment of the Airport bonds. The Department had no outstanding balance on the loan payable as of September 30, 2008.

\$ 0

\$80,000,000 Solid Waste Authority Subordinated Improvement Revenue Note, Series 2008 was issued to finance costs incurred in connection with the relocation of facilities and the purchase of land for the development of a new landfill site. The annual installments are \$4,000,000 through October 1, 2027; with a variable rate of interest in effect of 3.200% payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year. The note is not a general obligation of the County and is secured by a first lien upon and pledge of the net revenues of the Authority's solid waste disposal and resource recovery system.

80,000,000

Total notes and loans payable Accrued interest payable on notes and capital appreciation bonds Accrued landfill costs \$ 80,000,000 \$ 35,083,526

\$ 25,246,685

Compensated absences

Compensated absences are liquidated by the business type fund incurring the expense.

Business-Type Fund

Water Utilities Department	\$ 2,929,961
Department of Airports	1,250,049
Solid Waste Authority	4,091,767

	\$ 8,271,777
OPEB	\$ 69,585
Total Business-Type Activities Long-Term Debt, including current	
portion	\$ 690,835,794

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for governmental activities long-term debt are as follows:

Governmental Activities General Long-Term Debt

	General (Bo	Obligat nds	ion		Valorem e Bonds	Loans Payable		ayable		
Year Ending September 30	Principal		Interest	Principal	Interest		Principal	Interest		Total
2009	\$ 20,260,000	\$	14,394,297	\$ 52,187,385	\$ 37,938,087	\$	2,940,709	\$ 1,485,793	\$	129,206,271
2010	21,185,000		13,468,819	54,946,492	38,637,187		14,466,588	1,424,566		144,128,652
2011	22,240,000		12,416,423	55,171,950	36,394,566		2,903,884	1,064,617		130,191,440
2012	18,965,000		11,269,504	57,589,589	34,029,017		2,992,883	1,007,386		125,853,379
2013	19,885,000		10,350,093	60,459,693	31,485,581		3,089,884	948,426		126,218,677
2014-2018	102,175,000		36,456,253	219,013,605	117,923,330		17,042,419	3,794,152		496,404,759
2019-2023	68,545,000		12,229,809	162,605,981	76,211,822		19,414,419	2,037,140		341,044,171
2024-2028	17,155,000		1,389,658	117,904,307	39,433,317		12,643,419	422,208		188,947,909
2029-2023	-		-	53,350,000	19,266,250		-	-		72,616,250
2034-2038	-		-	48,775,000	7,554,250		-	-		56,329,250
Total	\$ 290,410,000	\$	111,974,856	\$ 882,004,002	\$ 438,873,407	\$	75,494,205	\$ 12,184,288	\$	1,810,940,758

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for business-type activities long-term debt are as follows:

Business-type Activities Long-Term Debt

	Revenue	e Bonds	Loan and No		
Year Ending September 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	— Total
2009	\$ 53,815,000	\$ 22,688,981	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 2,496,000	\$ 82,999,981
2010	56,675,000	19,779,744	4,000,000	2,368,000	82,822,744
2011	55,455,000	16,714,512	4,000,000	2,240,000	78,409,512
2012	53,733,830	16,196,705	4,000,000	2,112,000	76,042,535
2013	36,559,629	32,623,433	4,000,000	1,984,000	75,167,062
2014-2018	107,574,359	97,216,765	20,000,000	8,000,000	232,791,124
2019-2023	32,955,000	40,108,609	20,000,000	4,800,000	97,863,609
2024-2028	40,545,000	30,892,538	20,000,000	1,600,000	93,037,538
2029-2033	51,735,000	19,412,138	-	-	71,147,138
2034-2038	51,485,000	5,197,160	-	-	56,682,160
Total	\$ 540,532,818	\$ 300,830,585	\$ 80,000,000	\$ 25,600,000	\$ 946,963,403

COMPONENT UNITS:

Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) Changes in Long-Term Liabilities:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 209,363	\$ -	\$ 2,939	\$ 206,424	\$ 1,445

Westgate/Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency (CRA) Changes in Long-Term Liabilities:

]	Beginning					Ending	Dι	ue Within
		Balance	A	dditions	R	eductions	Balance		ne Year
Bonds payable	\$	2,230,000	\$	-	\$	160,000	\$ 2,070,000	\$	170,000
Loans payable		2,549,072		-		238,595	2,310,477		248,929
Mortgage payable		199,136		-		9,837	189,299		10,548
Mortgage payable		465,000		-		209,964	255,036		255,036
Mortgage payable		260,000		-			260,000		
Total	\$	5,703,208	\$	-	\$	618,396	\$ 5,084,812	\$	684,513
					_				

<u>Bond obligation</u> - Redevelopment Revenue Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 1999 authorized issue dated March 1, 1999, was \$3,380,000. Bonds outstanding at September 30, 2008 were \$2,070,000 and interest rates range from 3.1% to 4.8%.

<u>Loan payable</u> – On November 28, 2005, the CRA was approved by a bank for a loan in the amount of \$3,038,300 with a maturity of August 1, 2016 and interest set at 4.15%. The proceeds of the loan will be used for street improvements and acquisition of property in the Westgate/Belvedere Community.

<u>Mortgage payable</u> – The mortgage is payable in monthly installment payments of \$1,955 including interest with a maturity of August 3, 2010 and interest rate of 7%. The mortgage is secured by the building.

<u>Mortgage payable</u> – The mortgage is payable in monthly installment payments of \$2,519, interest only, with a maturity of September 30, 2009 and interest rate of 6.5%. The mortgage is secured by the building.

<u>Mortgage payable</u> – The mortgage is payable in monthly installment payments of \$1,625, interest only, with a maturity of September 28, 2010 and interest rate of 7.5%. The mortgage is secured by the building.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for CRA long-term debt are as follows:

Year Ending	Bond Obligation					
September 30	P	rincipal	I	Interest		Total
2009	\$	170,000	\$	89,858	\$	259,858
2010		175,000		82,570		257,570
2011		185,000		74,917		259,917
2012		190,000		66,760		256,760
2013		200,000		58,180		258,180
2014-2018	1	,150,000		140,830		1,290,830
Total	\$ 2	,070,000	\$	513,115	\$	2,583,115

Year Ending	Loan Payable					
September 30		Principal]	Interest		Total
2009	\$	248,929	\$	97,216	\$	346,145
2010		259,403		86,742		346,145
2011		270,317		75,828		346,145
2012		281,515		64,630		346,145
2013		956,777		81,658		1,038,435
2014-2016		293,536		52,609		346,145
Total	\$	2,310,477	\$	458,683	\$	2,769,160

Year Ending		Mortgage Payable				
September 30	Principal		Interest		Total	
2009	\$	10,548	\$	10,917	\$	21,465
2010		178,751		11,172		189,923
Total	\$	189,299	\$	22,089	\$	211,388

Year Ending		Mortgage Payable					
September 30	Principal		I	nterest	Total		
2009	\$	255,036	\$	16,163	\$	271,199	
Total	\$	255,036	\$	16,163	\$	271,199	

Year Ending		Mortgage Payable					
September 30	Principal		Interest		Total		
2009	\$	-	\$	19,500	\$	19,500	
2010		260,000		19,500		279,500	
Total	\$	260,000	\$	39,000	\$	299,000	

CONDUIT DEBT

Primary Government: The County issues Industrial Development Bonds to provide financial assistance to not-for-profit and private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The County is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. During the current reporting period, three series of Industrial Development Bonds were issued with an aggregate par value of \$101,180,000. As of September 30, 2008, there were thirty-seven series of Industrial Development Bonds outstanding, with an estimated aggregate principal amount payable of \$577,105,000.

Component Unit: The Housing Finance Authority of Palm Beach County (HFA) is authorized to issue bonds to fulfill their corporate purpose. The HFA and the County are

not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of September 30, 2008, the HFA has \$264 million of bonds outstanding that were originally issued in the aggregate principal amount of \$362 million.

18. CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The County is involved in various lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of operations. Although the outcome of these matters is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of management of the County based upon consultation with legal counsel, that the outcome of these matters will not materially affect the financial position of the County.

State and Federal Grants

Grant monies received and disbursed by the County are for specific purposes and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits may result in requests for reimbursements due to disallowed expenditures. Based upon prior experience, management does not believe that such disallowances, if any, would have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the County.

Interlocal Agreement

On September 22, 1992 the Board of County Commissioners approved an interlocal agreement between the County and the Westgate/Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency (Agency), whereby the County has agreed to fund any deficiency in the reserve fund of the Agency's Redevelopment Revenue Bonds. The Agency is required to notify the County on or before May 2nd of each year of any deficiency amount that the Agency expects to exist on the next succeeding November 1st. At present, the County has not been made aware of any deficiency amount.

Bond Guaranty

On October 17, 2000 the Board of County Commissioners approved a trust agreement between the County and Suntrust Bank, (the Trustee), whereby the County has agreed to fund any deficiency in the reserve fund of the Palm Beach County, Florida, Industrial Development Revenue Bonds (South Florida Fair project), Series 2000. The Trustee is required to notify the County after June 1st and on or before June 5th of each year of the deficiency amount, if any, as of such date. At present, the County has not been made aware of any deficiency amount.

Letters of credit have been arranged in lieu of debt service reserve surety insurance policies where credit ratings of the insurers declined below the rating required by the bond covenants. Additional information on the letters of credit may be found in the note for long-term debt.

Solid Waste Authority (SWA)

Environmental Liabilities: SWA, in cooperation with other state and local regulatory agencies, maintains an extensive monitoring program for potential environmental contaminants at each of its sites and facilities. These monitoring programs have not identified any contaminants caused by landfill leachate or other operations of SWA. In the event that any environmental contaminants are identified, SWA may be financially responsible for the environmental assessment and cleanup costs, as well as potential fines imposed by governmental regulatory agencies.

19. PLEDGED REVENUES

The County has pledged a portion of future non-ad valorem revenues to repay \$956 million in revenue bonds, notes and loans issued between July 1, 1990 and August 28, 2008. A ten year history of the pledged revenues are reported in statistical table X. Proceeds from the debt provided financing for capital additions, improvements, and expansion of County facilities, equipment and infrastructure. The bonds are payable solely from available non-ad valorem revenues and are payable through May 1, 2038. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$1.4 billion with annual requirements ranging from \$11 million in fiscal year 2034 to \$110 million in fiscal year 2010. The pledged non-ad valorem revenues, from which the appropriations will be made, have averaged \$308 million per year over the last 10 years. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total pledged non-ad valorem revenues were \$81 million and \$344 million, respectively.

The County has pledged future airport revenues net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$154 million in airport revenue bonds issued between July 3, 2001 and May 17, 2006. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the addition, improvements and expansion of the airport facilities, equipment and infrastructure. The bonds are payable solely from the airport net revenues and are payable through October 1, 2036. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$254 million with annual requirements ranging from \$6 million in fiscal year 2037 to \$17 million in fiscal year 2015. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less then 34% of projected future net revenues. Principal and interest paid for the current year and net operating income before interest expense were \$15 million and \$27 million, respectively.

The County has pledged future water utility revenues net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$176 million in water & sewer revenue bonds issued between June 24, 1998 and March 31, 2008. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the addition, improvements and expansion of the water and sewer facilities, equipment and infrastructure. The bonds are payable solely from the water utility net revenues and are payable through October 1, 2036. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$291 million with annual requirements ranging from \$8 million in fiscal year 2036 to \$22 million in fiscal year 2010. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less then 28% of projected future net revenues. Principal and interest paid for the current year and net operating income before interest expense were \$22 million and \$50 million, respectively.

The Solid Waste Authority (SWA) has pledged future revenues net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$326 million in SWA revenue bonds issued between March 15, 1997 and January 9, 2008. Proceeds from the bonds and note provided financing for the addition, improvements and expansion of the SWA facilities, equipment and infrastructure. The bonds and note are payable solely from the SWA net revenues and are payable through October 1, 2027. Total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds and note is \$375 million with annual requirements ranging from \$4 million in fiscal year 2018 to \$45 million in fiscal year 2013. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less then 100% of projected future net revenues. Principal and interest paid for the current year and net operating income before interest expense were \$39 million and \$55 million, respectively.

20. DEFICIT FUND EQUITY

Internal Service Funds – The Graphics internal service fund had deficit net assets of \$261,449 as of September 30, 2008. Rates charged to other funds and external customers will be reviewed in future years to eliminate the deficit.

21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 7, 2008, the County entered into an agreement with a developer for mutual release and termination of commitments for the convention center hotel and parking garage. Under the terms of the agreement, the County and developer release all claims against one another as well as their rights to pursue legal action.

On December 2, 2008, the County approved an Interlocal Agreement with the City of Riviera Beach where the County agreed to share 20% of the cost capped at \$7,020,000 for the Singer Island Erosion Control Project with reimbursement of eligible project costs retroactive to May 3, 2005. A feasibility study conducted in 2002 identified offshore breakwaters as the best alternative for shoreline protection to mitigate critically eroded shoreline along the north end of Singer Island. Eligible costs include project management, engineering and design, permitting, construction, mitigation, and environmental and project performance monitoring.

Water Utilities Department:

On October 21, 2008, the County approved an agreement to allow the Cities of Belle Glade, Pahokee, and South Bay (Cities) to defer payment of capital cost reimbursement related to the Lake Region Water Treatment Plant for a period not to exceed twelve months beginning with the October, 2008 billing. The agreement is part of an effort to provide temporary financial assistance to the Cities until a Glades Utility Authority (Authority) can be created to combine the Cities' three utility systems. The Authority would assume the existing utility debt from the Cities, prioritize and implement repairs and upgrades to the existing infrastructure, bill utility customers, and correct regulatory deficiencies in the systems.

A maximum of \$785,000 will be deferred if the payments are deferred for the full twelvemonth period. During the deferral period, interest will continue to accrue. The capital cost

reimbursement payments will be reinstated once the Authority is established, the concept of the Authority is abandoned, or twelve months have passed, whichever occurs first.

Debt Issuance:

On November 13, 2008, the County issued \$94,235,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2008-2 for the purpose of (i) funding a portion of the County's obligation to distribute funds to Max Planck Florida Corporation (MPFC) pursuant to the terms of a written grant agreement between the County and MPFC relating to the establishment of a biomedical research facility within the County by MFPC; and (ii) providing funds, together with other legally available funds of the County, to refinance the obligations of the County to the Sunshine State Governmental Financing Commission related to its Commercial Paper Revenue Notes, Series J. Interest is paid semi-annually at rates ranging from 4.000% to 5.375% and principal is paid annually beginning November 1, 2009.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008 (Required Supplementary Information)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes (net of discount)	\$ 703,409,947	\$ 700,909,947	\$ 674,913,810	\$ (25,996,137)
Licenses and permits	4,507,200	4,507,200	3,885,447	(621,753)
Intergovernmental	32,143,130	29,084,105	31,708,356	2,624,251
Charges for services	62,755,948	63,126,456	69,059,861	5,933,405
Fines and forfeitures	1,719,750	1,719,750	1,399,126	(320,624)
Investment income	12,693,650	12,693,650	17,060,682	4,367,032
Miscellaneous	5,375,426	5,377,309	7,373,862	1,996,553
Less 5% anticipated revenues	(41,250,253)	(41,142,093)	-	41,142,093
Total revenues	781,354,798	776,276,324	805,401,144	29,124,820
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	281,232,166	294,455,701	123,616,503	170,839,198
Public safety	35,021,876	35,572,178	33,598,692	1,973,486
Physical environment	14,555,161	14,569,374	13,456,825	1,112,549
Transportation	6,998,810	7,138,929	7,065,807	73,122
Economic environment	29,308,051	29,288,051	28,671,979	616,072
Human services	56,128,202	57,104,469	54,722,884	2,381,585
Culture and recreation	63,252,383	62,734,253	60,394,430	2,339,823
Capital outlay	715,368	1,158,378	871,777	286,601
Total expenditures	487,212,017	502,021,333	322,398,897	179,622,436
Excess of revenues over expenditures	294,142,781	274,254,991	483,002,247	208,747,256
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	30,545,899	25,597,166	33,039,979	7,442,813
Transfers out	(531,066,566)	(540,616,961)	(538,231,869)	2,385,092
Total other financing sources (uses)	(500,520,667)	(515,019,795)	(505,191,890)	9,827,905
Net change in fund balances	(206,377,886)	(240,764,804)	(22,189,643)	218,575,161
Fund balances, October 1, 2007	206,377,886	240,764,804	242,836,817	2,072,013
(Decrease) in reserves, inventory	-	-	(73,374)	(73,374)
Fund balances, September 30, 2008	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 220,573,800	\$ 220,573,800

NOTE: The effective legal level of budget control is maintained at the department or fund level. A separate detailed report providing this information is available for inspection at the Office of Financial Management and Budget. Annual budgets are legally adopted for all governmental and proprietary fund types. Budgetary comparisons presented herein are on a basis consistent with GAAP.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Fire Rescue Special Revenue Fund For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008 (Required Supplementary Information)

				Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive
	Budget	Budget	Amounts	(Negative)
B				
Revenues:	ф 202 24F F40	ф 202 21F F40	ф 10F 07C 007	ф (7.000.740)
Taxes (net of discount)	\$ 203,315,549 314,245	\$ 203,315,549 314,245	\$ 195,976,807	\$ (7,338,742)
Special assessments Licenses and permits	2,000	2,000	303,720 4,077	(10,525) 2,077
Intergovernmental	223.112	233.942	381.715	2,077 147,773
Charges for services	27,958,487	233,942 27,958,487	30,897,059	2,938,572
Investment income	2,068,670	2,958,467	6,313,431	4,244,761
Miscellaneous	94,500	2,068,670		
Miscellarieous	94,500	94,500	280,430	185,930
Less 5% anticipated revenues	(11,371,386)	(11,371,386)	-	11,371,386
Total revenues	222,605,177	222,616,007	234,157,239	11,541,232
Expenditures: Current:				
Public safety	272,579,401	287,895,458	209,244,939	78,650,519
Economic environment	1,000,000	1,000,000	917,082	82,918
Capital outlay	6,776,638	6,927,395	3,737,765	3,189,630
Total expenditures	280,356,039	295,822,853	213,899,786	81,923,067
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(57,750,862)	(73,206,846)	20,257,453	93,464,299
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	8,604,998	8,930,998	7,056,212	(1,874,786)
Transfers out	(10,180,000)	(10,180,000)	(10,180,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,575,002)	(1,249,002)	(3,123,788)	(1,874,786)
Net change in fund balances	(59,325,864)	(74,455,848)	17,133,665	91,589,513
Fund balances, October 1, 2007	59,325,864	74,455,848	76,621,912	2,166,064
Increase in reserves, inventory	-		361,867	361,867
Fund balances, September 30, 2008	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 94,117,444	\$ 94,117,444

NOTE: The effective legal level of budget control is maintained at the department or fund level. A separate detailed report providing this information is available for inspection at the Office of Financial Management and Budget. Annual budgets are legally adopted for all governmental and proprietary fund types. Budgetary comparisons presented herein are on a basis consistent with GAAP.

PALM BEACH COUNTY, FLORIDA

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Sheriff Special Revenue Fund

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008 (Required Supplementary Information)

				Variance With Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive
	Budget	Budget	Amounts	(Negative)
Devenues				
Revenues: Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,858,607	\$ 1,858,607
Fines and forfeitures	Φ -	Ф -	126,728	126,728
Investment income	-	-	242,926	242,926
Miscellaneous	-	-	28,784	28,784
Miscellarieous			20,704	20,704
Total revenues	-	-	2,257,045	2,257,045
Expenditures: Current:				
General government	18,415,114	18,927,980	18,933,887	(5,907)
Public safety	387,737,384	395,900,858	380,967,983	14,932,875
Capital outlay	11,386,136	45,156,686	27,207,798	17,948,888
Debt service	5,700,000	-,,	-	-
	· · · · ·			
Total expenditures	423,238,634	459,985,524	427,109,668	32,875,856
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(423,238,634)	(459,985,524)	(424,852,623)	35,132,901
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	423,238,634	460,869,439	434,591,773	(26,277,666)
Transfers out	423,230,034	(883,915)	(8,615,725)	(7,731,810)
Transiers out	<u>_</u>	(000,910)	(0,013,723)	(7,731,010)
Total other financing sources (uses)	423,238,634	459,985,524	425,976,048	(34,009,476)
Net change in fund balances	-	-	1,123,425	1,123,425
Fund balances, October 1, 2007	-		4,882,520	4,882,520
Fund balances, September 30, 2008	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,005,945	\$ 6,005,945

NOTE: The effective legal level of budget control is maintained at the department or fund level. A separate detailed report providing this information is available for inspection at the Office of Financial Management and Budget. Annual budgets are legally adopted for all governmental and proprietary fund types. Budgetary comparisons presented herein are on a basis consistent with GAAP.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Palm Tran Pension Plan Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b - a) / c)
1/1/06	\$38,539,860	\$44,962,920	\$ 6,423,060	85.7%	\$18,954,945	33.9%
1/1/07	42,001,404	50,729,230	8,727,826	82.8%	20,148,949	43.3%
1/1/08	47,083,495	56,979,616	9,896,121	82.6%	21,454,569	46.1%

Lantana Firefighter's Pension Plan Schedule of Funding Progress

			Actuarial				UAAL as a	
		Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage	
	Actuarial	Value of	Liability (AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered	
	Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll	
_	Date	(a)	(b)	(b - a)	(a / b)	(c)	((b - a) / c)	
	9/30/05	\$ 8,689,000	\$15,087,000	\$ 6,398,000	57.6%	\$ 2,559,000	250.1%	
	9/30/06	10,314,000	16,503,000	6,190,000	62.5%	2,579,000	240.0%	
	9/30/07	13,078,000	18,739,000	5,661,000	69.8%	2,726,000	207.7%	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Palm Beach County Primary Government Healthcare Plans Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued (AAL) Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
County 10/1/2007	\$0	\$14,638,000	\$14,638,000	0.0%	\$294,272,546	5.0%
Tax Collector 10/1/2007	\$0	\$1,533,513	\$1,533,513	0.0%	\$9,879,680	15.5%
Property Appr 10/1/2007	raiser \$0	\$312,788	\$312,788	0.0%	\$14,237,382	2.2%
Clerk & Comp 10/1/2007	troller \$0	\$5,445,000	\$5,445,000	0.0%	\$35,775,864	15.2%
Sheriff 1/1/2008	\$0	\$169,700,000	\$169,700,000	0.0%	\$222,956,243	76.1%
Fire Rescue U 10/1/2005		\$16,319,357	\$9,210,250	43.6%	\$102,075,035	9.0%

Palm Beach County Fire Rescue Taxing District Long Term Disability Plan Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued (AAL) Entry Age	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
10/1/2007	\$0	\$8,953,897	\$8,953,897	0.0%	\$116,586,776	7.7%



Palm Beach County Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance For the year ended September 30, 2008

Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA CSFA	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	Transfers	
FEDERAL GRANTS					
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Direct Programs:	10.072	66 4200 77 7 07	Ф 406,000	r.	
Wetlands Reserve Program Lox Slough/Sandhill Restoration	10.072	66-4209-77-7-07	\$ 406,000	\$ -	
Wetlands Reserve Program Winding Waters	10.072	66-4209-77-7-06	562,113	-	
Wildlife Habitat Incentive Program - High Ridge Wildlife Habitat Incentive Program - Hypoluxe	10.914 10.914	724209070ZM 724209070ZO	6,300 5,460	-	
Wildlife Habitat Incentive Program - Junc	10.914	724209070ZP	6,760		
Wildlife Habitat Incentive Program - Seacrest	10.914	724209070L4	4,220	_	
Wildlife Habitat Incentive Program - Yamatc	10.914	724209070L3	8,813	-	
Passed Through Florida Department of Health 07-08 Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	S-735	813,236	-	
Passed Through Florida Department of Education					
Summer Food Service Program for Children - GY08	10.559	04-0781	302,731	-	
Passed Through Florida Department of Agriculture & Consumer Svc:					
Cooperative Forestry Assistance - Planting Trees on C-18 Canal	10.664	11134	87,500	-	
Total Department			2,203,133	-	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct Programs:					
Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grant:	14.218	B-00-UC-12-0004	52,000	52,000	
Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-01-UC-12-0004	70,437	70,437	
Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grant:	14.218	B-02-UC-12-0004	86,314	86,314	
Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-03-UC-12-0004	320,382	320,382	
Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-04-UC-12-0004	1,223,506	1,223,506	
Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-05-UC-12-0004	1,081,731	1,081,731	
Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-06-UC-12-0004	1,990,904	1,561,723	
Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-07-UC-12-0004	3,294,712	1,598,069	
Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-98-UC-12-0004	224,596	224,596	
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	14.231	S-06-UC-12-0016	750	750	
Emergency Shelter Grants Program	14.231	S-07-UC-12-0016	267,969	267,969	
Supportive Housing Program GY07	14.235	FL14B50-5003	135,130	-	
Supportive Housing Program GY08	14.235	FL14B60-5007	338,885	-	
Shelter Plus Care GY03	14.238	FL14C10-5001	96,850	-	
Shelter Plus Care GY05	14.238	FL14C40-5001	152,073	-	
Shelter Plus Care GY08	14.238	FL14C70-5018	33,916	-	
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-01-UC-12-0215	200,000	200,000	
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-02-UC-12-0215	99,903	99,903	
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-03-UC-12-0215	783,698	783,698	
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-04-UC-12-0215	223,897	223,897	
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-05-UC-12-0215	12,732	-	
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-06-UC-12-0215	616,781	604,641	
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239	M-07-UC-12-0215	1,733,461	1,394,362	
Fair Housing Assistance ProgramState & Local	14.401	FF204K014023	157,649	-	
Fair Housing Assistance ProgramState & Local	14.401	FF204K004023	254,514	-	
Passed Through Florida Department of Community Affair Community Development Block Grant/State's program & Non-En	14.228	06-DB-3C-10-60-01-W2	2,134,145	2,096,938	
	14.228			1,408,999	
Community Development Block Grant/State's program & Non-En Community Development Block Grant/State's program & Non-En	14.228	07DB3V106001Z07 08DBD3106001A07	1,525,860 8,600	8,600	
Total Department			17,121,395	13,308,515	
U.S. Department of Interior					
Direct Programs:	15.632	1448-40181-02-J-053	24,000		
Conservation Grants Private Stewardship for Imperiled Species	13.632	1448-40181-02- J -033			
Total Department			24,000		
U.S. Department of Justice Direct Programs:					
Enhanced Training and Service Elderly Abuse Training Projec	16.528	OV007-003	103	-	
National Institute of Justice -DNA Capacity Enhancement FY 06	16.560	2005-DA-BX-K075	11,743	-	
National Institute of Justice - Cold Cases	16.560	2005-DN-BX-K031	61,998	-	
National Institute of Justice - DNA Solving Cold Cases	16.560	2007-DN-BX-K023	6,318	-	
National Institute of Justice - DNA Backlog Reduction FY 07	16.560	2005-DN-BX-K099	24,996	-	
Crime Victim Assistance - Victims of Crime Act	16.575	V7238	35,973	-	

Palm Beach County Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance For the year ended September 30, 2008

Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA CSFA	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	Transfers
Multi-Agency Violent Crimes Strategy	16.580	2007-DD-BX-0617	\$ 834,706	\$ -
SMART FY 08 Office Support/Adam Walsh	16.580	2008-DD-BX-0060	13,132	
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant - Comm Justice Serv Cnti	16.592	2006-DJ-BX-0816	28,123	-
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant - Combat & Re-Entry	16.592	2007-DJ-BX-1153	285,693	-
Bulletproof Vests Partnership Pgm FY 07	16.607	GII-4.0	49,888	-
Public Safety Partnership & Community Policing Grant - COPS Universal Hirin Public Safety Partnership & Community Policing Grant - COPS in Schools 2004	16.710 16.710	2004-UL-WX-0001 2001SHWX0624	168,555 237	-
Forensic DNA Capacity Enhancement Program - K224	16.741	2006-DN-BX-K224	76,151	-
Forensic DNA Backlog Reduction Program	16.741	2006-DN-BX-K071	95,694	-
Forensic DNA Backlog Reduction Program	16.741	2007-DN-BX-K091	200,831	-
Paul Coverdell Forensic Sciences Improvement Grant Program - GY 07	16.742	2007-CD-BX-0002	25,273	-
Anti-Gang Imitative/Midnight Hoops Program for Fremd Village Federal Equity Sharing	16.744 16.UNKNOWN	PSN-2004-GP-BX-0047 FL0500000	31,362 269,545	-
Passed Through Florida Department of Law Enforcemen	16 502	2009 DCAT DAI M109002	26 212	
Residential Substance Abuse Treatment for State Prisoners - Drug Farm Phase I Residential Substance Abuse Treatment for State Prisoners - Drug Farm Phase I	16.593 16.593	2008-RSAT-PALM1Q8002 2009-RSAT-PALM-1-T9	36,312 9,673	-
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program - West Palm Beach (16.738	2007JAGCPALM4P3107	92,246	_
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program - West Palm Beach (16.738	2008JAGCPALM2Q9222	309,243	-
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program - Drug Court	16.738	2008JAGCPALM4Q9213	38,476	-
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program - Forensic Accounta	16.738	2008JAGCPALM6Q9066	40,565	-
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program -Domestic Violence	16.738	2008JAGCPALMSQ9065	60,000	-
Paul Coverdell Forensic Sciences Improvement Grant Program - GY 06	16.742	2006-DN-BX-0041	13,140	-
Passed Through State Attorney's Office Crime Victims Assistance - VOCA	16.575	V7193	149,275	-
Passed Through City of West Palm Beach Community Capacity Development Office-Gramercy Village Weed & Seec	16.595	2007-WS-Q7-0243	18,688	-
Total Department			2,987,939	
U.S. Department of Labor Passed Through Florida Department of Educatior 07-08 Farmwork Jobs and Education Program	17.264	760-4058A-8CFJ1	212,705	-
08-09 Farmwork Jobs and Education Program	17.264	760-4059A-9CFJ1	88,086	-
Total Department			300,791	-
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Direct Programs:	20.106	2 12 00 00 002 2000	50.560	
Airport Improvement Program - Pahokee Taxi Rehab and Apron Imp Airport Improvement Program - Construct Emergency Ops Center	20.106 20.106	3-12-0060-002-2008 3-12-0085-044-2005	59,568 571.543	-
Airport Improvement Program - Constitute Emergency Ops Center Airport Improvement Program - Repairs to Terminal PBIA	20.106	3-12-0085-045-2006	1,379,156	-
Airport Improvement Program - Conduct Env. Impact Statement (EIS)	20.106	3-12-0085-046-2006	770,279	_
Airport Improvement Program - Part 2 Conduct Env. Impact Statement (EIS	20.106	3-12-0085-047-2007	591,823	-
Airport Improvement Program - PBIA Airfield Signage Improve	20.106	3-12-0085-048-2008	10,984	-
Airport Improvement Program - Lantana Runway 33 Threshold Imp	20.106	3-12-0086-007-2007	130,044	-
Airport Improvement Program - Lantana Airfield Signage Improv	20.106	3-12-0086-008-2008	38,262	-
Airport Improvement Program - NC Taxiway, Apron, Seg Circle Highway Planning & Construction - CMAQ Tri Rail Feeder Buses	20.106 20.205	3-12-0113-013-2008 FL-90-X640	27,119 812	-
Federal Transit Formula Grants - FY2006 Section 5309	20.500	FL-04-0002	339,599	-
Fed. Transit Capital Investment - FY08 Section 5309	20.500	FL-04-0060	137,525	_
Federal Transit Formula Grants - FY2002 Section 5307	20.507	FL-90-X438	3,934	-
Federal Transit Formula Grants - FY2004 Section 5307	20.507	FL-90-X520	92,661	-
Federal Transit Formula Grants - FY2005 Section 5307	20.507	FL-90-X551	240,175	-
Federal Transit Formula Grants - FY2006 Section 5307	20.507	FL-90-X571	370,364	-
Federal Transit Formula Grants - FY2006 Section 5307	20.507	FL-90-X625	3,544,168	-
Federal Transit Formula Grants - Intermodal Site Fed. Transit Formula Grant - FY08 Section 5307	20.507 20.507	FL-90-X627 FL-90-X673	253,197 2,217,491	- -
Passed Through Florida Department of Transportation				
Highway Planning & Construction - Computerized Traffic Signal	20.205	229253-1-54-03/AI599	388,739	-
Highway Planning & Construction - Section 112	20.205	PL-0097(45)/A5359	1,262,557	-
Fed Transit Metro Plan Grants - Fed Transit Authority 5303	20.505	FL-80-X014/ANO76	235,645	-
Formula Grants Non Urbanized Areas - Rural Operating FY 2007	20.509	FL-18-X025	235,042	-
State and Comm Hwy Safety - Bicycle Safety Initiative	20.600	PS-08-08-03/A0Z33	88,745	-
State and Comm Hwy Safety - I-95 Task Force Project Development and Promo of Ports & Intermodal Trans Water Taxi	20.600 20.801	SC-08-13-06/APO27 FL-72-001-R/ANO90	35,894 29,624	-
Total Department			13,054,950	
Total Department			13,034,730	

Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA CSFA	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	Transfers
U.S. Department of Treasury				
Direct Programs:				
Equitable Sharing	21.UNKNOWN	FL0500000	\$ 59,351	\$ -
Total Department			59,351	
U.S. Elections Assistance Commission				
Passed Through Florida Department of State				
Ballot on Demand	90.401	NO GRANT #	486,260	-
Federal Elections Activity	90.401	NO GRANT #	146,541	-
Optical Scan Voting Equipment	90.401	NO GRANT #	4,416,000	-
Poll Worker Training Voter Education - HAVA	90.401 90.401	NO GRANT # NO GRANT #	70,824 141,647	-
	7001	TVO GIGINI II		
Total Department			5,261,272	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Direct Programs:				
07-08 Early Head Start	93.600	04CH3046/42	1,719,500	_
07-08 Head Start	93.600	04CH3046/42	12,477,482	5,442,875
07-08 Head Start T & TA	93.600	04CH3046/42	125,328	· -
07-08 HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants MAI	93.914	H3MHA08466-01	438,831	438,831
07-08 HIV Emergency Relief Project Grant Formula	93.914	H89HA00034-14	2,428,751	2,223,207
07-08 HIV Emergency Relief Project Grant Supplemental	93.914	H89HA00034-14	1,622,192	1,424,250
08-09 HIV Emergency Relief Project Grant Formula	93.914 93.914	H89HA00034-14	2,203,249	1,943,756
08-09 HIV Emergency Relief Project Grant Supplemental	93.914	H89HA00034-14	434,391	434,391
Passed Through Florida Department of Elder Affairs				
Special Programs for the Aging: Title III, Part B GY07	93.044	IA007-1	201,900	-
Special Programs for the Aging: Title III, Part B GY08	93.044 93.044	IA008-1	526,799 363,523	363,523
Special Programs for the Aging - Transportation FY06 Special Programs for the Aging: Title III, Part C1 GY07	93.045	IA008-21 IA007-1	189,538	303,323
Special Programs for the Aging: Title III, Part C2 GY07	93.045	IA007-1	301,188	_
Special Programs for the Aging: Title III, Part C1 GY08	93.045	IA008-1	366,938	-
Special Programs for the Aging: Title III, Part C2 GY08	93.045	IA008-1	466,704	-
National Family Caregiver Support: Title IIIE GY07	93.052	IA007-1	80,139	-
National Family Caregiver Support: Title IIIE GY08	93.052	IA008-1	106,215	-
07-08 Nutrition Services Incentive Program (NSIP) (USDA)	93.053 93.568	IU008-9500	352,120	-
07-08 Emergency Home Energy Assistance for the Elderly Progr 08-09 Emergency Home Energy Assistance for the Elderly Progr	93.568	IP007-9500 IP008-9500	4,689 10,002	-
	73.300	H 000-7500	10,002	_
Passed Through Florida Department of Revenue Child Support Enforcement	93.563	CD350	661.643	
•	93.303	CD330	001,043	-
Passed Through Florida Department of Children & Families	93,597	I9FS04	24.615	
Access and Visitation Programs - Justice Services Family Conn Access & Visitation Prgm - Children & Family Connections	93.597	FSSA006-09	8,663	-
	73.371	1 557 1000 07	0,003	
Passed Through Florida Department of Community Affair Low Income Home Energy Assistance - GY07	93,568	07EA-6J-10-60-01-023	514.579	
08-09 Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	08EA-7B-10-60-01-023	384,722	-
2007 Community Services Block Grant	93.569	08SB-6I-11-60-01-023	911,471	-
Total Department			26,925,172	12,270,833
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			<u></u>	
Direct Programs:				
Emergency Food & Shelter National Board Program	97.024	25-1686-00-019	1,536	-
Emergency Food & Shelter National Board Program	97.024	25-1686-00-019	37,584	-
Nat'l Explosives Det. Canine Tm Prgm-Transp. Sec. Admin	97.072	HSTS02-06-H-CAN078	245,572	-
Passed Through Florida Department of Community Affair				
Public Assistance Grants - Hurricane Jeanne & Frances	97.036	05-G%-10-60-02-987	868,150	-
Public Assistance Grants - Wilma	97.036	06-WL-&K-10-60-01-616	2,697,547	-
Public Assistance Grants - Fay	97.036	08-PA-B9-10-60-13-636	233,901	-
Hazard Mitigation Grant-Bridge Houses Storm Impact Windows	97.039	07HM-4@-10-60-01-015	25,368	-
Emergency Mgmt Perf EM Preparedness & Assistance Homeland Sec. Grant Prgm - Office of Domestic Preparedness	97.042 97.067	08BG-24-10-60-01-226 07DS-5N-10-60-01-300	104,518 88,368	-
Homeland Security Grant - Citizen Corp	97.067	08CC-64-10-60-01-116	11,600	-
Homeland Security Grant - Citizen Corp Homeland Security Grant-Enforcement Exchange (FLEX) Projec	97.067	07DS5N106023431	11,172	_
,			,	

Grantor/				
Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA CSFA	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	Transfers
Deced Through Floride Department of Law Enforcemen				
Passed Through Florida Department of Law Enforcemen Homeland Security Grnt-FL Domestic Security Strategic Plan	97.067	2007SHSPPALM1Q5041	\$ 54,226	\$ -
Homeland Security Grant - Bomb & SWAT Build ou	97.067	2007SHSPPALM2Q5048	32,932	φ - -
Homeland Security Grant - Forensic Response Team Buildou	97.067	2008SHSPPALM1S4017	45,422	_
Homeland Security Grant - SWAT & EOD Build Out	97.067	2008SHSPPALM2S4018	189,575	_
Homeland Security Grant - Enhance Critical Infra	97.067	2008LETPPALM1S3034	38,658	_
Homeland Security Grant - Law Enforcement Terror Preventior	97.067	2007LETPPALM1Q4053	99,731	-
Passed Through Florida Division of Emergency Managemen				
Hazard Mitigation Grant - Westgate/Belvedere CRA L-2 & L-2B	97.039	07HM-6@-10-60-01-028	109,974	-
Hazard Mitigation Grant-Grove Street Drainage	97.039	07HM-6@-10-60-01-047	48,750	-
PBCDowntown Govt Complex Wind Retrofit	97.039	08HM-6G-10-60-01-020	387,027	-
Passed Through City of Miramai	07.047	0500 50 11 15 02 250	102.170	152.205
Homeland Security Grant Prgm - UASI 2006-2007	97.067	07DS-5S-11-16-02-259	182,179	163,385
Homeland Security Grant Prgm - UASI 2007-2008 Homeland Security Grnt-UASI Initiative FY 07	97.067 97.067	08DS-62-11-16-02-296 07DS5N111602259	25,670 603,285	-
·			,	
Passed Through Florida Department of Financial Service: Homeland Security Grant - SFM FM235 USAR	97.067	FM235	10,800	-
Passed Through Florida Fish and Wildlife				
Homeland Security Grant - Waterborne Response Team Vessel	97.067	06-DS-3W-13-00-16344	25,783	-
Total Department			6,179,328	163,385
Office of National Drug Control Policy				
Direct Programs:				
Operation Two Doors Down	07.UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN	11,928	-
Operation Gangland Express	07.UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN	5,474	-
South Florida HIDTA Initiative FY 2008	07.UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN	56,102	-
Operation Second Chance	07.UNKNOWN	UNKNOWN	16,098	-
Total Department			89,602	-
United States Environmental Protection Agency				
Direct Programs: Statewide Surface Water Res. & Wastewater Project LRWTP	66.202	XP-964667-07	768,300	
Statewide Surface Water Res. & Wastewater Project LKW 17	00.202	AF-904007-07		
Total Department			768,300	
	Total Federal Grants - All De	partments	\$ 74,975,233	\$ 25,742,733
STATE GOVERNMENT GRANTS				
Florida Executive Office of the Governor				
Direct Programs:	21.002	OFFICE 050/05 00050	010.251	Φ.
OTTED-Office Depot Off-Site Roadway Improvements	31.002	OT07-058/06-00258	\$ 910,251	\$ -
Total Department			910,251	
Florida Department of Environmental Protection				
Direct Programs:	25.00	0.0000		
Beach Erosion Control - Singer Isl.	37.003	06PB2	74,225	-
Beach Erosion Control - PB Countywide Monitoring	37.003	06PB3	29,927	-
Beach Erosion Control - Storm Andrea, Noel Dune Restoration	37.003	07PB2	973,063	-
Beach Erosion Control - SLWI Mgme	37.003	99PB1	158,708	-
Beach Erosion Control - Jupiter Carlin Nourishmen	37.003	07PB4	66,442	-
Petroleum Contamination Site Cleanup	37.024	GC629	741,254	-
Statewide Surf Water Pact & Wstewtr - Limestone Creek Greenway	37.039 37.039	4600000690 L P6046	306,600 544,619	314,912
Statewide Surf. Water Rest. & Wstewtr Prjts - LW Lagoon Statewide Surf.Wtr.Rest. 7 Wstewtr Prjt - Chain of Lakes	37.039 37.039	LP6046 LP6077	544,619 656,192	314,912
Statewide Surf. Wtr.Rest. / Wstewtr Prjt - Chain of Lakes Statewide Surf.Wtr.Rest.&Wstewtr Prj - Cypress Creek Tract	37.039 37.039	460000681	65,000	-
Statewide Surf. Wtr.Rest.& Wstewif Fij - Cypiess Creek Tract Statewide Surf Wtr Rest & Wstr - Limestone Creek Ph III	37.039 37.039	4600001245	22,573	-
Statewide Greenways - Lake Okeechobee Scenic Trail	37.053	S0266	162,159	-
Passed Through Florida Recreation Development Assistance Program FL Recreation Development Assistance Program-Glades Pioneer	37.017	F8012	2,001	_
Passed Through South Florida Water Mgmt District	37.017	10012	2,001	
Statewide Surface Water Res. & Wastewater Project LRWTP	37.066	4600001139	1,500,000	-
Total Department			5,302,763	314,912

Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA CSFA	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	Transfers
Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services Passed Through Bureau/Entomology/Pest Control Mosquito Control - FY08	42.003	13062	\$ 37,000	\$ -
Total Department			37,000	
Florida Department of State and Secretary of State				
Passed Through Division of Library & Information Services				
Public Library Construction Program State Aid to Libraries	45.020 45.030	08-PLC-21 08-ST-53	500,000 1,216,617	-
	43.030	00-51-55		
Total Department			1,716,617	
Florida Department of Community Affairs Direct Programs:				
Cypress Ck.Ph III	52.002	07-010-FF7	6,595,500	-
FL Local Update of Census Addresses	52.038	08DDJ3106001021	13,020	-
Passed Through Florida Communities Trus				
FFA-FCT Dubois Park	52.002	07-CT-1E-06-F6-A1-04	1,813,972	-
Passed Through Florida Division of Emergency Managemen				
Emergency Mgmt. Prgms - EM Preparedness & Assistance (EMPA) Emergency Management Projects Sara-Hazardous Waste Grant	52.008 52.023	08BG-24-10-60-01-226 08CP-04-10-60-01-140	102,959 23,582	-
	32.023	0001-04-10-00-01-140		
Total Department			8,549,033	
Florida Housing Finance Corp				
Direct Programs: State Housing Initiatives Partnership Prgm - 05	52.901	HFC01	1,203,780	867,665
State Housing Initiatives Partnership Prgm - 06	52.901	HFC01	2,231,532	2,201,671
State Housing Initiatives Partnership Prgm - 07	52.901	HFC01	5,419,308	4,717,904
State Housing Initiatives Partnership Prgm - 08	52.901	HFC01	391,784	391,784
Hurricane Housing Recovery Program - 05	52.902	HFC01	2,240,960	1,972,655
Total Department			11,487,364	10,151,679
Florida Department of Transportation				
Direct Programs: Aviation Dev Grant - Replace Lighting and Segmented Circle	55.004	424429-1-94-01-AP445	68	68
Aviation Dev Grant - Airfield Signage Lantana	55.004	424428-1-94-01-AP446	480	480
Aviation Dev Grant - Pavement Rehab North County	55.004	422875-1-94-01-AOS68	645	645
Aviation Dev Grant - Pahokee Taxilane Rehab	55.004	422876-1-94-01-AO565	1,568	1,568
Aviation Dev Grant - Lantana Runway 33 Threshold Imp Aviation Dev Grants - Rehab Terminal Air	55.004 55.004	422877-1-94-01-AO566 412396-1-94-01-ANA50	3,422 5,407	3,422 5,407
Aviation Dev Grant - Const Taxiway Exits RW 13/31 and 9L/27R	55.004	412712-1-94-01-AOJ38	6,214	6,214
Aviation Dev Grant - Const Taxiway Exits RW 9L/27R	55.004	412716-1-94-01-AOJ39	7,421	7,421
Aviation Dev Grant - Rehab and Expand Apron	55.004	412717-1-94-01-AOJ49	12,652	12,652
Aviation Dev Grants - Expand Apron A pbia	55.004	416304-1-94-01-AOI91	21,276	21,276
Aviation Dev Grant - Lantana Construct Hangars Aviation Dev Grant - Relocate Communications Center	55.004	414565-1-94-01-AOY68	93,022	93,022
Aviation Dev Grant - Relocate Communications Center Aviation Dev Grant - Taxiway Pavement Rehab PBIA	55.004 55.004	416305-1-94-01-AO212 407689-1-94-01-AOE38	95,257 96,743	95,257 96,743
Aviation Dev Grants - Construct Apron PBIA	55.004	407711-1-94-01-ANO68	127,637	127,637
Aviation Dev Grant - Extend Taxiway F at PBIA	55.004	420347-1-94-01-AOY71	155,111	155,111
Aviation Dev Grant - North County Construct Hangars	55.004	414566-1-94-01-AOY70	177,652	177,652
Aviation Dev Grants - Pahokee Construct Hangars	55.004	236525-1-94-01-ANO67	237,612	237,612
Aviation Dev Grant - Relocate Comm Center at PBIA County Incentive Grant Pgm-Forest Hill & Congress Intersection Imp.	55.004 55.008	405835-1-94-01-AK636 421785-1-38-01	776,470 42,981	776,470
County Incentive Grant Pgm-Okeechobee-SR 7/Fl Tpke	55.008	409701-1-54-01/AL563	118,379	-
County Incentive Grant Pgm-Lyons Rd/N of Atlantic to S of Boynton	55.008	421786-1-38-01	182,522	-
Public Transit Block Grant - Operating	55.010	ANQ71	3,681,479	-
Public Transit Service Development - Maintenance Training	55.012	AOJ19	1,750	-
Public Transit Service Development - Marketing Campaigr	55.012 55.012	ANU43	1,976	-
Public Transit Service Development - Travel Training Public Transit Service Development - Marketing to new reside	55.012 55.012	ANU45 ANU46	2,450 31,964	-
Public Transit Service Development - System Assess	55.012	AO702	37,440	-
Public Transit Service Development - Nitrogen Inflation Sys	55.012	AO465	65,000	-
Public Transit Service Development - Clewiston Service	55.012	AL615	95,592	-
Public Transit Service Development - Route Deviation	55.012	AOJ20	117,766	-
Intermodal Development Program-WPB Intermodal Facility	55.014	AL744	57,348	-
State Highway Project Reimbursement-Okeechobee/W of Clear Lke	55.023	229755-1-58-01	50,000	-

Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA CSFA	Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures		Transfers
State Highway Project Reimbursement Small Projects	55.023	229765-2-54-01	\$ 55,803	\$	_
State Highway Project Reimbursement-Blue Heron & Congress		417062-2-A8-01	110,451	Ψ	_
State Highway Project Reimbursement-W. Atl./Lyons/FL Trpk	55.023	229658-3-48-01/ANH96	597,140		_
State Highway Project Reimbursement-Intelligent Transportation		231930-1-A8-01/AN554	761,410		_
Transportation Regional Incentive Pgm-Okeechobee/SR 7 to Tur		409701-1-58-01	2,226,129		-
Passed Through Florida Commission/Transportation Disadvantaged Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged-FY08	55.001	AOT87	2,047,242		2,047,242
Comm for the Transportation Disadvantaged Plan	55.002	AOR96	43,915		-
Total Department			12,147,394		3,865,899
Florida Department of Children & Families Direct Programs:					
Homeless Challenge Grant	60.014	IFZ11	100,000		_
Homeless Housing Assistance Grant	60.015	IFZ10	463,500		-
07-08 Homeless Prevention Grant	60.021	IF-185	67,068		-
08-09 Homeless Prevention Grant	60.021	IF-188	13,277		-
DCF Re-Entry Case Manager	60.053	C15 SAMH	17,074		-
Adult Comm Mental Health - Re-Entry Case Mgr Program	60.053	NO GRANT #	15,079		-
DCF - Criminal Justice Mental Health Substance Abuse Local	60.115	LHZ22	18,438		-
Total Department			694,436		-
Florida Department of Health					
Direct Programs:					
County Grant Award-EMS Grant	64.005	V6050	334,179		311,795
Passed Through the Florida Council Against Sexual Violence					
Rape Crisis Center - 07	64.061	07RCP26	38,343		-
Rape Crisis Center - 08	64.061	07RCP26	14,055		-
Rape Crisis Center - 07	64.069	07OAG26	1,827		-
Rape Crisis Center - 08	64.069	08OAG26	4,236		-
Total Department			392,640		311,795
Florida Department of Elder Affairs					
Passed Through the Area Agency on Aging					
07-08 Home Care for the Elderly	65.001	IH007-9500	5,189		-
08-09 Home Care for the Elderly	65.001	IH008-9500	2,001		-
07-08 Alzheimer's Disease Initiative	65.004	IZ007-9500	205,463		-
08-09 Alzheimer's Disease Initiative	65.004 65.006	IZ008-9500	59,509		-
07-08 Respite for Elders Living in Everyday Families 08-09 Respite for Elders Living in Everyday Families	65.006	IR007-9500 IR008-9500	83,623 18,111		-
07-08 Community Care for the Elderly	65.010	IC007-9500	896,469		-
08-09 Community Care for the Elderly	65.010	IC007-9500 IC008-9500	315,982		-
Total Donartment			1,586,347		
Total Department			1,380,347		
Florida Department of Law Enforcement Direct Programs:					
Statewide Criminal Analysis Lab System	71.002	N/A	229,328		_
Violent Crime Investigations -SUR 13 Investigation	71.004	VC-07/08-2	20,000		_
Violent Crime Investigations - Operation Gangland Express	71.004	N/A	1,308		_
Drug Control/Money Laundering Investigations	71.005	N/A	9,533		-
Total Department			260,169		
Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission					
Direct Programs:					
FBIP-FFWCC Light Harbor Marina	77.006	07080	224,010		_
Artificial Reef Grants Pgm - Reef Monitoring	77.007	6122	10,788		-
Aquatic Habitat Conservation and Restoration Projects	77.016	6186	231,814		-
Total Department			466,612	_	
	Total State Grants - All	Departments	\$ 43,550,626	\$	14,644,285
	TOTAL FEDERAL AND S	TATE GRANTS	\$ 118,525,859	\$	40,387,018
		- -			,,

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Year Ended September 30, 2008

1. General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance (the "Schedule") presents the activity of all federal award programs and state financial assistance projects of Palm Beach County, Florida (the County) for the year ended September 30, 2008. The County's structure is described in Note 1 to the basic financial statements. Federal awards and state financial assistance received directly from federal and state agencies, as well as those passed through other government agencies are included in the accompanying Schedule.

2. Basis of Presentation

The Schedule includes the activities of all federal programs and state financial assistance projects of Palm Beach County, Florida ("the County"), and is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting for expenditures accounted for in the governmental fund types and on the accrual basis of accounting for expenses of the proprietary fund types. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of State, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Therefore some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the presentation of, the basic financial statements.

McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Honorable Chair and Members of the Board of County Commissioners

Palm Beach County, Florida

Honorable Sharon R. Bock Clerk and Comptroller

Honorable Gary R. Nikolits Property Appraiser Honorable Ric L. Bradshaw

Sheriff

Honorable Susan Bucher Supervisor of Elections

Honorable Anne Gannon

Tax Collector

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Palm Beach County, Florida ("the County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated March 16, 2009. We did not audit the financial statements of the Solid Waste Authority, a major enterprise fund, which represents 31% of the total assets and 47% of total revenues of the business-type activities. We did not audit the financial statements of the Westgate Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency, a discretely presented component unit, which represents 48% of the total assets and 60% of the total revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. We also did not audit the financial statements of the Housing Finance Authority, a discretely presented component unit, which represents 50% of the total assets and 13% of the total revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Solid Waste Authority, Westgate Belvedere Homes Community Redevelopment Agency, and Housing Finance Authority, is based on the reports of the other auditors. Our report does not address their respective internal control or compliance. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential, will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2008-1 and 2008-2, to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe that none of the significant deficiencies described above are material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to management of the County in a separate letter dated March 16, 2009.

The County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the County's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of County Commissioners, federal and state awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and the Auditor General of the State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

McGladrey of Pullen, LLP

West Palm Beach, Florida March 16, 2009

McGladrey & Pullen

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance With Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and State Project and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With OMB Circular A-133 and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General

Honorable Chair and Members of the Board of County Commissioners

Palm Beach County, Florida

Honorable Ric L. Bradshaw

Sheriff

Honorable Sharon R. Bock Clerk and Comptroller

Honorable Susan Bucher Supervisor of Elections

Honorable Gary R. Nikolits

Property Appraiser

Honorable Anne Gannon

Tax Collector

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Palm Beach County, Florida ("the County") with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") Circular A-133, *Compliance Supplement*, and the requirements described in the *Executive Office of the Governor's State Projects Compliance Supplement*, that are applicable to each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2008. The County's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs and state projects is the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2008. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance with those requirements, which is required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and Chapter 10.550 and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and guestioned costs as item 2008-6.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs and state projects. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or state project in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the entity's internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses as defined below. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program or state project such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2008-3 through 2008-5 to be significant deficiencies.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We did not consider any of the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedules of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses.

The County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. We did not audit the County's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of County Commissioners, federal and state awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

McGladrey of Pullen, LCP

West Palm Beach, Florida March 16, 2009

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2008

I - Summary of Independent Auditor's Results				
Financial Statements				
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unqualified			
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes X No X Yes None Reported Yes X No			
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	YesNoXYesNone Reported			
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	Unqualified X Yes No			
The program tested as major included the following:				
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u> 14.228	Name of Federal Program or Cluster Community Development Block Grant / Disaster Recovery Initiative			
14.239 20.106 90.401 93.044/93.045/93.053 93.600 93.914	Home Investment Partnership Program Grant Airport Improvement Program Optical Scan Voting Equipment Grant Aging Cluster Head Start HIV Emergency Relief Project Grant			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$ 2,249,257			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? (Continued)	YesXNo			

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2008

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State Financial Assistance			
Internal control over major projects: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	X No X Yes None Reported		
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major projects:	Unqualified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 10.550, <i>Rules</i> of the Auditor General?	X YesNo		
The project tested as major included the following:			
	Name of State Financial		
CSFA Number(s)	Assistance Project		
37.066	Water Protection and Substanibility Program		
52.002	Florida Forever Act		
52.901	State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) Program		
52.902	Hurricane Housing Recovery Program		
55.023	State Highway Project Reimbursement		
55.026	Transportation Regional Incentive Program		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B projects:	\$ 1,306,519		

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2008

II - Financial Statements Findings

2008-1 - Reporting Budgeted Amounts as Expenditures

<u>Criteria:</u> The County's Policy and Procedures Manual (PPM# CW-F-044) over interdepartmental billings states that the service providing department will invoice the requesting department based on actual costs incurred.

<u>Condition</u>: We noted approximately \$2.5 million of interdepartmental billings related to capital outlay recorded in the general ledger which was based on estimated project costs instead of actual costs incurred.

<u>Context</u>: This condition is considered to be systemic in nature.

<u>Effect</u>: At the fund level, revenues and expenditures were overstated. At the governmental activities level, capital assets and state capital grant revenues were overstated.

<u>Cause</u>: There appears to be a lack of adherence to the policies and procedures established by the County through its policy and procedures manual. This was due to a decision to apply a process not specifically allowed in the County PPM's.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The County should take actions to ensure the various departments are aware of and understand the PPM's relating to interdepartmental billings. A policy should be established to require any department electing to depart from standard County PPM's to obtain documented approval from the County Administrator or Director of the Office of Financial Management and Budget.

<u>Views of responsible officials and planned corrective action</u>: Management concurs with the findings and recommendations and OFMB will provide training to departments to ensure understanding of the County's PPM relating to interdepartmental billings. Departments have been advised that charge-offs must reflect actual costs, not estimated or budgeted. In addition, OFMB will implement a more thorough review of department prepared reconciliations prior to submittal to the auditors.

2008-2 – Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

<u>Criteria</u>: The County's Policy and Procedure Manual (PPM# CW-F-003) directs the grant administering departments to maintain their accounting records for the grant in accordance with the grant agreements and generally accepted accounting principles. This same PPM stipulates that the departments have to submit final grant reconciliations and supporting documents within a specified time frame.

<u>Condition</u>: During our testing of federal and state awards, the schedule of expenditures was changed by the County on several occasions. We also noted several of the supporting grant reconciliations were not prepared correctly and had to be redone by the respective department.

<u>Context</u>: This condition is considered to be systemic in nature.

<u>Effect</u>: The schedule of expenditures submitted to the auditor was not prepared in accordance with the County's policies and procedures and did not appropriately reflect the grant activities of the County, which could result in noncompliance with federal and state single audit or program requirements.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2008

<u>Cause</u>: There appears to be a lack of adherence to the policies and procedures implemented by the County through its policy and procedures manual.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The County should take actions to ensure the various departments are aware of and understand the PPM's relating to the administration of grants. Training should be provided to the individuals responsible for administration of grants on an as needed basis.

<u>View of responsible officials and planned corrective actions</u>: Management concurs with the findings and recommendations and OFMB will provide training to individuals responsible for the administration of grants to ensure understanding of the County's PPM as it relates to grant administration and reporting. In addition, OFMB will implement a more thorough review of department prepared reconciliations prior to submittal to the auditors.

III -Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Findings and Questioned Costs

2008-3

Reporting

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

<u>Title</u>: <u>CFDA#</u>:

Aging Cluster 93.044 / 93.045 / 93.053

<u>Criteria</u>: OMB Circular A-133 stipulates adequate and effective internal controls must be in place over the applicable compliance requirements.

<u>Condition</u>: The County does not have control activities in place to ensure the annual Service Cost Report is reviewed and approved by someone other than the preparer prior to submittal to the granting agency.

Questioned costs: Not applicable.

Context: This condition is considered to be systemic in nature.

<u>Effect</u>: Failure to maintain effective internal controls over reporting could result in noncompliance with the reporting requirements of the program which could result in disallowed costs by the grantor agency.

<u>Cause</u>: Lack of adequate administrative oversight as required by the program control procedures.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the County implement policies and procedures to ensure that the annual report submitted to the granting agency is reviewed and approved by someone other than the report preparer prior to submittal.

<u>Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions</u>: Management concurs with the findings and recommendations and policies and procedures will be implemented to ensure that the annual Service Cost Report submitted to the Area Agency on Aging (AAA, Grantor) is reviewed and approved by someone other than the report preparer prior to submittal.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2008

2008-4

Eligibility

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

<u>Litle:</u> Aging Cluster

93.044 / 93.045 / 93.053

CFDA#:

<u>Criteria</u>: OMB Circular A-133 stipulates adequate and effective internal controls must be in place over the applicable compliance requirements. One of the County's controls over eligibility requirements is that the Department of Elder Affairs assessment instrument DOE Form 701C is completed and approved by Division of Senior Services (DOSS) personnel to assess eligibility of participants.

<u>Condition</u>: We noted that 10 out of the 23 DOE Form 701C we sampled (all ten in the congregate meals program) were not signed by a DOSS assessor and there was no indication that DOSS personnel had reviewed the forms or that the required eligibility determination was performed.

Questioned costs: Not applicable.

Context: This condition is considered to be systemic in nature.

<u>Effect</u>: Failure to maintain effective internal controls over this compliance requirement could result in participants receiving benefits that they are not eligible to receive. As a result, the costs associated with providing those benefits could be disallowed by the grantor agency.

<u>Cause</u>: Lack of adequate administrative oversight as required by the program control procedures.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the County take actions to ensure DOSS personnel are aware of and understand the County's policies and procedures in place over the eligibility determination process for this grant. Benefits should not be provided until the DOE Form 701C has been completed and approved and the individual has met the eligibility requirements

<u>View of responsible officials and planned corrective actions</u>: Management concurs with the findings and recommendations and the Community Services Department will develop a written policy whereby the Congregate Meal Site Manager will review the completed Congregate Meal registration form (DOEA 701C) for accuracy and eligibility. Once reviewed, the Site Manager will sign the completed DOEA 701C forms, attesting to their accuracy, and then forward them to the DOSS Nutrition Office. The Nutrition Office will review the 701C for completeness including the signature of the Site Manager. If the document is complete, a Nutrition Office staff member will initial and date as reviewed and then enter the 701C into the County's database (STARS) and the State database (CIRTS).

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2008

2008-5

Subrecipient Monitoring
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Title: CFDA#
HIV Emergency Relief 93.914

<u>Criteria</u>: OMB Circular A-133 stipulates adequate and effective internal controls must be in place over the applicable compliance requirements. One of the County's controls over sub recipient monitoring is that the County staff that performs the monitoring fills out a checklist for the procedures performed.

<u>Condition</u>: We noted several of the checklists sampled were not complete and / or signed by the County staff performing the monitoring. We also noted the checklists do not go through another review by the staff supervisor. There is also no specific procedure in place to ensure the appropriate program fund recipients are being monitored as required by the grant program.

Questioned costs: Not applicable

<u>Context</u>: This condition is considered to be systemic in nature.

<u>Effect</u>: The County's internal control over sub recipient monitoring is not being followed. This could result in the misuse of funds by sub recipients and eventual loss of funds from the granting agency.

<u>Cause</u>: Lack of adequate administrative oversight as required by the program control procedures.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend the County implement a policy that a supervisor reviews the monitoring checklists after monitoring procedures are performed. Procedures should also be established to ensure that all subrecipients requiring monitoring are subjected to the monitoring procedures.

<u>Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions</u>: Management concurs with the findings and recommendation and the Community Services Department will develop a written policy outlining the procedures that are to be followed for the monitoring of contracted agencies. It will stipulate that the staff performing the monitoring will complete and sign the checklist for the procedures performed. The completed checklists and reports for the monitoring of all contracted agencies will be reviewed and signed by the program and fiscal supervisory staff.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2008

2008-6

Special Tests & Provisions Florida Housing Finance Corporation

Title: CSFA#: State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program 52.901

<u>Criteria</u>: The grant agreement with the County stipulates that the County will determine eligibility for first time home buyers based on HUD income levels. The amount of funding the participant receives is based on the income level determined by the County. Based on these income levels, the program has a special test and provision which requires the County to set aside a certain minimum amount of the total grant funding for individuals who meet the low and very low income classifications.

<u>Condition</u>: We noted two participants classified in the incorrect income level for eligibility. One of these participants was rated as very low income, however based on household income and size the participant should have been rated as low income. Another participant was rated as low income, however based on their household income and size the participant should have been rated as moderate income.

Questioned costs: None

<u>Context</u>: This condition is considered to be systemic in nature.

<u>Effect</u>: We noted in both instances that the participants did not receive the maximum benefit for that income level, which would have resulted in over payment of benefits to the participants. Though the instances do not appear to indicate the participants received too much assistance, it does appear the County is not in compliance with determining participant eligibility in accordance with the HUD guidelines. As a result the County is at risk to not properly meet the minimum set aside requirements of this program which may result in disallowed costs by the grantor agency.

Cause: Lack of administrative oversight in regards to the eligibility determination process.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The County should ensure that all participants are accurately screened for eligibility, and that a thorough review is performed.

<u>Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions</u>: Management concurs with the findings and recommendations and the Housing and Community Development department has amended its policies and procedures by adding a step whereby senior SHIP staff will review and attest to eligibility determinations made by subordinate staff. In addition, the entire SHIP staff attended a mandatory SHIP income certification training conducted by The Florida Housing Coalition, which is authorized to provide technical assistance to all local SHIP jurisdictions.

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended September 30, 2008

Federal Awards Programs:

2007-01 U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Community Planning and Development: CFDA 14.239 – Home Investment Partnerships Program

<u>Finding</u>: We noted that the County did not collect program income in accordance with resale provisions established in its Action Plan submitted to HUD.

Corrective Action Taken: Planned corrective actions have been implemented.

2007-02 U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Community Planning and Development: CFDA 14.239 – Home Investment Partnerships Program

<u>Finding</u>: We noted the County did not have adequate control procedures in place to ensure that the results of the housing quality standards reviews are communicated and follow up is performed as required by the grant program.

Corrective Action Taken: Planned corrective actions have been implemented.

2007-03 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: CFDA 93.600 – Head Start

<u>Finding</u>: We noted the County did not have adequate control procedures in place to ensure expenditures obtained an adequate approval from the Head Start management.

Corrective Action Taken: Planned corrective actions have been implemented.

2007-04 U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration CFDA 20.205 – Highway Planning and Construction

<u>Finding</u>: We noted the County did not have adequate control procedures in place to ensure expenditures from prior years being reported in the current year schedule of expenditures.

<u>Corrective Action Taken</u>: Planned corrective actions have been implemented.

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings Year Ended September 30, 2008

2007-05 Florida Housing Finance Corporation: CSFA 52.901 – State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program

<u>Finding</u>: We noted the County was not in compliance with the SHIP grant agreement over preparation of an adequate annual report.

<u>Corrective Action Taken</u>: Planned corrective actions have been implemented.

2007-06 Florida Housing Finance Corporation: CSFA 52.901 – State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program

<u>Finding</u>: We noted the County does not maintain adequate documentation to provide reasonable assurance that the County collected the appropriate amount of program income.

Corrective Action Taken: Planned corrective actions have been implemented.

2007-07

CSFA 55.023 – State Highway Project Reimbursement

<u>Finding</u>: We noted the County reported \$60,000 as expenditures; however, these were not actual expenditures, only budget estimates.

<u>Corrective Action Taken</u>: In the current year, we noted the County reported approximately \$2.1 million as expenditures; however these were not actual expenditures, only budget estimates. Although corrective action did not occur in 2008, management has implemented corrective actions in fiscal year 2009. See financial statement finding 2008-1 for description of current year finding and corrective actions taken by management.